



Queensland

Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011

Reprinted as in force on 1 August 2012

Reprint No. 1B

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This regulation is reprinted as at 1 August 2012. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- **when provisions commenced**
- **editorial changes made in earlier reprints.**

Spelling

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Queensland

Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011

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Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 1 August 2012]

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011*.

2 Commencement

- (1) The following provisions commence on 1 December 2011—
 - (a) part 3, divisions 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7;
 - (b) parts 4, 5 and 8;
 - (c) schedules 4, 5, 6, and 9, parts 2 and 3.
- (2) Schedule 9, part 1, commences on 2 December 2011.

3 Definitions

The dictionary in schedule 9 defines particular words used in this regulation.

Part 2 Types of waste

4 What is *commercial and industrial waste*

- (1) For the Act, schedule, definition *commercial and industrial waste*, waste is commercial and industrial waste if it is

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generated as a result of carrying out any of the following activities—

- (a) manufacturing and industrial processes;
 - (b) mining;
 - (c) wholesale or retail trading;
 - (d) sorting, resource recovery, reprocessing and recycling operations;
 - (e) activities carried out at a domestic premises under a commercial arrangement;
 - (f) accommodation services;
 - (g) hospitality services, including catering;
 - (h) primary industries, including agricultural, forestry and fishing;
 - (i) veterinary science under the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1936*, section 2A;
 - (j) health services, including operating a nursing home;
 - (k) educational services;
 - (l) activities carried out by charities;
 - (m) activities carried out at churches;
 - (n) organising concerts and other entertainment events;
 - (o) other business activities, including administrative services.
- (2) However, waste is not commercial and industrial waste if it is construction and demolition waste.

5 What is *construction and demolition waste*

- (1) ***Construction and demolition waste*** is waste generated as a result of carrying out building work within the meaning of the *Building Act 1975*, section 5.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that for the purpose of this regulation construction and demolition waste includes waste

generated by building, repairing, altering, or demolishing infrastructure for roads, bridges, tunnels, sewage, water, electricity, telecommunications, airports, docks or rail.

6 Regulated waste

- (1) The section prescribes waste that is regulated waste for the Act, schedule, definition *regulated waste*.
- (2) Waste is regulated waste if it—
 - (a) is commercial and industrial waste or construction and demolition waste, whether or not it has been immobilised or treated; and
 - (b) is or contains—
 - (i) a substance of a type mentioned in schedule 1; or
 - (ii) a chemical compound containing an element that is a substance of a type mentioned in schedule 1; or
 - (iii) anything that contains residues of a substance of a type mentioned in schedule 1.
- (3) However, regulated waste does not include acid sulfate soil or contaminated soil.
- (4) If waste is mixed with regulated waste before being delivered to a levyable waste disposal site, the waste, on and from its delivery, is also taken to be regulated waste.

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Part 3 Waste levy

Division 3 Rate of waste levy

15 Rate of waste levy for types of waste—Act, s 38

The rate of waste levy for each type of waste delivered to a levyable waste disposal site or disposed of to landfill at a levyable waste disposal site, on or after 1 July 2012, is nil.

Division 4 Waste levy zone

16 Local government areas comprising the waste levy zone—Act, s 40

The local government area of each local government mentioned in schedule 5 comprises the waste levy zone.

Division 6 Movement of waste

35 Prescribed movements of waste—Act, s 44

- (1) For the Act, section 44(2)(d), the movement, within a levyable waste disposal site, of waste from a general stockpile of waste for an authorised on-site use is prescribed.
- (2) Also, for the Act, section 44(2)(d), the movement, within a levyable waste disposal site, of waste from landfill at the site to the general stockpile of waste is prescribed.
- (3) In this section—

general stockpile of waste means a stockpile of waste at a levyable waste disposal site other than any of the following that is stockpiled separately to other types of waste—

- (a) green waste;
- (b) disaster management waste;

-
- (c) clean earthen material.

