



Funeral Benefit Business Act 1982

Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2010

Current as at 1 July 2017



Queensland

Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2010

Contents

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Short title	3
2	Definitions	3
Part 3	Existing agreements with part 3 corporations	
14	Application of pt 3	3
15	Certificate of contributions paid	3
16	Defined area	4
17	Application for payment of benefit—Act, s 16(3)	5
18	Claims for funeral benefits provided outside defined area	5
19	Corporation to apply money to pay funeral director	6
20	Rules relating to certain agreements	6
Part 4	Annual returns for registered corporations	
21	Documents to accompany annual returns for part 3 corporation—Act, s 19(1)	6
22	Documents to accompany annual returns for part 4 corporation—Act, s 42(1)	7
23	Extension of period for lodging annual return	7
Part 5	Accounts and funds for registered corporations	
24	Application of pt 5	8
25	Trust account receipt book to be kept	8
26	Alternative to complying with s 25	9
27	Title and particulars for receipt	9
28	Trust account bank deposit book to be kept	10
29	Trust account cash book to be kept	10
30	Trust account ledger to be kept	11
31	Trust account records to be kept by registered corporation	11
32	Audit of benefits trust fund of part 3 corporation	13

Contents

33	Audit report	13
34	Examination on unscheduled visit	14
35	Auditor to advise registrar of particular matters	15
36	Auditor to advise registrar if request to examine other accounts is refused	15
37	Particular duties of part 4 corporation	16
38	Auditor's secrecy	16
Part 6	General provisions for registered corporations	
39	Application of pt 6	16
40	Prescribed benefit limit—Act, s 32(d)	17
41	Prescribed particulars to be entered in register of contributors—Act, s 47(1)(e)	17
42	Prescribed particulars to be entered in register of contributors—Act, s 47(3)(e)	17
43	Prescribed information to be given by registered corporation—Act, s 51(4)(c)	18
44	Amendment to rules—Act, s 61(4)	18
45	Registration of amendment to rules	18
46	Disputes	18
47	Fees	19
Part 7	Repeal and transitional provisions	
48	Repeal of Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2000	19
49	Previous certificate of contributions paid and benefits to which contributor is entitled	19
50	Existing extension of period for lodging annual return	19
Schedule 1	Fees	20
Schedule 2	Dictionary	21

Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2010

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2010*.

2 Definitions

The dictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words used in this regulation.

Part 3 Existing agreements with part 3 corporations

14 Application of pt 3

This part applies to a part 3 corporation in relation to funeral benefit agreements entered into by the corporation and in force immediately before the commencement of the *Second-hand Dealers and Pawnbrokers Act 2003*, repealed section 139.

Note—

The repealed section 139 commenced on 1 December 2003.

15 Certificate of contributions paid

- (1) This section applies to a contributor who has stopped making contributions under a funeral benefit agreement or on any benefit accruing to the contributor.
- (2) If the contributor has paid all contributions payable by the contributor, a corporation must promptly—

[s 16]

- (a) send to the contributor at the contributor's last known address a certificate—
 - (i) in the approved form; and
 - (ii) stating the amount of contributions paid by the contributor; and
 - (iii) stating the benefits to which the contributor is entitled; and
- (b) give a copy of the certificate to the registrar.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

16 Defined area

- (1) A corporation must ensure that its registered rules define an area (*defined area*) in which the corporation will provide a funeral benefit for a contributor or other person entitled to a funeral benefit under an agreement with the corporation.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (2) A corporation must ensure that its registered rules include provisions to the following effect—
 - (a) if a contributor or other person for whom or on whose behalf contributions have been made dies in the defined area, the corporation must, if asked by a person and subject to the rules and any terms agreed between the corporation and the contributor, provide a funeral benefit for the deceased person;
 - (b) the corporation may, by notice approved by and filed with the registrar and published at least twice in a newspaper circulating in the area defined in the notice, notify that the defined area is extended to include the area stated in the notice;
 - (c) if a contributor or other person for whom or on whose behalf contributions have been made dies outside the defined area, the corporation may, if asked by a person and subject to the rules and any terms agreed between

the corporation and the contributor, provide a funeral benefit for the deceased person.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

17 Application for payment of benefit—Act, s 16(3)

- (1) This section applies to an application under section 16(3) of the Act.
- (2) The application must be in the approved form and be made by a relevant applicant.
- (3) The registrar must pay out of the fund to the relevant applicant the surrender value of the benefit provided by the corporation.
- (4) In this section—
relevant applicant means—
 - (a) the person who has paid or is liable to pay the funeral costs of the deceased person; or
 - (b) the personal representative of the deceased person.

