



# **University of Southern Queensland Act 1998**

**Current as at 1 July 2014**





Queensland

# University of Southern Queensland Act 1998

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# University of Southern Queensland Act 1998

## An Act about the University of Southern Queensland

### Part 1 Preliminary

#### 1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *University of Southern Queensland Act 1998*.

#### 2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

#### 3 Definitions

The dictionary in schedule 2 defines particular words used in this Act.

### Part 2 The university and its council

#### Division 1 University establishment and general functions and powers

#### 4 Establishment of university

- (1) The University of Southern Queensland is established.
- (2) The university—

- (a) is a body corporate; and
- (b) has a seal; and
- (c) may sue and be sued in its corporate name.

## **5 Functions of university**

The university's functions are—

- (a) to provide education at university standard; and
- (b) to provide facilities for, and encourage, study and research; and
- (c) to encourage the advancement and development of knowledge, and its application to government, industry, commerce and the community; and
- (d) to provide courses of study or instruction (at the levels of achievement the council considers appropriate) to meet the needs of the community; and
- (e) to confer higher education awards; and
- (f) to disseminate knowledge and promote scholarship; and
- (g) to provide facilities and resources for the wellbeing of the university's staff, students and other persons undertaking courses at the university; and
- (h) to exploit commercially, for the university's benefit, a facility or resource of the university, including, for example, study, research or knowledge, or the practical application of study, research or knowledge, belonging to the university, whether alone or with someone else; and
- (i) to perform other functions given to the university under this or another Act.

## **6 General powers of university**

- (1) The university has all the powers of an individual, and may, for example—

- (a) enter into contracts; and
  - (b) acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with property; and
  - (c) appoint agents and attorneys; and
  - (d) engage consultants; and
  - (e) fix charges, and other terms, for services and other facilities it supplies; and
  - (f) do anything else necessary or convenient to be done for, or in connection with, its functions.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the university has the powers given to it under this or another Act.
- (3) The university may exercise its powers inside or outside Queensland.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (3), the university may exercise its powers outside Australia.

## **Division 2                      Council establishment and general functions and powers**

### **7                      Establishment of council**

There is a council of the university.

### **8                      Functions of council**

- (1) The council is the university's governing body.
- (2) The council has the functions conferred on it under this or another Act.

### **9                      Powers of council**

- (1) The council may do anything necessary or convenient to be done for, or in connection with, its functions.

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- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the council has the powers given to it under this or another Act and, in particular—
- (a) to appoint the university's staff; and
  - (b) to manage and control the university's affairs and property; and
  - (c) to manage and control the university's finances.

## **10 Council to promote university's interests**

The council must act in the way that appears to it most likely to promote the university's interests.

## **11 Delegation**

- (1) The council may delegate its powers under this Act to—
- (a) an appropriately qualified member of the council; or
  - (b) an appropriately qualified committee that includes 1 or more members of the council; or
  - (c) an appropriately qualified member of the university's staff.
- (2) However, the council may not delegate its power—
- (a) to make university statutes or rules; or
  - (b) to adopt the university's annual budget; or
  - (c) to approve spending of funds available to the university by way of bequest, donation or special grant.
- (3) Despite subsection (2)(c), the council may delegate its power to approve spending of funds available to the university by way of bequest, donation or special grant if—
- (a) the expenditure is for a matter funded by bequest, donation or special grant; and
  - (b) the amount of expenditure for the matter is not more than \$100,000.

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## **Division 3                      Council membership**

### **12            Membership of council**

The council consists of official members, appointed members, elected members and additional members.

### **13            Official members**

- (1) There are 3 official members.
- (2) The official members are—
  - (a) the chancellor; and
  - (b) the vice-chancellor; and
  - (c) the chairperson of the academic board.

### **14            Appointed members**

- (1) There are 5 appointed members.
- (2) The Governor in Council is to appoint the appointed members.

### **15            Elected members**

- (1) There are 3 elected members.
- (2) The elected members are—
  - (a) 1 member of the academic staff; and
  - (b) 1 member of the general staff; and
  - (c) 1 student (other than persons eligible for membership under paragraph (a) or (b)).
- (3) Each elected member is to be elected by a ballot at which—
  - (a) for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(a)—all the members of the academic staff may vote; or

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- (b) for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(b)—all the members of the general staff may vote; or
- (c) for an elected member mentioned in subsection (2)(c)—all the students, other than students who are members of the university’s staff, may vote.

## **16 Additional members**

- (1) There are 3 additional members.
- (2) The council must appoint the additional members.
- (3) The council must appoint at least 1 graduate of the university as an additional member.
- (4) An additional member must not be a student or a member of the university’s academic staff or general staff.

## **17 When council is taken to be properly constituted**

The council is taken to be properly constituted when it has 8 or more members, whether they be additional, appointed, elected or official members.

## **18 Appointed member’s term of office**

An appointed member is to be appointed for a term of not more than 4 years.

## **19 Elected member’s term of office**

- (1) An elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(a) or (b) holds office for 4 years.
- (2) An elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(c) holds office for 2 years.
- (3) An elected member’s term of office starts—
  - (a) if the member is re-elected—the day after the day when the member’s previous term of office ends; or

- 
- (b) if paragraph (a) does not apply—the day after the day when the term of office of the member’s predecessor ends.

## **20 Additional member’s term of office**

An additional member is to be appointed for a term of not more than 4 years decided by the council.

## **20A Dealing with casual vacancy in office of elected member**

- (1) This section applies if a casual vacancy arises in the office of an elected member.
- (2) If the elected member was elected by a ballot under section 15(3), the council must appoint to the office the one person, if any, who—
  - (a) was a candidate for the office in the ballot; and
  - (b) was not elected; and
  - (c) received the highest number of votes of all the candidates who were not elected; and
  - (d) is eligible, under this Act, to be a member; and
  - (e) is willing to be, and available to perform the functions of, a member.
- (3) Subsection (4) applies if—
  - (a) the elected member was not elected by a ballot; or
  - (b) no-one is eligible for appointment under subsection (2).
- (4) A person is to be elected to the office by a ballot under section 15(3).
- (5) Despite subsection (4), if the elected member was a student, the council may appoint a student to the office.
- (6) A person appointed under subsection (2) or (5) is taken to have been elected under section 15.

## **21 Failure to elect elected member**

- (1) If an entity permitted to elect an elected member does not elect a person as the elected member by a day fixed by the council by notice given to the entity, the Minister may appoint a member of the entity as the elected member.
- (2) The council may, if asked by the Minister, nominate a person for appointment under subsection (1).
- (3) A person appointed under subsection (1) is taken to have been elected by the entity under section 15.
- (4) This section applies to the periodic election of members and an election required because of a casual vacancy.

## **22 Casual vacancies**

A person appointed or elected to fill a casual vacancy in the office of a member is appointed or elected for the balance of the term of office of the person's predecessor.

## **23 Ineligibility for membership of council**

- (1) A person is not eligible to become an elected, appointed or additional member if—
  - (a) the person is disqualified from managing corporations under the Corporations Act, part 2D.6; or
  - (b) the person has a conviction for an indictable offence, other than an offence in relation to which the person is not eligible under paragraph (a).
- (2) Also, a person is not eligible to be elected or appointed as an elected, appointed or additional member if the person's election or appointment as the member would result in the person being a member for 12 years or more, whether continuously or not.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to a person if a majority of members agree the person may be elected or appointed as an elected, appointed or additional member.



- (4) Subsection (1)(b) is subject to sections 25 and 26.