Division 7 Measurement of waste other than by weighbridge

36 Weight measurement criteria—Act, s 45

- (1) For the Act, section 45(2), the weight measurement criteria prescribed are the criteria—
- (a) for a delivery vehicle other than a skip-bin truck—in schedule 6, table 1; or
 - (b) for a skip-bin truck—in schedule 6, table 2.
- (2) Under the weight measurement criteria, the weight of waste is—
- (a) for a delivery vehicle other than a skip-bin truck—depending on the weight of the GVM or GCM of the delivery vehicle, stated in schedule 6, table 1, columns 3 to 11, opposite the type of delivery vehicle and waste; or
 - (b) for a skip-bin truck—the weight, in tonnes, equal to the total capacity of the skip-bins, in cubic metres, delivered by the skip-bin truck multiplied by the weight stated in schedule 6, table 2, column 2, opposite the type of waste.

Examples for paragraph (b)—

- 1 A skip-bin truck delivers 1 skip-bin containing C&I. The skip-bin has a capacity of 10 cubic metres. The weight of the waste, under the weight measurement criteria, is 1.5t.
 - 2 A skip-bin truck delivers 2 skip-bins containing C&I. Each skip-bin has a capacity of 5 cubic metres. The weight of the waste, under the weight measurement criteria, is 1.5t.
- (3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the weight measurement criteria in schedule 6, table 2, column 2 applies to the capacity of a skip-bin regardless of the actual volume of waste in the skip-bin.

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Division 8 Resource recovery areas

37 Prescribed activities for resource recovery areas—Act, s 61

- (1) The following activities are prescribed for the Act, section 61(a)(iv)—
- (a) operating a tip shop;
 - (b) a recycling activity;
 - (c) treating contaminated soil to render the soil non-hazardous or less hazardous.
- (2) In this section—
- tip shop* means a store for the sale of used, recycled or second-hand goods which have been diverted from disposal in a landfill.

38 Requirement for resource recovery areas—Act, s 61

The requirement prescribed for the Act, section 61(d) is that the total area of all resource recovery areas at the waste facility must not be more than the smaller of the following—

- (a) 50000 square metres;
- (b) 25% of the total area of the waste facility.

Part 4 Strategic planning for waste reduction and recycling

39 Prescribed planning entity—Act, s 139

- (1) The following sectors of entities are prescribed for the Act, section 139(2)—
- (a) blood banks;

- (b) hospitals;
 - (c) laboratories that generate clinical waste;
 - (d) multi-service medical clinics;
 - (e) veterinary hospitals.
- (2) In this section—

blood bank means premises or a vehicle for receiving blood donations.

hospital has the meaning given by the *Hospitals and Health Boards Act 2011*, schedule 2 and includes a dental hospital or hospice.

multi-service medical clinic means a medical centre that provides specialist procedures including radiology, pathology or surgical procedures.

veterinary hospital means premises at which veterinary science, within the meaning of the *Veterinary Surgeons Act 1936*, is practised.

Part 5 Reporting about waste management

40 Prescribed sector of reporting entities—Act, s 150

For the Act, section 150(2), the following sectors of entities are prescribed for a financial year—

- (a) entities carrying out a recycling activity during the financial year;
- (b) entities required, during the financial year, to hold a registration certificate under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* for any of the following activities—
 - (i) crushing, milling, grinding or screening;
 - (ii) regulated waste recycling or reprocessing;

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- (iii) regulated waste treatment;
- (iv) waste incineration and thermal treatment;
- (v) waste transfer station operation;
- (c) waste facilities required, during the financial year, to hold a registration certificate under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* for the disposal of waste at the facility.

41 Prescribed threshold for reporting entities—Act, s 150

- (1) For the Act, section 150(4)(a), the threshold prescribed is that an entity received, sorted, recycled, treated or disposed of at least 1000 tonnes of waste in the financial year immediately preceding the reporting year.

