

Major Events (T20 World Cup) Repeal Regulation 2020

Human Rights Certificate

Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*

In accordance with section 41 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*, I, Kate Jones MP, Minister for State Development, Tourism and Innovation provide this human rights certificate with respect to the *Major Events (T20 World Cup) Repeal Regulation 2020* (the Amendment Regulation) made under the *Major Events Act 2014* (the ME Act).

In my opinion, the Amendment Regulation, as tabled in the Legislative Assembly, is compatible with the human rights protected by the *Human Rights Act 2019*. I base my opinion on the reasons outlined in this statement.

Overview of the Subordinate Legislation

The *Major Events (T20 World Cup) Regulation 2019* (the Regulation) was made by the Governor in Council on 6 December 2019 (2019 SL No. 244) under the ME Act. The Regulation facilitated the holding of a number of T20 World Cup Women's and Men's matches in Queensland, and for these matches to be declared major events under the ME Act. The ME Act provides for the holding of major events, the safety of visitors and spectators at major events, to allow visiting health practitioners to provide health care services for major events without becoming registered under State law, to protect the rights of event organisers and sponsors at major events and for related purposes.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic the Men's T20 World Cup 2020 have been postponed to 2022, meaning that the Men's matches currently regulated under the ME Act will no longer be proceeding as regulated. Therefore, it necessary to repeal the Regulation to remove the declaration of the events as major events.

The Amendment Regulation provides for the repeal of the Regulation.

Human Rights Issues

Human rights relevant to the subordinate legislation (Part 2, Division 2 and 3 *Human Rights Act 2019*)

Any human rights' impact that would have resulted under the Regulation are thus reversed by the Amendment Regulation.

Consideration of reasonable limitations on human rights (section 13 *Human Rights Act 2019*)

The Amendment Regulation to repeal the Regulation does not limit any human rights and therefore it is not necessary to consider section 13 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*.

Conclusion

The Amendment Regulation is compatible with the *Human Rights Act 2019* because it does not limit human rights.

Kate Jones MP
Minister for State Development,
Tourism and Innovation

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