18 Claims for funeral benefits provided outside defined area

A corporation must, when making a claim on the fund for a funeral benefit provided outside the corporation's defined area, give to the registrar—

- (a) a certificate in the approved form signed by—
 - (i) the funeral director who provided the funeral; and
 - (ii) the corporation; and
- (b) if the death happened outside Queensland—a copy of the certificate of death of the person for whom service was provided.

19 Corporation to apply money to pay funeral director

- (1) This section applies to a corporation that received an amount from the fund for a funeral benefit provided outside the corporation's defined area.
- (2) The corporation must apply each amount received to pay the funeral director who provided the funeral for the whole, or the unpaid balance, of the cost of the funeral.
- (3) Any amount remaining must be paid by the corporation to the person who paid part or all of the cost of the funeral to the funeral director.

20 Rules relating to certain agreements

A corporation must state in its registered rules that for an agreement entered into with a contributor on or after the commencement of the Act—

- (a) if the agreement remains in force for at least 3 years and at least 3 years contributions have been paid under the agreement—a surrender value must be paid to the contributor if the contributor surrenders the agreement; and
- (b) the surrender value must be worked out by the State actuary.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

Part 4 Annual returns for registered corporations

21 Documents to accompany annual returns for part 3 corporation—Act, s 19(1)

The following documents are the prescribed documents that must accompany the annual return required under section 19(1) of the Act—

- (a) a copy of the corporation's benefits trust fund account showing particulars of receipts and payments received or made during the financial year;
- (b) a statement of the balance of the corporation's benefits trust fund as at the end of the financial year showing the names of all persons on whose behalf moneys are held and the amount held for each person;
- (c) a copy of the audit report under section 33.

22 Documents to accompany annual returns for part 4 corporation—Act, s 42(1)

The following documents are the prescribed documents that must accompany the annual return required under section 42(1) of the Act for a part 4 corporation—

- (a) a copy of the audit report under section 33;
- (b) for its funeral benefit business trust fund account—a copy of the funeral benefit business trust fund account showing particulars of receipts and payments received or made during the financial year;
- (c) for its funeral benefit business trust fund—
 - (i) a copy of the funeral benefit business trust fund showing particulars of transfers into or out of that fund during the financial year; and
 - (ii) a statement of the corporation's investments for the funeral benefit business at the end of the financial year.

23 Extension of period for lodging annual return

- (1) This section applies to a corporation requesting an extension under section 19 or 42 of the Act of the time within which to lodge its annual return.
- (2) The corporation must apply for the extension in writing and the application must be received by the registrar within 4 months after the end of the financial year.

[s 24]

- (3) The registrar must give the corporation written notice of the registrar's decision on the application.

Part 5

Accounts and funds for registered corporations

24 Application of pt 5

This part applies to a registered corporation in relation to funeral benefit agreements entered into by the corporation and in force immediately before the commencement of the *Second-hand Dealers and Pawnbrokers Act 2003*, repealed section 139.

Note—

The repealed section 139 commenced on 1 December 2003.

25 Trust account receipt book to be kept

- (1) A registered corporation must—
 - (a) keep a trust account receipt book at its registered office and every other place at which it conducts a funeral benefit business; and
 - (b) record in the trust account receipt book the receipt of contributions or other money payable under the Act into its trust account.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (2) The receipt forms in the trust account receipt book must be consecutively machine numbered.
- (3) A registered corporation must give a receipt from the trust account receipt book immediately on the receipt of a contribution or other money payable under the Act into its trust account.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (4) When a registered corporation gives a receipt under subsection (3), it must also make a copy of the receipt.

Maximum penalty for subsection (4)—1 penalty unit.