- (2) In this section—

reporting year means a financial year for which a reporting entity has an obligation to give the chief executive a report in compliance with the requirements under chapter 7, part 2, division 2 of the Act.

Part 6 Miscellaneous

42 Prescribed persons—Act, s 183

For the Act, section 183(1)(c), the following persons are prescribed—

- (a) a council employee under the *City of Brisbane Act 2010*;
- (b) a local government employee under the *Local Government Act 2009*.

**43 Prescribed commercial activity—Act, schedule, definition
*municipal solid waste***

The following commercial activities are prescribed for the Act, schedule, definition *municipal solid waste*, item 2, paragraph (c)—

- (a) sorting of waste;
- (b) resource recovery from waste;
- (c) reprocessing and recycling operations.

**44 Prescribed recycling activity—Act, schedule, definition
*recycling activity***

(1) The following activities are prescribed for the Act, schedule, definition *recycling activity*, paragraph (j)—

- (a) mulching green waste;
- (b) recycling construction and demolition waste;
- (c) recycling mattresses;
- (d) composting and soil conditioner manufacturing.

(2) In this section—

composting and soil conditioner manufacturing means manufacturing, from organic material or organic waste, compost or soil conditioners other than—

- (a) manufacturing mushroom growing substrate; or
- (b) composting material from agriculture or livestock on the site where the material is produced.

organic waste—

- (a) includes the following—
 - (i) a substance used for manufacturing fertiliser for agricultural, horticultural or garden use;
 - (ii) animal manure;
 - (iii) biosolids;
 - (iv) cardboard and paper waste;

[s 45]

- (v) fish processing waste;
 - (vi) food and food processing waste;
 - (vii) plant material;
 - (viii) poultry processing waste;
 - (ix) waste generated from an abattoir; but
- (b) does not include—
- (i) clinical waste; or
 - (ii) related waste; or
 - (iii) contaminated soil; or
 - (iv) organic chemicals, other than a substance mentioned in paragraph (a)(i); or
- Examples of organic chemicals for subparagraph (iv)—*
- chlorinated hydrocarbons, lubricating greases, pesticides,
tars
- (v) plastics that are not compostable.

45 Fees

The fees payable under the Act are in schedule 7.

Schedule 1 Regulated waste

section 6

- 1 acidic solutions and acids in solid form
- 2 animal effluent and residues, including abattoir effluent and poultry and fish processing wastes
- 3 antimony and antimony compounds
- 4 arsenic and arsenic compounds
- 5 asbestos
- 6 barium compounds, other than barium sulfate
- 7 basic (alkaline) solutions and bases (alkalis) in solid form
- 8 beryllium and beryllium compounds
- 9 boron compounds
- 10 cadmium and cadmium compounds
- 11 chemical waste arising from a research and development or teaching activity, including new or unidentified material and material whose effects on human health or the environment are not known
- 12 chlorates
- 13 chromium compounds (hexavalent and trivalent)
- 14 clinical and related waste
- 15 containers contaminated with a regulated waste
- 16 copper compounds
- 17 cyanides (inorganic)
- 18 cyanides (organic)
- 19 encapsulated, chemically-fixed, solidified or polymerised wastes
- 20 ethers

Schedule 1

- 21 filter cake, other than filter cake waste generated from the treatment of raw water for the supply of drinking water
- 22 fly ash
- 23 food processing waste
- 24 grease trap waste
- 25 halogenated organic solvents
- 26 highly odorous organic chemicals, including mercaptans and acrylates
- 27 inorganic fluorine compounds, other than calcium fluoride
- 28 inorganic sulfides
- 29 isocyanate compounds
- 30 lead and lead compounds including lead-acid batteries
- 31 material containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCNs), polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) or polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)
- 32 mercury and mercury compounds
- 33 metal carbonyls
- 34 mineral oils
- 35 nickel compounds
- 36 non-toxic salts, including, for example, saline effluent
- 37 hydrocarbons and water mixtures or emulsions, including oil and water mixtures or emulsions
- 38 organic phosphorous compounds
- 39 organic solvents, other than halogenated solvents, including, for example, ethanol
- 40 organohalogen compounds, other than another substance stated in this schedule
- 41 oxidising agents
- 42 perchlorates
- 43 pesticides, including organochlorine