## 24 Vacation of office

- (1) The office of an elected, appointed or additional member becomes vacant if—
- (a) the member dies; or
  - (b) for an elected or additional member—the member ceases to be an eligible person for the entity that elected or appointed the person; or
  - (c) the member is absent without the council’s leave and without reasonable excuse from every meeting of the council in a period of 6 months; or
  - (d) the member becomes an official member; or
  - (e) the member resigns from office by signed notice—
    - (i) if the member is an appointed member—given to the Minister; or
    - (ii) if the member is an elected or additional member—given to the vice-chancellor; or
  - (f) the member is removed from office under section 26B; or
  - (g) the member is disqualified from managing corporations under the Corporations Act, part 2D.6; or
  - (h) the member is convicted of an indictable offence, other than an offence in relation to which the member’s office becomes vacant under paragraph (g).
- (2) Subsection (1)(h) is subject to sections 25 and 26.
- (3) A resignation takes effect on the day the notice of resignation is given to the Minister or the vice-chancellor or, if a later day of effect is stated in the notice, the later day.
- (4) In this section—
- eligible person***, for an entity, means a person whom the entity may elect or appoint as a member.

**25 Discretion where appointed member convicted of indictable offence**

- (1) If the Minister considers it would be reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the indictable offence mentioned in section 23(1)(b) or 24(1)(h) of which a person has been convicted, the Minister may—
  - (a) if the person was an appointed member when convicted—give notice to the chancellor and the person that the person is restored as an appointed member, and may be subsequently reappointed, despite the conviction; or
  - (b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become an appointed member despite the conviction.
- (2) On the day the chancellor receives a notice under subsection (1)(a)—
  - (a) the person is restored as an appointed member; and
  - (b) if another person has been appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person’s appointment ends.
- (3) If a person is restored as an appointed member under subsection (2), the person’s term of office as a member ends when it would have ended if the person had not been convicted of the offence.

**26 Discretion where elected or additional member convicted of indictable offence**

- (1) If the council considers it would be reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the indictable offence mentioned in section 23(1)(b) or 24(1)(h) of which a person has been convicted, the council may—
  - (a) if the person was an elected or additional member when convicted—give notice to the person that the person is restored as an elected or additional member, and may be subsequently re-elected or reappointed, despite the conviction; or

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- (b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become an elected or additional member despite the conviction.
- (2) On the day the person receives a notice under subsection (1)(a)—
    - (a) the person is restored as an elected or additional member; and
    - (b) if another person has been elected or appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person’s membership of the council ends.
  - (3) If a person is restored as an elected or additional member under subsection (2), the person’s term of office as a member ends when it would have ended if the person had not been convicted of the offence.

## **Division 4                      Members’ function, and removing elected, appointed and additional members from office**

### **26A    Member’s function, and obligations about function**

- (1) A member has the function of ensuring the council performs its functions and exercises its powers appropriately, effectively and efficiently.
- (2) In performing the function, a member—
  - (a) must act honestly and in the best interests of the university; and
  - (b) must exercise reasonable skill, care and diligence; and
  - (c) must disclose to the council any conflict that may arise between the member’s personal interests and the interests of the university; and
  - (d) must not make improper use of his or her position as a member, or of information acquired because of his or

her position as a member, to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for the member or another person.

## **26B Council may remove member from office**

- (1) The council may remove an elected, appointed or additional member from office if at least 9 members are satisfied the member has not complied with—
  - (a) section 26A(2); or
  - (b) a conduct obligation.
- (2) If the council decides to remove a member from office under subsection (1), the council must as soon as practicable—
  - (a) give the member notice of the decision and the reasons for it; and
  - (b) if the member is an appointed member—give the Minister a copy of the notice.
- (3) If the council gives a member a notice under subsection (2)(a), the member's term of office ends on the later of the following—
  - (a) the day the member receives the notice;
  - (b) the day, if any, stated in the notice for that purpose.
- (4) The council's power to remove an appointed member from office under this section does not limit the Governor in Council's powers under the *Acts Interpretation Act 1954*, section 25(1)(b)(i) or (iii).

## **Division 5 Extending terms of office**

### **26C Minister may extend terms of office**

- (1) The Minister may, by notice given to the council, extend the terms of office of the elected, appointed and additional members for not more than 1 year if the Minister is satisfied the extension—

- (a) is in the best interests of the university; and
  - (b) is necessary for the council to perform its functions and exercise its powers appropriately, effectively and efficiently.
- (2) If the Minister acts under subsection (1), the Minister must extend, by the same amount, the terms of office of all elected, appointed and additional members.
- (3) The extension applies only to members holding office when the notice is given under subsection (1).
- (4) This section—
- (a) does not allow the Minister to extend the terms of office of the members for more than 1 year by again acting under subsection (1); and
  - (b) applies despite sections 18, 19(1) and (2) and 20.

## **Division 6                      Meetings of the council**

### **27            Who is to preside at meetings**

- (1) The chancellor must preside at meetings of the council.
- (2) However, if the chancellor and deputy chancellor are both absent from a meeting of the council or the offices are vacant, the members present must elect a member to preside at the meeting.

### **28            Quorum**

A quorum exists at a meeting of the council if at least half its members are present.

### **29            Conduct of meetings**

The council may otherwise regulate its proceedings as it considers appropriate.

## **Part 3**                      **Certain officers of the university**

### **30**      **Chancellor**

- (1) There is a chancellor of the university.
- (2) The council must elect a chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.
- (3) The person elected need not be a member.
- (4) The person elected must not be a student or a member of the university's academic staff or general staff.
- (5) The chancellor holds office for the term, not longer than 5 years, fixed by the council.

### **31**      **Deputy chancellor**

- (1) There is a deputy chancellor of the university.
- (2) The council must elect a member as deputy chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.
- (3) The deputy chancellor holds office for the term, not longer than 4 years, fixed by the council.
- (4) The deputy chancellor is to act as chancellor—
  - (a) when there is a vacancy in the office of chancellor; and
  - (b) while the chancellor is absent from the State or, for another reason, can not perform the functions of the office.

### **32**      **Vice-chancellor**

- (1) There is a vice-chancellor of the university.
- (2) The council must appoint a vice-chancellor whenever there is a vacancy in the office.
- (3) The terms of appointment are as decided by the council.

- (4) The vice-chancellor is the chief executive officer of the university and may exercise the powers and perform the functions conferred on the vice-chancellor by this or another Act or the council.
- (5) The vice-chancellor may delegate powers of the vice-chancellor under this or another Act to an appropriately qualified member of the university's staff.

## **Part 4**                      **Bodies connected with the university**

### **Division 1**                **Student guild**

#### **33**        **Establishment of student guild**

- (1) The University of Southern Queensland Student Guild is established.
- (2) The student guild—
  - (a) is a body corporate with perpetual succession; and
  - (b) has a common seal; and
  - (c) may sue and be sued in its corporate name.

#### **34**        **Composition**

The persons who are eligible to be members of the student guild are—

- (a) students; and
- (b) persons eligible for membership under the student guild's constitution.

### **35 Role**

- (1) The student guild has the role and powers stated in its constitution.
- (2) The student guild also has the role and powers decided by the council.
- (3) However, the student guild is not the employee or agent of the council.

### **36 General powers**

Without limiting section 35, the student guild has all the powers of an individual, including, for example, the power to acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with property.

### **37 Constitution**

- (1) The student guild must have a written constitution.
- (2) The student guild's constitution, and each amendment of the constitution, must be submitted to the council for its approval.
- (3) The constitution or amendment has no effect until approved by the council.