26 Alternative to complying with s 25

- (1) A registered corporation does not commit an offence against section 25 if the corporation—
- (a) gives a receipt for a contribution or other money payable under the Act into its trust account by an accounting device; and
 - (b) complies with subsection (2).
- (2) The corporation must—
- (a) give the receipt immediately after the contribution or money is received; and
 - (b) ensure the accounting device prints multiple copies of the receipt; and
 - (c) if the accounting device is an accounting machine or a cash register—ensure the audit strip of the receipt is pasted in a book kept by the corporation for that purpose; and
 - (d) if the accounting device is an accounting machine that prints the receipt in triplicate—ensure the triplicate of the receipt is kept in the records of the corporation.

27 Title and particulars for receipt

A receipt given under section 25 or 26 must be titled '*Funeral Benefit Business Act 1982*' and the completed receipt form must contain the following particulars—

- (a) the name of the corporation by whom or on whose behalf the receipt is given followed by the words—
 - (i) if the corporation is a part 3 corporation—'benefits trust fund'; or

[s 28]

- (ii) if the corporation is a part 4 corporation—‘funeral benefit business trust fund account’;
- (b) the date given;
- (c) the name of the person by whom or on whose behalf the contribution or payment is made;
- (d) the type of contribution or payment;
- (e) the amount of the contribution or payment received;
- (f) the signature of the person giving the receipt.

28 Trust account bank deposit book to be kept

- (1) A registered corporation must keep a trust account bank deposit book at its registered office and every other place at which it conducts a funeral benefit business.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (2) The trust account bank deposit book may include loose-leaf pages but the loose pages must be securely filed in the records of the corporation.
- (3) A registered corporation must, when entering the particulars of all moneys to be banked in the trust account bank deposit book, make a copy of the particulars.

Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—1 penalty unit.

29 Trust account cash book to be kept

- (1) A registered corporation must keep a trust account cash book at its registered office and every other place at which it conducts a funeral benefit business.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (2) A registered corporation must immediately enter in its trust account cash book particulars of all money received and all payments made because of the funeral benefit business of the corporation.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

(3) A registered corporation must ensure that its trust account cash book contains a complete record of all transactions with a financial institution, stating under the headings—

- (a) ‘Receipts’—all money lodged to the credit of the trust account; and
- (b) ‘Payments’—all cheques drawn against the trust account.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

(4) At the end of each month a registered corporation must—

- (a) reconcile its trust account cash book with the financial institution’s balance in the approved form; and
- (b) enter the reconciliation in the corporation’s trust account cash book.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

30 Trust account ledger to be kept

(1) A registered corporation must keep a trust account ledger at its registered office and every other place at which it conducts a funeral benefit business.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

(2) A registered corporation must ensure that all entries made in its trust account cash book are immediately entered in its trust account ledger.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

31 Trust account records to be kept by registered corporation

A registered corporation must—

- (a) keep full and accurate accounts of—
 - (i) all money received by the corporation for any transaction under the Act; and

[s 31]

- (ii) all payments made by the corporation; and
- (b) do all things necessary to enable the accounts to be audited, including—
 - (i) keeping any accounts and records necessary; and
 - (ii) maintaining those accounts in a way that ensures they can be conveniently and properly audited; and
- (c) keep a separate book or register, created for the purpose, detailing—
 - (i) a true and accurate record of the number of trust account receipt books obtained and held by the corporation during the period for which an audit is or is to be made; and
 - (ii) the serial numbers of the trust account receipt forms contained in the trust account receipt books; and
- (d) keep and produce for the auditor making the audit of the trust account the copy of the previous audit report given to the corporation under section 33(1) by the previous auditor; and
- (e) produce to the auditor engaged or employed by the corporation, if asked to by the auditor—
 - (i) all trust account books, accounts records and documents necessary to enable the auditing of the corporation's trust account; and
 - (ii) all contracts, agreements or other documents about the funeral benefit business conducted by the corporation necessary to enable the auditing of the corporation's trust account; and
- (f) give the auditor any additional information the auditor reasonably requires.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

32 Audit of benefits trust fund of part 3 corporation

A part 3 corporation must ensure that its benefits trust fund is audited at least once a year.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