- 44 pharmaceuticals, drugs and medicines
- 45 phenols and phenol compounds, including chlorophenols
- 46 phosphorus compounds, other than mineral phosphates
- 47 polychlorinated dibenzo-furan (any congener)
- 48 polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin (any congener)
- 49 reactive chemicals
- 50 reducing agents
- 51 residues from industrial waste treatment or disposal operations
- 52 selenium and selenium compounds
- 53 sewage sludge and residues, including nightsoil and septic tank sludge
- 54 surface active agents (surfactants) containing principally organic constituents, whether or not also containing metals and other inorganic materials
- 55 tallow
- 56 tannery wastes, including leather dust, ash, sludges and flours
- 57 tarry residues arising from refining, distillation or any pyrolytic treatment
- 58 tellurium and tellurium compounds
- 59 thallium and thallium compounds
- 60 triethylamine catalysts for setting foundry sands
- 61 tyres
- 62 vanadium compounds
- 63 vegetable oils
- 64 waste containing peroxides other than hydrogen peroxide
- 65 waste from a heat treatment or tempering operation that uses cyanides
- 66 waste from surface treatment of metals or plastics

Schedule 1

- 67 waste from the manufacture, formulation or use of the following—
- biocides or phytopharmaceuticals
 - inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers or varnish
 - organic solvents
 - photographic chemicals or processing materials
 - resins, latex, plasticisers, glues or other adhesives
 - wood-preserving chemicals
- 68 waste from the manufacture or preparation of pharmaceutical products
- 69 waste of an explosive nature, other than an explosive within the meaning of the *Explosives Act 1999*
- 70 wool scouring wastes
- 71 zinc compounds

Schedule 5 Levy zones

section 16

- 1 Banana Shire Council
- 2 Brisbane City Council
- 3 Bundaberg Regional Council
- 4 Burdekin Shire Council
- 5 Cairns Regional Council
- 6 Cassowary Coast Regional Council
- 7 Central Highlands Regional Council
- 8 Charters Towers Regional Council
- 9 Fraser Coast Regional Council
- 10 Gladstone Regional Council
- 11 Gold Coast City Council
- 12 Goondiwindi Regional Council
- 13 Gympie Regional Council
- 14 Hinchinbrook Shire Council
- 15 Ipswich City Council
- 16 Isaac Regional Council
- 17 Lockyer Valley Regional Council
- 18 Logan City Council
- 19 Mackay Regional Council
- 20 Moreton Bay Regional Council
- 21 Mount Isa City Council
- 22 North Burnett Regional Council
- 23 Redland City Council
- 24 Rockhampton Regional Council

Schedule 5

- 25 Scenic Rim Regional Council
- 26 Somerset Regional Council
- 27 South Burnett Regional Council
- 28 Southern Downs Regional Council
- 29 Sunshine Coast Regional Council
- 30 Tablelands Regional Council
- 31 Toowoomba Regional Council
- 32 Townsville City Council
- 33 Western Downs Regional Council
- 34 Whitsunday Regional Council

Schedule 6 Weight measurement criteria

section 36

Table 1—Weight measurement criteria for delivery vehicles other than skip-bin trucks