## **Division 2 Colleges**

### **38 Establishment of colleges**

- (1) The council may establish colleges of the university by university statute.
- (2) The Governor in Council must approve the establishment of the college before the council makes the university statute establishing it.
- (3) The council may establish an advisory council for each college and decide its membership and functions.



- (4) On the establishment of a college, property vested in or acquired by a person on trust for the college vests in the university on trust for the college.
- (5) The council must manage and supervise the college and property held on trust by the university for the college.

## **Division 3                      Academic board**

### **39                      Establishment of academic board**

- (1) The council may establish an academic board of the university.
- (2) The council must determine the membership of the academic board.
- (3) The academic board must—
  - (a) advise the council about teaching, scholarship and research matters concerning the university; and
  - (b) formulate proposals for the academic policies of the university; and
  - (c) monitor the academic activities of the university's faculties; and
  - (d) promote and encourage scholarship and research at the university.

### **39A                      Chairperson of academic board**

- (1) There is to be a chairperson of the academic board.
- (2) The council must decide who is the chairperson.
- (3) The chairperson holds office for the term, not longer than 3 years, decided by the council.

## **Division 4                      Application of Corporations legislation to bodies**

### **39B      Excluded matters for Corporations legislation**

- (1) The student guild is declared to be an excluded matter for the Corporations Act, section 5F, in relation to the provisions of that Act for which a statutory body within the meaning of the *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982* is declared to be an excluded matter under section 13A of that Act.

*Note—*

See the Corporations Act, part 2D.1 (Duties and powers), part 2D.6 (Disqualification from managing corporations), chapter 2K (Charges), chapter 2L (Debentures), part 5.7 (Winding up bodies other than companies), part 5.7B (Recovering property or compensation for the benefit of creditors of insolvent company), part 5.9 (Miscellaneous) and part 5B.2 (Registrable bodies).

- (2) Each of the following is declared to be an excluded matter for the Corporations Act, section 5F, in relation to parts 5.7 and 5.7B of that Act—
- (a) a college;
  - (b) the academic board.

## **Part 4A                              Matters relating to offices of chancellor, deputy chancellor, vice-chancellor and chairperson**

### **39C      Disqualification from office**

- (1) A person can not become, or continue as, the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson if—

- (a) the person is disqualified from managing corporations under the Corporations Act, part 2D.6; or
  - (b) subject to subsections (2) to (4), the person has a conviction for an indictable offence other than an offence in relation to which the person is disqualified from office under paragraph (a).
- (2) If the council considers it would be reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the indictable offence mentioned in subsection (1)(b) of which the person has been convicted, the council may—
- (a) if the person was the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson when convicted—give notice to the person that the person—
    - (i) is restored as the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson; and
    - (ii) may be later re-elected or reappointed, despite the conviction; or
  - (b) otherwise—give written approval for the person to become the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson despite the conviction.
- (3) On the day the person receives a notice under subsection (2)(a)—
- (a) the person is restored as the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson; and
  - (b) if another person has been elected or appointed to fill the vacancy—the other person's term of office ends.
- (4) If a person is restored as the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson under subsection (3), the person's term of office as the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson ends when it would have ended if the person had not been convicted of the offence.

**39D Council may remove chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson from office**

- (1) The council may remove the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson from office if at least 9 members are satisfied the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson has not complied with—
  - (a) section 26A(2); or
  - (b) a conduct obligation.
- (2) If the council decides to remove the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson from office under subsection (1), the council must as soon as practicable give the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson notice of the decision and the reasons for it.
- (3) The chancellor's, vice-chancellor's or chairperson's term of office ends on the later of the following—
  - (a) the day he or she receives the notice;
  - (b) the day, if any, stated in the notice for that purpose.

**39E Particular matters about removal of vice-chancellor**

- (1) The council may remove the vice-chancellor from office under section 39D despite the vice-chancellor's terms of appointment.
- (2) If the council removes the vice-chancellor from office under section 39D—
  - (a) the removal does not affect the vice-chancellor's right to claim compensation or other entitlements under his or her terms of appointment applying when the appointment ends; and
  - (b) the vice-chancellor may only claim compensation and other entitlements under his or her terms of appointment as if—
    - (i) the appointment had been ended as permitted under the terms of appointment; or

- (ii) his or her term of office had ended.

### **39F Vacation of office**

- (1) The office of the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson becomes vacant if he or she—
- (a) can not continue as the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson under section 39C; or
  - (b) is removed from office under section 39D.
- (2) The office of the deputy chancellor becomes vacant if his or her office as a member becomes vacant under section 24 or he or she otherwise stops being a member.

## **Part 5 Property and finance**

### **Division 1 Property held on trust or conditions**

#### **40 Definition for div 1**

In this division—

*property* includes income from property and a part or residue of the property.

#### **41 Amendment of terms of trusts and gifts**

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) property is held by the university on terms requiring the property to be used for a particular purpose (the *donor's purpose*); and
  - (b) the council is satisfied—
    - (i) the donor's purpose—

- (A) has been wholly or substantially achieved; or
  - (B) no longer exists; or
  - (C) has been adequately provided for in another way; or
  - (D) is uncertain, can not be identified, or is insufficiently defined; or
  - (E) becomes impossible, impractical or inexpedient to carry out; or
- (ii) the property is inadequate for the donor's purpose.
- (2) The council may set up and maintain a scheme for the use of the property for another purpose (the *designated purpose*).
  - (3) The scheme must be in writing.
  - (4) The university must without charge give a copy of the scheme to anyone who asks for it.

## **42 Selection of designated purpose**

- (1) In selecting the designated purpose, the council must prefer a purpose that—
  - (a) is as nearly similar as practicable to the donor's purpose; and
  - (b) can practically and conveniently be achieved.
- (2) However, the scheme is not invalid merely because another designated purpose may have been more properly selected under subsection (1).

## **43 Property to be held for designated purpose**

Property to which the scheme applies is to be held by the university for the property's designated purpose instead of the donor's purpose.

**44 Certain persons to be given notice of scheme**

If the scheme applies to land, the university must, as soon as practicable after the scheme is set up, give a copy of the scheme to the registrar of titles.

**45 Amendment of scheme**

- (1) The council may amend the scheme.
- (2) Sections 41 to 44 apply to the amendment of a scheme as if a reference to the donor's purpose is a reference to the designated purpose of the scheme that is to be amended.

**46 University's powers under other laws not limited**

This division does not limit the university's powers and rights under any other law about property held on trust by the university.

**47 University may carry out conditions of gift etc.**

The university may agree to and carry out any conditions of a gift, grant, bequest or devise of property to the university.

**Division 2 Dealing with State land by council**

**48 Application of Land Act 1994**

- (1) State land is held and may be disposed of under the *Land Act 1994*.
- (2) However, the university may grant an interest in State land only by way of lease.
- (3) Despite the *Land Act 1994*, a trustee lease or sublease for land under that Act that is subject to an operational reserve may be for up to 100 years.

- (4) Subsection (5) applies if the purpose for which a reserve was dedicated under the *Land Act 1994* includes a reference to ‘university’.
- (5) The purpose is taken to include anything that is consistent with the university’s functions under section 5.
- (6) Subsections (4) and (5) apply whether the reserve was dedicated before or after the commencement of this section.
- (7) In this section—  
*operational reserve* see the *Land Act 1994*, schedule 6.

## **Division 3                      Finance**

### **49            University is statutory body under the Financial Accountability Act 2009**

To remove any doubt, it is declared that the university is a statutory body under the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*.