33 Audit report

- (1) An auditor appointed to audit a trust account or a funeral benefit business trust fund by a registered corporation must give to the corporation a report, in duplicate, of the result of the audit signed by the auditor.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (2) The report must state the following information—
- (a) the name of the corporation;
 - (b) the addresses of the places of business to which the audit report relates;
 - (c) the period covered by the audit;
 - (d) the name of the trust account;
 - (e) the name of the financial institution at which the trust account was kept;
 - (f) whether the auditor also audited the general accounts of the corporation;
 - (g) whether the trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund has, in the auditor's opinion, been properly kept and is in order and correct;
 - (h) whether the trust account or an individual contributor's account has been overdrawn;
 - (i) particulars of all money and investments held in trust by the corporation and reconciled with the contributors' accounts and other accounts maintained in the trust account ledger on the last day of the audit period;
 - (j) a reconciliation of the trust account cash book with the financial institution's balance at that date;

- (k) for a part 4 corporation—
 - (i) whether or not the corporation has at all times complied with section 40 of the Act; and
 - (ii) whether or not the investments held by the corporation at the end of the relevant financial year and set out in the statement mentioned in section 22(c)(ii) have been verified and are correctly shown;
- (l) the number of trust receipt books and the serial numbers of the trust receipt forms in the books in the possession of the corporation during the period to which the audit relates;
- (m) particulars of—
 - (i) the used trust receipt forms audited; and
 - (ii) the unused trust receipt forms on hand at the end of the last day of the audit period;
- (n) whether the auditor asked the corporation for permission to examine the general accounts of the corporation and was refused;
- (o) the date the trust account was examined under section 34.

34 Examination on unscheduled visit

- (1) This section applies unless a corporation has been registered for less than 6 months.
- (2) A registered corporation must ensure that the auditor appointed to audit its trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund examines the corporation's trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund on an unscheduled visit to the corporation.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

- (3) The visit must take place at least 4 months before the end of each financial year.

35 Auditor to advise registrar of particular matters

An auditor appointed by a registered corporation to audit its trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund must promptly advise the registrar if—

- (a) the auditor is unable to certify that the trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund has been properly kept and is in order and correct; or
- (b) on an unscheduled examination of the trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund, the auditor considers that there is some irregularity in relation to the account or fund that should to be brought to the notice of the registrar; or
- (c) the auditor considers the registrar should be advised of any matter about the trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

36 Auditor to advise registrar if request to examine other accounts is refused

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) an auditor appointed by a registered corporation to audit its trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund considers that, to enable the auditor to decide whether the trust account or funeral benefit business trust fund has been properly kept and is in order and correct, it is necessary or desirable that the auditor should be permitted to examine another account of the corporation; and
 - (b) the auditor asks the corporation to produce for the auditor's examination the other account; and
 - (c) the corporation refuses the auditor's request.
- (2) The auditor must promptly advise the registrar of the refusal.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

37 Particular duties of part 4 corporation

- (1) This section applies if a part 4 corporation—
 - (a) stops being registered under the Act to conduct a funeral benefit business; or
 - (b) stops conducting a funeral benefit business.
 - (2) The corporation must within 2 months after stopping—
 - (a) ensure that its trust account is audited by an auditor—
 - (i) if an audit has been performed—for the period from the day when its trust account was last audited to the day of it stopping; or
 - (ii) if no audit has been performed—for the period from the day when it started to conduct a funeral benefit business to the day of it stopping; and
 - (b) obtain from the auditor a report of the audit; and
 - (c) send the report to the registrar.
- Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

38 Auditor's secrecy

An auditor must not divulge to a person any information obtained by the auditor in the course of conducting an examination or audit under the Act.

Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.

Part 6 General provisions for registered corporations

39 Application of pt 6

This part applies to a registered corporation in relation to funeral benefit agreements entered into by the corporation and in force immediately before the commencement of the

Second-hand Dealers and Pawnbrokers Act 2003, repealed section 139.

Note—

The repealed section 139 commenced on 1 December 2003.

40 Prescribed benefit limit—Act, s 32(d)

For section 32(d) of the Act, the prescribed amount is \$11,000.

