

Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) (Infection Control Guidelines) Notice 2024

Human Rights Certificate

Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*

In accordance with section 41 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*, I, the Honourable Shannon Fentiman, Minister for Health, Mental Health and Ambulance Services and Minister for Women provide this human rights certificate with respect to the *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) (Infection Control Guidelines) Notice 2024* (2024 Notice) made under section 28 of the *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003* (Act).

In my opinion, the 2024 Notice, as tabled in the Legislative Assembly, is compatible with the human rights protected by the *Human Rights Act 2019*. I base my opinion on the reasons outlined in this statement.

Overview of the Subordinate Legislation

The purpose of the *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003* (Act) is to minimise the risk of infection that may result from the provision of personal appearance services.

The objective of the 2024 Notice is to enhance contemporary infection control practice and standards of operation by notifying the making of the *Infection Control Guidelines for Personal Appearance Services 2024* (2024 Guidelines).

The 2024 Guidelines provide evidence-based best practice recommendations to prevent and/or minimise the risk of infection during the provision of personal appearance services in Queensland. They do not have effect unless notified.

The 2024 Guidelines have been developed to:

- update content to align with the latest clinical evidence and advice;
- contain new information about new treatments and services, including microblading, eyebrow tattooing, feather touch brows and foot spas;
- update content to align with the requirements of the new Australian Standard 5369:2023 *Reprocessing of reusable medical devices and other devices in health and non-health related facilities*; and
- update definitions and terminology to ensure consistency with the Act and *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Regulation 2016*.

The 2024 Guidelines do not introduce new obligations on business proprietors or operators of personal appearance services.

Human Rights Issues

Human rights relevant to the subordinate legislation (Part 2, Division 2 and 3 *Human Rights Act 2019*)

The 2024 Notice does not engage or limit any human rights.

Conclusion

I consider that the *Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) (Infection Control Guidelines) Notice 2024* is compatible with the *Human Rights Act 2019* because it does not engage or limit human rights.

SHANNON FENTIMAN MP
MINISTER FOR HEALTH, MENTAL HEALTH and AMBULANCE SERVICES
and MINISTER FOR WOMEN

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