### **50            University is statutory body under the Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982**

- (1) Under the *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982*, the university is a statutory body.
- (2) The *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982*, part 2B sets out the way in which the university’s powers under this Act are affected by the *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982*.

### **51            Trust funds**

The university may establish or administer trust funds.



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## 52 Investment common fund

- (1) The university may establish an investment common fund for the collective investment of trust funds or other amounts held by it.
- (2) The university may add amounts to or withdraw amounts from the investment common fund, without incurring any liability for breach of trust.
- (3) The university must periodically distribute the income of the investment common fund among each of the funds forming the investment common fund (a *component fund*) having regard to the share of each component fund in the investment common fund.
- (4) Despite subsection (3), if a component fund consists of an amount received for use for a stated purpose and the amount can not or will not be used for the purpose immediately, income attributable to the share of the amount in the investment common fund may be paid into the general funds of the university if the income is not needed immediately for the stated purpose.
- (5) Also, despite subsection (3), the university may—
  - (a) add a part of the income of the investment common fund to the fund's capital; or
  - (b) use a part of the income to establish or augment another fund to make provision against capital depreciation or reduction of income.

## 53 Application of revenue

- (1) Subject to the terms of a relevant trust, amounts received by the university from any source are to be applied solely to university purposes.
- (2) To remove any doubt, each of the following purposes is a university purpose—

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- (a) enabling a student or staff member, or former student or staff member, of the university to undertake study or research at the university or elsewhere;
- (b) the advancement of learning generally;
- (c) helping a body affiliated or associated with the university.

#### **54 Financial review**

- (1) The council must, in each year, adopt a budget for the university for the next year.
- (2) In framing the budget the council need not take account of amounts mentioned in subsection (4).
- (3) The council must control its spending as nearly as possible within the limits of the approved budget.
- (4) The council must undertake an annual review of—
  - (a) amounts available, or expected to be available, to the university by way of bequest, donation or special grant; and
  - (b) the spending of the amounts.

#### **55 University's financial year**

The university's financial year is a calendar year.

## **Part 6 University statutes**

#### **56 Making of university statutes**

- (1) The council may make university statutes.
- (2) A university statute may only be made about the following matters—

- 
- (a) the admission and enrolment of students;
  - (b) the entitlement to degrees and other awards;
  - (c) the disciplining of students and other persons undertaking courses at the university;
  - (d) the fees to be paid—
    - (i) for examinations; or
    - (ii) for attendance at lectures and classes of the university; or
    - (iii) for the use of the university's facilities;
  - (e) the conduct of a ballot for the election of elected members;
  - (f) the process for removing a person from office under section 26B or 39D;
  - (g) the spending of funds under a delegation under section 11(3);
  - (h) the establishment of colleges;
  - (i) the ownership and exploitation of intellectual property brought into existence by the university's staff or as a result of using the university's facilities;
  - (j) making and notifying university rules;
  - (k) a direction, indication or requirement for a regulatory notice.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2)(c), a university statute may—
- (a) authorise the council to impose a penalty of not more than 10 penalty units for a breach of a university statute about the disciplining of persons mentioned in subsection (2)(c); and
  - (b) provide for its recovery and enforcement.

## **57 University statute's status**

A university statute—

- (a) is subordinate legislation; and
- (b) is an exempt instrument under the *Legislative Standards Act 1992*.

## **58 University statutes affecting student guild**

- (1) A university statute affecting the student guild's role or powers may be made only if the council—
  - (a) has given the student guild a copy of the proposed statute at least 28 days before making it; and
  - (b) has considered any comments given to it by the student guild under subsection (2).
- (2) The student guild may give the council written comments about the proposed university statute within 14 days after receiving the copy.
- (3) The council may amend the proposed university statute to take account of any of the comments.
- (4) If the council amends the proposed university statute to take account of any of the comments, it does not have to give the student guild a copy of the proposed statute before making it.

## **59 University rules**

- (1) The council may make university rules under a university statute.
- (2) If a university rule is inconsistent with this Act or a university statute, the rule is invalid to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (3) A university rule—
  - (a) must be notified in the way required by university statute; and
  - (b) takes effect on the day of its notification or, if a later day or time is fixed in the rule, on the day or at the time fixed.



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- (2) The university, or a corporation managed by the university or of which the university is a member, may enter into an agreement or arrangement with a corporation whose objects include an object mentioned in subsection (1) for achieving the object.
- (3) This section applies despite the Corporations Act.

## **61 Use of facilities and staff**

The university may enter into a contract or other arrangement with an entity for the use of the university's facilities and the provision of services by the university's staff.

### **61A Protection from liability**

- (1) A member is not civilly liable to someone for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act.
- (2) If subsection (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to a member, the liability attaches instead to the university.

### **61B Report about person's criminal history**

- (1) To decide whether to recommend to the Governor in Council a person for appointment under section 14(2) as an appointed member, the Minister may ask the commissioner of the police service for—
  - (a) a written report about the person's criminal history; and
  - (b) a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction mentioned in the criminal history.
- (2) To decide whether a person is eligible to be the chancellor, vice-chancellor or chairperson, or an elected or additional member, the council may ask the commissioner of the police service for—
  - (a) a written report about the person's criminal history; and

- 
- (b) a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction mentioned in the criminal history.
- (3) The commissioner of the police service must comply with a request under subsection (1) or (2).
- (4) However, the Minister or council may make a request about a person under subsection (1) or (2) only if the person has given the Minister or council written consent for the request.
- (5) The duty imposed on the commissioner of the police service to comply with the request applies only to information in the commissioner's possession or to which the commissioner has access.
- (6) The Minister or council must ensure that a report given to the Minister or council under this section is destroyed as soon as practicable after it is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was requested.
- (7) In this section—  
*criminal history*, of a person, means the person's criminal history as defined under the *Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986*, other than spent convictions.

### **61C Delegation by Minister**

The Minister may delegate the Minister's power under section 61B(1) to an appropriately qualified officer of the department.

### **62 Control of traffic and conduct on university land**

Schedule 1 has effect.

### **63 Regulation-making power**

The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.

## 64 Repealed Act references

In an Act or document, a reference to the *University of Southern Queensland Act 1989* may, if the context permits, be taken to be a reference to this Act.

# Part 8 Repeal and transitional provisions

## Division 1 Repeal provision, and transitional provisions before the University Legislation Amendment Act 2005

### 65 Definitions for div 1

In this division—

*commencing day* means the day the provision in which the term is used commences.

*continuing corporation*, for a former corporation, means—

- (a) for the university established under the repealed Act—the university; or
- (b) for the student association—the student guild.

*former corporation* means—

- (a) the university established under the repealed Act; or
- (b) the student association.

*previous council* means the council of the university established under the repealed Act.

*repealed Act* means the *University of Southern Queensland Act 1989*.



*student association* means the University of Southern Queensland Student Association established under the repealed Act.

## **66 Repeal**

The University of Southern Queensland Act 1989 is repealed.

## **67 Continuation of university and student association**

- (1) The university established under the repealed Act is continued as the university established under section 4.
- (2) The student association is continued as the University of Southern Queensland Student Guild established under section 33.

## **68 Assets and liabilities**

On the commencing day—

- (a) the assets and liabilities of a former corporation continue to be the assets and liabilities of the continuing corporation for the former corporation; and
- (b) any property that, immediately before the commencing day, was held in trust by a former corporation continues to be held by the continuing corporation for the former corporation on the same trusts.