41 Prescribed particulars to be entered in register of contributors—Act, s 47(1)(e)

(1) The following particulars are prescribed for section 47(1)(e) of the Act—

- (a) the name and address of the contributor's next of kin or other person nominated by the contributor to be contacted by the corporation in the absence of the contributor;
- (b) particulars of the amounts and dates of payment of contributions made by the contributor;
- (c) particulars of the amounts and dates of payments made to or on behalf of the contributor;
- (d) particulars of the value of service provided to or on behalf of the contributor and the date the services were provided.

(2) In this section—

next of kin includes spouse.

42 Prescribed particulars to be entered in register of contributors—Act, s 47(3)(e)

- (1) This section applies if a contributor pays all the contributor's contributions to the corporation.
- (2) The following particulars are prescribed for section 47(3)(e) of the Act—

[s 43]

- (a) the contributor's contributions are fully paid;
- (b) the date they were fully paid.

43 Prescribed information to be given by registered corporation—Act, s 51(4)(c)

For section 51(4)(c) of the Act, the prescribed information is the total amount of the contributions paid by the contributor up to the date the corporation asks for cancellation of registration.

44 Amendment to rules—Act, s 61(4)

For section 61(4) of the Act, an application to amend the registered rules of a corporation must be accompanied by a copy of the proposed amendment signed by its chairperson and secretary.

45 Registration of amendment to rules

An amendment to the rules of a corporation is registered when an acknowledgement of registration in the approved form is written on the copy mentioned in section 44.

46 Disputes

- (1) An application to refer a dispute to the registrar for settlement under section 62(1) of the Act must be in the approved form.
- (2) The registrar must forward a copy of the application to each person, other than the applicant, stated in the application as a party to the dispute.
- (3) The registrar must give notice, in the approved form, of the hearing of the dispute to each of the parties to the dispute not less than 14 days before the hearing.
- (4) An award made by the registrar must be—
 - (a) in the approved form; and

(b) given promptly to the parties to the dispute.

47 Fees

The fees payable under the Act are stated in schedule 1.

Part 7 Repeal and transitional provisions

48 Repeal of Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2000

The Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2000, SL No. 220 is repealed.

49 Previous certificate of contributions paid and benefits to which contributor is entitled

Section 15 does not apply in relation to a contributor who has stopped making contributions under a funeral benefit agreement or on any benefit accruing to the contributor after the contributor has stopped making contributions if—

- (a) the contributor stopped making contributions before the commencement of this section; and
- (b) the corporation has complied with section 15 of the repealed regulation in relation to the contributions.

50 Existing extension of period for lodging annual return

If the registrar has given an extension of the period for lodging an annual return under section 28 of the repealed regulation and on the commencement of this section the extension has not expired, the extension continues under this regulation until the end of the unexpired term of the extension.

Schedule 1 Fees

section 47

	\$
1 Application to amend registered rules (Act, s 61(4))—	
(a) for each rule to be amended	18.95
(b) maximum total fee	111.70
2 Inspection of registered rules and documents relating to registration of a corporation	13.65
3 Certified copy of certificate of registration of a corporation to conduct a funeral benefit business	13.65
4 Copy of, or extract from, a document lodged with the registrar—	
(a) for the first page	9.15
(b) for each additional page	1.55
5 Certified copy of, or certified extract from, a document lodged with the registrar—	
(a) for the first page	13.65
(b) for each additional page	1.55
6 Notification of change in situation of nominated office of a registered corporation (Act, s 59(2))	16.00
7 Notification of change in secretary of a registered corporation (Act, s 60(2))	16.00
8 Notification of change of name of a registered corporation (Act, s 63(3)(c)), in addition to a fee under item 1	16.00
9 Approval of registrar for an advertisement by a registered corporation (Act, s 70(1))	31.50

Schedule 2 Dictionary

section 2

accounting device means—

- (a) an accounting machine; or
- (b) a cash register; or
- (c) a computer.

auditor means an authorised accountant.

defined area see section 16.

trust account means the benefits trust fund or the funeral benefit business trust fund account of a registered corporation.

1 Index to endnotes

- 2 Key
- 3 Table of reprints
- 4 List of legislation
- 5 List of annotations

2 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amd	= amendment	prov	= provision
t			
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No. [X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renu	= renumbered
		m	
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro	= retrospectively
)	
notf	= notified	rv	= revised version
d			
num	= numbered	s	= section

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
o in c	= order in council	sch	= schedule
om	= omitted	sdiv	= subdivision
orig	= original	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
p	= page	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2012
para	= paragraph	SL	= subordinate legislation
prec	= preceding	sub	= substituted
pres	= present	unnum	= unnumbered
prev	= previous	m	

3 Table of reprints

A new reprint of the legislation is prepared by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel each time a change to the legislation takes effect.