Vehicle type	Waste type	GVM or GCM (t)								
		≤4.5	>4.5 ≤10.0	>10.0 ≤16.0	>16.0 ≤23.5	>23.5 ≤28.0	>28.0 ≤40.0	>40.0 ≤43.5	>43.5 ≤51.0	>51.0
articulated motor vehicle	any type or mixture of waste	—	1t	3t	8t	12t	21t	24.75t	30.5t	41t
car	any type or mixture of waste	0.05t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
car towing a trailer	any type or mixture of waste	0.25t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
compactor truck	any type or mixture of waste	—	1t	2.25t	5.25t	9.5t	13.25t	—	—	—
light commercial vehicle	MSW or C&I or any mixture of only MSW and C&I	0.75t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
light commercial vehicle	C&D or any mixture of waste that includes C&D	1.25t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
rigid truck	MSW or C&I or any mixture of only MSW and C&I	—	1.75t	3.25t	5t	8.75t	12.5t	—	—	—
rigid truck	C&D or any mixture of waste that includes C&D	—	3.75t	7t	11t	13.75t	19.75t	—	—	—

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Schedule 6

rigid truck towing a trailer	any type or mixture of waste	—	1t	3t	8t	12t	21t	24.75t	30.5t	41t
van or ute	any type or mixture of waste	0.2t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
van or ute towing a trailer	any type or mixture of waste	0.4t	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 2—Weight measurement criteria for skip-bin trucks

Waste type	Per cubic metre of total capacity of skip-bin delivered on skip-bin truck
MSW or C&I or any mixture of only MSW and C&I	0.15t
C&D or any mixture of waste that includes C&D	0.25t

Schedule 7 Fees

section 45

	\$
3 Application for accreditation (Act, s 89(2)(c))	321.80
4 Application for a specific approval of a resource (Act, s 157(2)(d))—	
(a) for irrigation of a liquid resource to land as a soil conditioner or fertiliser—	
(i) if the resource is a result of coal seam gas extraction.	14 697.00
(ii) otherwise	5 883.00
(b) for application of sludge or soil resource to land as a soil conditioner or fertiliser—	
(i) if the resource is biosolids.	2 211.00
(ii) otherwise	5 883.00
(c) for using a resource for an industrial activity—	
(i) if associated with the carrying out of an ERA	2 945.00
(ii) otherwise	4 414.00
(d) for using a resource for augmenting water supply.	51 419.00
(e) otherwise	2 211.00
5 Application to transfer the benefit of an approval (Act, s 168(2)(d))	106.60
6 Application to amend an approval (Act, s 168(2)(d))—	

Schedule 7

\$

- (a) for an amendment of a condition to add a new site 50% of the application fee mentioned in item 4
- (b) for any other amendment 25% of the application fee mentioned in item 4

Schedule 9 Dictionary

section 3

acid sulfate soil means soil or sediment containing iron sulfides that produces sulphuric acid when exposed to air.

animal waste means any discarded materials, including carcasses, body parts, blood or bedding, originating from animals contaminated with an agent infectious to humans or from animals inoculated during research, production of biologicals or pharmaceutical testing with infectious agents.

articulated motor vehicle see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, schedule 4.

authorised on-site use, in relation to waste, means the use of the waste at a levyable waste disposal site for—

- (a) daily cover, progressive capping, batter construction, final capping, profiling or site rehabilitation (each a ***site activity***) but only if—
 - (i) if a relevant environmental approval for the facility includes requirements about material for a site activity—the material is needed to carry out the site activity as required by the relevant environmental approval for the facility; or
 - (ii) otherwise—the material is required to carry out the site activity in compliance with the requirements of the guideline ‘ERA 60—Waste disposal: Landfill siting, design, operation and rehabilitation’; or
- (b) building work, under the *Building Act 1975*, that is ancillary to the operation of the site.

biosolids—

- (a) means stabilised organic solids produced by wastewater treatment processes; but

- (b) does not include untreated wastewater sludge, industrial sludge or by-products from high temperature incineration of sewerage sludge.

car means a motor vehicle (other than a motorbike, light commercial vehicle or van or ute) that—

- (a) is not more than 4.5t GVM; and
- (b) is built or fitted to carry no more than 12 adults, including the driver.

C&D means construction and demolition waste.