## **69 Contracts**

Any contracts entered into by or on behalf of a former corporation and all guarantees, undertakings and securities given by or on behalf of or to a former corporation, in force immediately before the commencing day are taken to have been entered into or given by or to the continuing corporation for the former corporation and may be enforced against or by the continuing corporation accordingly.

## **70 Proceedings**

A proceeding that could have been started or continued by or against a former corporation before the commencing day may be started or continued by or against the continuing corporation for the former corporation.

## **71 Chancellor, deputy chancellor and vice-chancellor**

- (1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencing day, held office as the chancellor, deputy chancellor or vice-chancellor of the university established under the repealed Act.
- (2) On the commencing day, the person is taken to hold office as chancellor, deputy chancellor or vice-chancellor of the university until the end of the person's term of office or earlier vacating office.

## **72 Appointed members of council**

- (1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencing day, held office as a member of the previous council under section 8(1)(h) of the repealed Act.
- (2) On the commencing day, the person is taken to be a member of the council under section 14(1).
- (3) A member of the council mentioned in this section holds office until 9 July 2001 or earlier vacating office.

## **72A Elected members of council**

- (1) This section applies to a person who, immediately before the commencing day, held office as a member of the previous council under section 8(1)(d), (e) or (f) of the repealed Act.
- (2) On the commencing day—
  - (a) a person who held office under section 8(1)(d) of the repealed Act is taken to be a member of the council under section 15(2)(a); and

- (b) the person who held office under section 8(1)(e) of the repealed Act is taken to be the member of the council under section 15(2)(b); and
  - (c) the person, not being the president of the student association, who held office under section 8(1)(f) of the repealed Act is taken to be the member of the council under section 15(2)(c).
- (3) A member mentioned in subsection (2) holds office as a member of the council until 9 July 2001 or earlier vacating office.

## **72B Elected members representing alumni association**

- (1) This section applies to the 2 members of the alumni association mentioned in section 15(2)(d) who become members of the council under the first appointment made under section 15(4) after the commencing day.
- (2) The members hold office as members of the council until 9 July 2001 or earlier vacating office.
- (3) This section applies despite section 19.

## **72C President of student association**

- (1) This section applies to the person who, immediately before the commencing day, held office as the president of the student association.
- (2) On the commencing day, the person is taken to hold office as president of the student guild until the end of the person's term of office or earlier vacating office.

## **73 Staff's rights and entitlements**

- (1) This section applies to a person who immediately before the commencing day was a staff member of a former corporation.
- (2) On the commencing day, the person is taken to be employed by the continuing corporation for the former corporation on

the same conditions on which the person was employed by the former corporation.

- (3) In addition, the person—
  - (a) keeps all rights accrued or accruing to the person as a staff member of the former corporation; and
  - (b) is entitled to receive long service, recreation and sick leave and any similar entitlements accrued or accruing to the person as a staff member of the former corporation.
- (4) Also, if the person is a member of the superannuation scheme under the *Superannuation (State Public Sector) Act 1990*—
  - (a) the person keeps all entitlements accrued or accruing to the person as a member of the scheme; and
  - (b) the person's membership of the scheme is not affected.

## **74 University statutes and rules**

- (1) An existing instrument (to the extent that it is consistent with this Act) continues in force under this Act.
- (2) However, the instrument expires 1 year after the commencing day, unless sooner repealed.
- (3) In this section—

*existing instrument* means a university statute or rule made under the repealed Act and in force immediately before the commencing day.

## **75 Student guild's constitution**

The student association's constitution in force immediately before the commencing day continues in force as the student guild's constitution under this Act.

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## 76 References to student association or university

A reference in an Act or document in existence immediately before the commencing day to a former corporation is a reference to the continuing corporation for the former corporation.

## Division 2 Transitional provisions for the University Legislation Amendment Act 2005

### Subdivision 1 Preliminary

#### 77 Definitions for div 2

In this division—

*commencement* means the commencement of the provision in which the term is used.

*new additional members* see section 83.

*new appointed members* see section 79(2).

*pre-amended Act* means this Act as in force before the commencement of the *University Legislation Amendment Act 2005*, part 7.

### Subdivision 2 Provisions about council membership

#### 78 Continuation of official members

Despite section 13, a person who was an official member under section 13(2)(c) or (e) of the pre-amended Act continues as an official member until the new appointed members' terms of office start.

## **79 Appointment of new appointed members**

- (1) The Minister must, within 1 year after the commencement, recommend to the Governor in Council 5 persons for appointment, under section 14(2), as appointed members.
- (2) The Governor in Council may appoint the persons as appointed members (the *new appointed members*).

## **80 Continuation, and term of office, of appointed members**

- (1) This section applies to a person who was an appointed member immediately before the commencement.
- (2) Despite section 14(1), the person continues as an appointed member until—
  - (a) the person's term of office ends under subsection (3); or
  - (b) the person's office sooner becomes vacant.
- (3) Despite section 18, the person's term of office ends when the new appointed members' terms of office start.

## **81 Continuation of elected members**

- (1) This section applies to a person who was an elected member immediately before the commencement.
- (2) Despite section 15(1) and (2), the person continues as an elected member until—
  - (a) the person's term of office ends under section 82; or
  - (b) the person's office sooner becomes vacant.
- (3) Despite section 19(1) and (2), the person's term of office is 3 years.

## **82 Ballot, and term of office, for elected members**

- (1) At least 14 days before the new appointed members are appointed, a ballot under section 15(3) of the post-amended Act must be conducted for elected members.

- (2) Subsection (3) applies to a person who, immediately before the ballot is conducted, is an elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(a) of the pre-amended Act.
- (3) The person's term of office ends when the elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(a) of the post-amended Act is elected under the ballot.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies to a person who, immediately before the ballot is conducted, is an elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(b) or (c) of the pre-amended Act.
- (5) The person's term of office ends when the elected member who is the member's successor is elected under the ballot.
- (6) Subsection (7) applies to a person who, immediately before the ballot is conducted, is an elected member mentioned in section 15(2)(d) of the pre-amended Act.
- (7) The person's term of office ends when the new additional members' terms of office start.
- (8) A person is taken to be elected under the ballot when the new appointed members' terms of office start.
- (9) Despite section 19(3), the term of office of a person elected under the ballot starts when the new appointed members' terms of office start.
- (10) Subsections (3), (5) and (7) apply despite section 81(3).
- (11) In this section—

*post-amended Act* means this Act as in force after the commencement of the *University Legislation Amendment Act 2005*, part 7.

### **83 Appointment of new additional members**

The council must, within 1 year after the commencement, appoint 3 persons as additional members (the *new additional members*) under section 16.

**84 Continuation, and term of office, of additional members**

- (1) A person who was an additional member immediately before the commencement continues as an additional member until—
  - (a) the person's term of office ends under subsection (2); or
  - (b) the person's office sooner becomes vacant.
- (2) Despite section 20, the person's term of office ends when the new additional members' terms of office start.

**85 Council need not include additional members**

Despite section 12, the council need not include additional members before the new additional members' terms of office start.

**86 Dealing with casual vacancy in office of elected member**

- (1) This section applies if a casual vacancy arises in the office of an elected member after the commencement and before the ballot mentioned in section 82(1) is conducted.
- (2) For appointing or electing a person to the office, the pre-amended Act continues to apply as if the *University Legislation Amendment Act 2005*, part 7, had not commenced.