The notes column for this reprint gives details of any discretionary editorial powers under the **Reprints Act 1992** used by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel in preparing it. Section 5(c) and (d) of the Act are not mentioned as they contain mandatory requirements that all amendments be included and all necessary consequential amendments be incorporated, whether of punctuation, numbering or another kind. Further details of the use of any discretionary editorial power noted in the table can be obtained by contacting the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel by telephone on 3003 9601 or email legislation.queries@oqpc.qld.gov.au.

From 29 January 2013, all Queensland reprints are dated and authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel. The previous numbering system and distinctions between printed and electronic reprints is not continued with the relevant details for historical reprints included in this table.

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
1	none	1 October 2010	
1A	2011 SL No. 115	1 July 2011	

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
1B	2012 SL No. 102	13 July 2012	

Current as at	Amendments included	Notes
1 July 2013	2013 SL No. 122	
19 July 2013	2013 SL No. 140	
1 July 2014	2014 SL No. 128	
1 July 2015	2015 SL No. 53	
1 July 2016	2016 SL No. 85	
1 July 2017	2017 SL No. 109	

4 List of legislation

Regulatory impact statements

For subordinate legislation that has a regulatory impact statement, specific reference to the statement is included in this list.

Explanatory notes

All subordinate legislation made on or after 1 January 2011 has an explanatory note. For subordinate legislation made before 1 January 2011 that has an explanatory note, specific reference to the note is included in this list.

Funeral Benefit Business Regulation 2010 SL No. 271

made by the Governor in Council on 30 September 2010

notfd gaz 1 October 2010 pp 294–7

commenced on date of notification

exp 1 September 2021 (see SIA s 54)

Note—The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.
amending legislation—

Justice (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2011 SL No. 115

notfd gaz 1 July 2011 pp 589–96

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2011 (see s 2)

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2012 SL No. 102

notfd gaz 13 July 2012 pp 820–5
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 13 July 2012 (see s 2)

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2013 SL No. 122

notfd gaz 28 June 2013 pp 739–47
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2013 immediately after the Uniform Civil Procedure and Another Rule Amendment Rule (No. 1) 2013 (see s 2)

Funeral Benefit Business Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2013 SL No. 140

notfd gaz 19 July 2013 pp 884–5
commenced on date of notification

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment and Repeal Regulation (No. 1) 2014 SL No. 128 ss 1–2(1), 3 sch

notfd <www.legislation.qld.gov.au> 27 June 2014
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2014 (see s 2(1))

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2015 SL No. 53 pts 1, 23

notfd <www.legislation.qld.gov.au> 26 June 2015
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2015 (see s 2)

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2016 SL No. 85 pts 1, 24

notfd <www.legislation.qld.gov.au> 17 June 2016
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2016 (see s 2)

Justice Legislation (Fees) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2017 SL No. 109

notfd <www.legislation.qld.gov.au> 30 June 2017
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
pt 25 commenced 1 July 2017 (see s 2)

5 List of annotations

PART 2—BOARD FOR PART 3 CORPORATIONS

pt 2 (ss 3–13) om 2013 SL No. 140 s 3

Application for payment of benefit—Act, s 16(3)

s 17 amd 2013 SL No. 140 s 4

Claims for funeral benefits provided outside defined area

s 18 amd 2013 SL No. 140 s 5

Corporation to apply money to pay funeral director

s 19 amd 2013 SL No. 140 s 6

SCHEDULE 1—FEES

Endnotes

sub 2011 SL No. 115 s 3 sch; 2012 SL No. 102 s 3 sch; 2013 SL No. 122 s 3 sch;
2014 SL No. 128 s 3 sch; 2015 SL No. 53 s 46; 2016 SL No. 85 s 48; 2017 SL
No. 109 s 54

SCHEDULE 2—DICTIONARY

def *board* om 2013 SL No. 140 s 7

© State of Queensland 2017