**Subdivision 3 Constitution of council**

**87 Constitution of council**

- (1) This section applies until the new appointed members' terms of office start.
- (2) Despite section 17, the council is taken to be properly constituted when it has 12 or more members, whether they be additional, appointed, elected or official members.



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# **Schedule 1      Control of traffic and conduct on university land**

section 62

## **Part 1                      Authorised persons**

### **1                      Appointment**

The vice-chancellor may, in writing, appoint a person who the vice-chancellor is satisfied has the necessary training, or knowledge and experience, to be an authorised person under this Act.

### **2                      Limitation of authorised person's powers**

- (1) The powers of an authorised person may be limited—
  - (a) under a condition of appointment; or
  - (b) by notice of the vice-chancellor given to the authorised person.
- (2) Notice under subsection (1)(b) may be given orally, but must be confirmed in writing as soon as possible.

### **3                      Terms of appointment**

- (1) An authorised person holds office on the conditions stated in the instrument of appointment.
- (2) An authorised person—
  - (a) if the appointment provides for a term of appointment—ceases to hold office as an authorised person at the end of the term; and
  - (b) may resign by signed notice given to the vice-chancellor.

#### **4 Identity cards**

- (1) The vice-chancellor must issue an identity card to each authorised person.
- (2) The identity card must—
  - (a) contain a recent photograph of the authorised person; and
  - (b) be in a form approved by the vice-chancellor; and
  - (c) be signed by the authorised person.
- (3) A person who ceases to be an authorised person must, as soon as practicable, return the person's identity card to the vice-chancellor, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not returning it.

Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.

#### **5 Proof of authority**

- (1) An authorised person may exercise a power under this Act in relation to someone else only if the authorised person—
  - (a) first produces his or her identity card for inspection by the other person; or
  - (b) has his or her identity card displayed so that it is clearly visible.
- (2) If, for any reason, it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the authorised person must produce the identity card for inspection by the person at the first reasonable opportunity.
- (3) If subsection (2) is relevant and is complied with by an authorised person, the exercise of a power in relation to someone else by the authorised person is not invalid merely because of subsection (1).

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## Part 2 Traffic control

### 6 Persons authorised to control traffic on university's land

- (1) An authorised person may control traffic on the university's land and, for this purpose, may give directions to persons on the land.
- (2) A person must not fail to comply with a direction given under subsection (1), unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying with it.

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—10 penalty units.

### 7 Regulatory notice

- (1) The university may erect or display at or near any vehicular entrance to the university's land, a notice (a *regulatory notice*) regulating the driving, parking or standing of vehicles on the land, including, for example—
  - (a) fixing a maximum speed limit; or
  - (b) indicating a pedestrian crossing; or
  - (c) indicating a place where the driving, parking or standing of a vehicle is restricted or prohibited.
- (2) A person on the university's land must comply with a regulatory notice, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying with it.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (3) A regulatory notice—
  - (a) must state the limits of the area to which the notice applies; and
  - (b) may state that a contravention of a requirement of the notice is an offence against the Act and the penalty for the offence.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (1), the university may erect and display regulatory notices in the form of official traffic signs.

- (5) Evidence that a regulatory notice was erected or displayed at a place mentioned in subsection (1) is evidence that the notice was erected or displayed by the university.
- (6) A regulatory notice erected or displayed under this section must be easily visible to passers-by.

## **8 Information notices**

- (1) This section applies if a regulatory notice does not state that a contravention of a requirement of the notice is an offence against this Act and the penalty for the offence.
- (2) The university must erect or display at or near each vehicular entrance to the university's land to which the regulatory notice relates, and other places the vice-chancellor considers appropriate, information notices stating that a contravention of a requirement of a regulatory notice is an offence and the penalty for the offence.
- (3) An information notice may contain any other information the vice-chancellor considers appropriate.
- (4) An information notice erected or displayed under this section must be easily visible to passers-by.
- (5) In this section—  
*regulatory notice* does not include an official traffic sign.

## **9 Removal and detention of illegally parked or abandoned vehicles**

- (1) An authorised person may seize, remove and hold, a vehicle that the authorised person believes on reasonable grounds—
  - (a) is parked in contravention of a regulatory notice; or
  - (b) is abandoned.
- (2) The vehicle must be held at a safe place.
- (3) An authorised person may exercise the powers given under subsection (1)(a) only if—

- 
- (a) the authorised person believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary or desirable to seize and remove the vehicle having regard to the safety and convenience of traffic on the university's land; and
  - (b) the authorised person—
    - (i) can not immediately locate the driver of the vehicle; or
    - (ii) believes on reasonable grounds that the driver of the vehicle is not willing or able to remove the vehicle immediately.
- (4) As soon as is practicable and no later than 14 days after the vehicle is seized, the university must give to the owner of the vehicle a notice stating how the owner may recover the vehicle.
- (5) If the owner can not be ascertained or located within 14 days after the vehicle is seized, the notice may be given by publishing it in a newspaper circulating generally in the State.
- (6) If the vehicle was parked in contravention of a regulatory notice, the owner of the vehicle must pay to the university the amount demanded by it for the cost of seizing, removing, holding and returning the vehicle.
- (7) In this section—  
*vehicle* includes a part of the vehicle and anything attached to, or contained in, the vehicle.

## 10 Disposal of unclaimed vehicles

- (1) This section applies if the owner of a seized vehicle does not recover the vehicle within 2 months after notice is given to the owner under section 9(4) or (5).
- (2) After publishing a notice in a newspaper circulating generally in the State, the university may sell the vehicle by public auction.
- (3) The notice must—
  - (a) identify the vehicle; and

- (b) state that the vehicle is to be sold by auction; and
  - (c) state how the owner may recover the vehicle before the auction; and
  - (d) state the time and place of the auction.
- (4) Compensation is not recoverable against the university for the sale of a vehicle under this section.
- (5) In this section—  
*vehicle* includes a part of the vehicle and anything attached to, or contained in, the vehicle.

## **11 Application of proceeds of sale**

- (1) The proceeds of the sale must be applied in the following order—
- (a) in payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in the sale;
  - (b) in payment of the reasonable cost of seizing, removing and holding the vehicle;
  - (c) if there is an amount owing to an entity under a security interest registered for the vehicle under the *Personal Property Securities Act 2009* (Cwlth)—in payment of the amount owing under the security interest;
  - (d) in payment of any balance to the owner.
- (2) Compensation is not recoverable against the university for a payment under this section.

## **Part 3 Conduct on university land**

### **12 Conduct causing a public nuisance**

A person must not be disorderly or create a disturbance on the university's land.

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Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

### **13 Power to deal with persons causing a public nuisance**

- (1) This section applies if an authorised person—
  - (a) finds a person contravening section 12; or
  - (b) finds a person in circumstances that leads the authorised person to suspect on reasonable grounds that the person has just contravened section 12; or
  - (c) has information that leads the authorised person to suspect on reasonable grounds that a person has just contravened section 12; or
  - (d) reasonably believes, having regard to the way a person is behaving, that the person's presence may pose a threat to the safety of someone else on, entering or leaving the land; or
  - (e) has information that leads the authorised person to believe, on reasonable grounds, that a person's presence may pose a threat to the safety of someone else on, entering or leaving the land; or
  - (f) reasonably believes that a person is on the land without lawful justification or excuse.
- (2) The authorised person may direct the person to leave the university's land or a part of the university's land.
- (3) A person must comply with a direction given to the person under subsection (2), unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not complying with it.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

## Schedule 2 Dictionary

### section 3

***academic board*** means the academic board of the university.

***academic staff***, of the university, means—

- (a) the university's teaching and research staff, other than research assistants; and
- (b) staff of the university whose instrument of appointment by the council states they are members of the academic staff.

***additional member*** means a member of the council appointed under section 16.

***alumni association*** means the entity called 'Alumni Association of the University of Southern Queensland'.

***appointed member*** means a member of the council appointed under section 14.

***appropriately qualified***, for a delegate for a power, includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power.

***authorised person*** means a person holding office as an authorised person because of an appointment under schedule 1, section 1.

***chairperson*** means the chairperson of the academic board.

***chancellor*** means the chancellor of the university.

***college*** means a college established under section 38.

***commencement***, for part 8, division 2, see section 77.

***commencing day***, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

***conduct obligation***, in relation to a member, means an obligation that—



(a) is stated in the university's approved code of conduct under the *Public Sector Ethics Act 1994*; and

(b) must be complied with by the member.

***continuing corporation***, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

***conviction*** means a conviction other than a spent conviction.

***council*** means the council of the university.

***deputy chancellor*** means the deputy chancellor of the university.

***designated purpose*** see section 41.

***donor's purpose*** see section 41.

***elected member*** means a member of the council elected under section 15.

***former corporation***, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

***general staff***, of the university, means staff of the university, other than academic staff.

***higher education award*** see the *Tertiary Education Quality and Standards Agency Act 2011* (Cwlth), section 5.

***indictable offence*** includes an indictable offence dealt with summarily, whether or not the Criminal Code, section 659, applies to the indictable offence.

***land***, of the university, means land and buildings owned by or under the control of the university.

***member*** means a member of the council.

***new additional members***, for part 8, division 2, see section 77.

***new appointed members***, for part 8, division 2, see section 77.

***notice*** means written notice.

***official member*** means a person who is an official member of the council under section 13.

***official traffic sign*** has the meaning given by the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*.

**owner**, of a vehicle, includes the person registered as the owner of the vehicle under—

- (a) the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*; or
- (b) the corresponding law of another State or a Territory.

**pre-amended Act**, for part 8, division 2, see section 77.

**previous council**, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

**regulatory notice** see schedule 1, section 7.

**repealed Act**, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

**requirement**, of a regulatory notice, includes—

- (a) a direction on a regulatory notice; and
- (b) a direction, indication or requirement, declared by university statute as being a requirement of the notice.

**spent conviction** means a conviction—

- (a) for which the rehabilitation period under the *Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986* has expired under that Act; and
- (b) that is not revived as prescribed by section 11 of that Act.

**State land** means land—

- (a) granted in trust, or reserved and set apart for a purpose, under the *Land Act 1994*; and
- (b) vested in or placed under the control of the university.

**student** means a student enrolled in the university.

**student association**, for part 8, division 1, see section 65.

**student guild** means the University of Southern Queensland Student Guild.

**university** means the University of Southern Queensland.

**university rule** means a university rule made under section 59.

**university statute** means a university statute made under section 56.

***vehicle*** has the meaning given by the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*.

***vice-chancellor*** means the vice-chancellor of the university.

## 1 Index to endnotes

- 2 Key
- 3 Table of reprints
- 4 List of legislation
- 5 List of annotations

## 2 Key

### Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
<b>AIA</b>	= <b>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</b>	<b>(prev)</b>	= <b>previously</b>
<b>amd</b>	= <b>amended</b>	<b>proc</b>	= <b>proclamation</b>
<b>amd</b>	= <b>amendment</b>	<b>prov</b>	= <b>provision</b>
<b>t</b>			
<b>ch</b>	= <b>chapter</b>	<b>pt</b>	= <b>part</b>
<b>def</b>	= <b>definition</b>	<b>pubd</b>	= <b>published</b>
<b>div</b>	= <b>division</b>	<b>R[X]</b>	= <b>Reprint No. [X]</b>
<b>exp</b>	= <b>expires/expired</b>	<b>RA</b>	= <b>Reprints Act 1992</b>
<b>gaz</b>	= <b>gazette</b>	<b>reloc</b>	= <b>relocated</b>
<b>hdg</b>	= <b>heading</b>	<b>renu</b>	= <b>renumbered</b>
		<b>m</b>	
<b>ins</b>	= <b>inserted</b>	<b>rep</b>	= <b>repealed</b>
<b>lap</b>	= <b>lapsed</b>	<b>(retro</b>	= <b>retrospectively</b>
		<b>)</b>	
<b>notf</b>	= <b>notified</b>	<b>rv</b>	= <b>revised version</b>
<b>d</b>			
<b>num</b>	= <b>numbered</b>	<b>s</b>	= <b>section</b>

<b>Key</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>Key</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
<b>o in c</b>	= <b>order in council</b>	<b>sch</b>	= <b>schedule</b>
<b>om</b>	= <b>omitted</b>	<b>sdiv</b>	= <b>subdivision</b>
<b>orig</b>	= <b>original</b>	<b>SIA</b>	= <b>Statutory Instruments Act 1992</b>
<b>p</b>	= <b>page</b>	<b>SIR</b>	= <b>Statutory Instruments Regulation 2012</b>
<b>para</b>	= <b>paragraph</b>	<b>SL</b>	= <b>subordinate legislation</b>
<b>prec</b>	= <b>preceding</b>	<b>sub</b>	= <b>substituted</b>
<b>pres</b>	= <b>present</b>	<b>unnum</b>	= <b>unnumbered</b>
		<b>m</b>	
<b>prev</b>	= <b>previous</b>		

### 3 Table of reprints

A new reprint of the legislation is prepared by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel each time a change to the legislation takes effect.

The notes column for this reprint gives details of any discretionary editorial powers under the **Reprints Act 1992** used by the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel in preparing it. Section 5(c) and (d) of the Act are not mentioned as they contain mandatory requirements that all amendments be included and all necessary consequential amendments be incorporated, whether of punctuation, numbering or another kind. Further details of the use of any discretionary editorial power noted in the table can be obtained by contacting the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel by telephone on 3003 9601 or email [legislation.queries@oqpc.qld.gov.au](mailto:legislation.queries@oqpc.qld.gov.au).

From 29 January 2013, all Queensland reprints are dated and authorised by the Parliamentary Counsel. The previous numbering system and distinctions between printed and electronic reprints is not continued with the relevant details for historical reprints included in this table.

<b>Reprint No.</b>	<b>Amendments to</b>	<b>Effective</b>	<b>Reprint date</b>
1	1998 Act No. 47	8 March 1999	8 March 1999
1A	1999 Act No. 42	1 December 1999	7 December 1999

<b>Reprint No.</b>	<b>Amendments to</b>	<b>Effective</b>	<b>Reprint date</b>
1B	2001 Act No. 45	15 July 2001	7 August 2001
<b>Reprint No.</b>	<b>Amendments included</b>	<b>Effective</b>	<b>Notes</b>
1C	2002 Act No. 75	13 December 2002	R1C withdrawn, see R2
2	—	13 December 2002	
2A	2003 Act No. 59	21 May 2004	
2B	2005 Act No. 18	19 May 2005	R2B withdrawn, see R3
3	—	19 May 2005	
3A	2008 Act No. 25	1 August 2008	R3A withdrawn, see R4
4	—	1 August 2008	
4A	2009 Act No. 9	1 July 2009	
4B	2011 Act No. 39	24 November 2011	
4C	2010 Act No. 44	30 January 2012	
<b>Current as at</b>	<b>Amendments included</b>	<b>Notes</b>	
1 July 2014	2014 Act No. 25		

## **4 List of legislation**

### **University of Southern Queensland Act 1998 No. 6**

date of assent 12 March 1998

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 8 March 1999 (1999 SL No. 16)

amending legislation—

### **University of the Sunshine Coast Act 1998 No. 47 ss 1–2 pt 10**

date of assent 27 November 1998  
commenced on date of assent

**Road Transport Reform Act 1999 No. 42 ss 1–2(1), 54(3) sch pt 3**

date of assent 2 September 1999  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
remaining provisions commenced 1 December 1999 (see s 2(1))

**Corporations (Ancillary Provisions) Act 2001 No. 45 ss 1–2, 29 schs 2–3**

date of assent 28 June 2001  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
sch 3 commenced 15 July 2001 (see s 2(2) of Act 2001 No. 45 (Qld) and Corporations Act 2001 No. 50 (Cwlth) and proc pubd Cwlth of Australia gaz 13 July 2001, No. S285)  
remaining provisions commenced immediately before 15 July 2001 (see s 2(1) of Act 2001 No. 45 (Qld) and Corporations Act 2001 No. 50 (Cwlth) and proc pubd Cwlth of Australia gaz 13 July 2001, No. S285)

**Education (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2002 No. 75 s 1, pt 11, s 74 sch**

date of assent 13 December 2002  
commenced on date of assent

**Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2003 No. 59 ss 1–2, 103 sch 1**

date of assent 18 September 2003  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
remaining provisions commenced 21 May 2004 (2004 SL No. 56)

**University Legislation Amendment Act 2005 No. 18 pts 1, 7, s 165 sch**

date of assent 19 May 2005  
commenced on date of assent

**Higher Education (General Provisions) Act 2008 No. 25 ss 1–2, 164 sch 1**

date of assent 9 May 2008  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
remaining provisions commenced 1 August 2008 (2008 SL No. 242)

**Financial Accountability Act 2009 No. 9 ss 1, 2(2), 136 sch 1**

date of assent 28 May 2009  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2009 (2009 SL No. 80)

**Personal Property Securities (Ancillary Provisions) Act 2010 No. 44 ss 1–2, ch 4 pt 9**

date of assent 14 October 2010  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent  
remaining provisions commenced 30 January 2012 (2011 SL No. 262)

**Education and Training Legislation Amendment Act 2011 No. 39 s 1, pt 9**

date of assent 24 November 2011  
commenced on date of assent

**Further Education and Training Act 2014 No. 25 ss 1–2, 223 sch 1 pt 2**

date of assent 21 May 2014  
ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2014 (2014 SL No. 102)

## **5 List of annotations**

### **Delegation**

s 11 amd 2005 No. 18 s 117

### **Membership of council**

s 12 sub 2005 No. 18 s 118

### **Official members**

s 13 sub 2005 No. 18 s 118

### **Appointed members**

s 14 amd 2005 No. 18 s 119

### **Elected members**

s 15 amd 2005 No. 18 s 120

### **Additional members**

s 16 sub 2005 No. 18 s 121

### **When council is taken to be properly constituted**

s 17 amd 2005 No. 18 s 122

### **Appointed member's term of office**

s 18 amd 2005 No. 18 s 123

### **Elected member's term of office**

s 19 amd 2005 No. 18 s 124

### **Additional member's term of office**

s 20 sub 2005 No. 18 s 125

### **Dealing with casual vacancy in office of elected member**

s 20A ins 2002 No. 75 s 68

amd 2005 No. 18 ss 125A, 165 sch

### **Failure to elect elected member**

s 21 amd 2002 No. 75 s 69

sub 2005 No. 18 s 126

### **Casual vacancies**

s 22 amd 2002 No. 75 s 74 sch

### **Ineligibility for membership of council**

s 23 sub 2005 No. 18 s 127

### **Vacation of office**

s 24 amd 2005 No. 18 s 128

### **Discretion where appointed member convicted of indictable offence**

s 25 amd 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch



**Discretion where elected or additional member convicted of indictable offence**

s 26 amd 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**Division 4—Members' function, and removing elected, appointed and additional members from office**

div hdg (prev div 3A) ins 2005 No. 18 s 129

renum 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**Member's function, and obligations about function**

s 26A ins 2005 No. 18 s 129

**Council may remove member from office**

s 26B ins 2005 No. 18 s 129

**Division 5—Extending terms of office**

div hdg (prev div 3B) ins 2005 No. 18 s 129

renum 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**Minister may extend terms of office**

s 26C ins 2005 No. 18 s 129

**Division 6—Meetings of the council**

div hdg (prev div 4) renum 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**Chancellor**

s 30 amd 2005 No. 18 s 130

**Deputy chancellor**

s 31 amd 2005 No. 18 s 131

**PART 4—BODIES CONNECTED WITH THE UNIVERSITY****Chairperson of academic board**

s 39A (prev s 39AA) ins 2005 No. 18 s 132

renum 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**Division 4—Application of Corporations legislation to bodies**

div hdg ins 2001 No. 45 s 29 sch 3

**Excluded matters for Corporations legislation**

s 39B (prev s 39A) ins 2001 No. 45 s 29 sch 3

renum 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

**PART 4A—MATTERS RELATING TO OFFICES OF CHANCELLOR, DEPUTY CHANCELLOR, VICE-CHANCELLOR AND CHAIRPERSON**

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**Making of university statutes**

s 56 amd 2005 No. 18 s 134

**Forming and taking part in corporations**

s 60 amd 2001 No. 45 s 29 schs 2–3; 2005 No. 18 s 135

**Protection from liability**

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**Report about person's criminal history**

s 61B ins 2005 No. 18 s 136

**Delegation by Minister**

s 61C ins 2005 No. 18 s 136

**PART 8—REPEAL AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS**

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**Division 1—Repeal provision, and transitional provisions before the University  
Legislation Amendment Act 2005**

div hdg ins 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

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def *appointed member* om 1998 No. 47 s 88(1)

def *commencing day* sub 2005 No. 18 s 165 sch

def *ex-officio member* om 1998 No. 47 s 88(1)

def *previous council* ins 1998 No. 47 s 88(2)

**Chancellor, deputy chancellor and vice-chancellor**

s 71 sub 1998 No. 47 s 89

**Appointed members of council**

s 72 prev s 72 exp 25 June 1998 (see s 72(5))

pres s 72 ins 1998 No. 47 s 89

**Elected members of council**

s 72A ins 1998 No. 47 s 89

**Elected members representing alumni association**

s 72B ins 1998 No. 47 s 89

**President of student association**

s 72C ins 1998 No. 47 s 89

**Division 2—Transitional provisions for the University Legislation Amendment Act  
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div hdg ins 2005 No. 18 s 137

**Subdivision 1—Preliminary**

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**Definitions for div 2**

s 77 prev s 77 om 1998 No. 47 s 90

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- def *commencement* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
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- def *continuing corporation* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *conviction* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *elected member* amd 2005 No. 18 s 138(3)
- def *former corporation* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *higher education award* amd 2003 No. 59 s 103 sch 1  
sub 2008 No. 25 s 164 sch 1; 2014 No. 25 s 223 sch 1 pt 2
- def *indictable offence* ins 2002 No. 75 s 74 sch  
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- def *new additional members* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *new appointed members* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *notice* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *official traffic sign* amd 1999 No. 42 s 54(3) sch pt 3
- def *owner* amd 1999 No. 42 s 54(3) sch pt 3
- def *pre-amended Act* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
- def *previous council* ins 2005 No. 18 s 138(2)
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