C&I means commercial and industrial waste.

chemical see the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2008*, schedule 12.

chemical waste means waste generated from the use of chemicals in medical, dental, veterinary and laboratory procedures, including, for example, mercury, formalin and gluteraldehyde.

clinical waste means waste that has the potential to cause disease, including, for example, the following—

- (a) animal waste;
- (b) discarded sharps;
- (c) human tissue waste;
- (d) laboratory waste.

compactor truck means a truck constructed, fitted or equipped with a mechanism for compacting the waste carried on the truck.

construction and demolition waste see section 5.

delivery vehicle means a type of vehicle—

- (a) mentioned in schedule 6, table 1, column 1 or a skip-bin truck; and
- (b) in which waste is delivered to a levyable waste disposal site, or moved under a movement of a type mentioned in section 44(2)(a), (b), (c) or (d) of the Act.

development approval means a development approval under the *Sustainable Planning Act 2009*.

GCM see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2010*, schedule 8.

GVM see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, schedule 4.

human tissue waste means the following—

- (a) tissue, blood, blood products and other body fluids that are removed from a person during surgery, an autopsy or another medical procedure;
- (b) tissue, blood, blood products and other body fluids that are removed from a person during post-operative care or treatment;
- (c) specimens of tissue, blood, blood products and other body fluids and containers in which the specimens are kept;
- (d) discarded material saturated with, or containing free-flowing blood and other body fluids.

laboratory waste means a specimen or culture discarded in the course of dental, medical or veterinary practice or research, including material that is, or has been contaminated by, genetically manipulated material or imported biological material.

light commercial vehicle means a motor vehicle (other than a car or motorbike) that—

- (a) is more than 4t but not more than 4.5t GVM; and
- (b) is constructed, fitted or equipped for the carriage of goods.

motorbike see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, schedule 4.

motor vehicle see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, schedule 4.

MSW means municipal solid waste.

pharmaceutical product means a restricted drug under the *Health (Drugs and Poisons) Regulation 1996*.

related waste means waste that constitutes, or is contaminated with, chemicals, cytotoxic drugs, human body parts, pharmaceutical products or radioactive substances.

relevant environmental approval, for a facility, means an approval granted under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* for waste disposal at the facility.

rigid truck means any truck, other than an articulated motor vehicle, compactor truck or skip-bin truck.

skip-bin means an open bin designed to be temporarily left at a site for the collection of waste and transported by a truck that is specifically constructed, equipped or fitted to transport the bin.

skip-bin truck means a truck (other than a compactor truck) constructed, fitted or equipped to carry a skip-bin.

trailer means a vehicle that is built to be towed, or is towed, by a motor vehicle, but does not include a motor vehicle being towed.

truck means a motor vehicle with a GVM over 4.5t.

van or ute means a motor vehicle (other than a car or motorbike) that—

- (a) is, or is not more than, 4t GVM; and
- (b) is constructed, fitted or equipped for the carriage of goods.

vehicle see the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, schedule 4.

Endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 1 August 2012. Future amendments of the Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amdt	= amendment	prov	= provision
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No. [X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renum	= renumbered
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro)	= retrospectively
notfd	= notified	rv	= revised edition
num	= numbered	s	= section
o in c	= order in council	sch	= schedule
om	= omitted	sdiv	= subdivision
orig	= original	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
p	= page	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
para	= paragraph	SL	= subordinate legislation
prec	= preceding	sub	= substituted
pres	= present	unnum	= unnumbered
prev	= previous		

4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
0A	none	18 November 2011	majority of provs commenced
0B	none	1 December 2011	certain provs commenced
1	2011 SL No. 231 2011 SL No. 258	2 December 2011	
1A	2012 SL No. 77 2012 SL No. 90	1 July 2012	
1B	2012 SL No. 114	1 August 2012	

5 List of legislation

Regulatory impact statements

For subordinate legislation that has a regulatory impact statement, specific reference to the statement is included in this list.

Explanatory notes

All subordinate legislation made on or after 1 January 2011 has an explanatory note. For subordinate legislation made before 1 January 2011 that has an explanatory note, specific reference to the note is included in this list.

Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011 SL No. 231

made by the Governor in Council on 17 November 2011

notfd gaz 18 November 2011 pp 547–8

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

pt 3 divs 3–7, pts 4–5, 8, sch 4–6, 9 pts 2–3 commenced 1 December 2011 (see s 2(1))

sch 9 pt 1 commenced 2 December 2011 (see s 2(2))

remaining provisions commenced on date of notification

exp 1 September 2022 (see SIA s 54)

Note—The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.

amending legislation—

Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011 SL No. 231 ss 1, 2(2), 49 sch 9 pt 1

notfd gaz 18 November 2011 pp 547–8

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 2 December 2011 (see s 2(2))

Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2011 SL No. 258

notfd gaz 2 December 2011 pp 658–9
commenced on date of notification

Waste Reduction and Recycling Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2012 SL No. 77

notfd gaz 22 June 2012 pp 364–5
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2012 (see s 2)

Health and Hospitals Network and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1)**2012 SL No. 90 pt 1, s 41 sch**

notfd gaz 29 June 2012 pp 704–10
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2012 (see s 2)

Environment and Heritage Protection Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1)**2012 SL No. 114 pts 1, 5**

notfd gaz 27 July 2012 pp 927–9
ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification
remaining provisions commenced 1 August 2012 (see s 2)

6 List of annotations

Definitions

s 3 amd 2011 SL No. 231 s 49 sch 9 pt 1

What is regulated waste—high hazard

s 7 om 2012 SL No. 77 s 4

What is regulated waste—low hazard

s 8 om 2012 SL No. 77 s 4

What is regulated waste—other

s 9 om 2012 SL No. 77 s 4

Measuring leachate concentration

s 10 om 2012 SL No. 77 s 4

PART 3—WASTE LEVY**Division 1—Prescribed exempt waste**

div 1 (s 11) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 5

Division 2—Identifying exempt waste

div 2 (ss 12–14) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 5

Rate of waste levy for types of waste—Act, s 38

s 15 amd 2012 SL No. 77 s 6

Division 5—Calculating waste levy

div hdg om 2012 SL No. 77 s 7

Endnotes

Subdivision 1—Requirements for calculating the waste levy imposed

sdiv 1 (ss 17–21) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 7

Subdivision 2—Resource recovery deduction

sdiv 2 (ss 22–24) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 7

Subdivision 3—Operational use discount

sdiv 3 (ss 25–27) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 7

Subdivision 4—Other calculations

sdiv 4 (ss 28–34) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 7

Weight measurement criteria—Act, s 45

s 36 amd 2011 SL No. 258 s 3

Prescribed planning entity—Act, s 139

s 39 amd 2012 SL No. 90 s 41 sch

PART 7—TRANSITIONAL MATTERS

pt 7 (ss 46–48) om 2012 SL No. 77 s 8

PART 8—CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

pt 8 (s 49) om 2011 SL No. 231 s 49 sch 9 pt 1

SCHEDULE 2—PRE-CLASSIFIED CATEGORIES OF REGULATED WASTE

om 2012 SL No. 77 s 9

SCHEDULE 3—CONCENTRATION RANGES

om 2012 SL No. 77 s 9

SCHEDULE 4—WASTE LEVY RATES

om 2012 SL No. 77 s 9

SCHEDULE 6—WEIGHT MEASUREMENT CRITERIA

amd 2011 SL No. 258 s 4

SCHEDULE 7—FEES

amd 2012 SL No. 77 s 10

sub 2012 SL No. 114 s 12

SCHEDULE 8—RESIDUE WASTE EFFICIENCY THRESHOLD

amd 2011 SL No. 258 s 5

om 2012 SL No. 77 s 9

SCHEDULE 9—DICTIONARY

sch 9 prev sch 9 amd ROB (see RA ss 40 and 7(1)(k))

om 2011 SL No. 231 s 49 sch 9 pt 1

pres sch 9 (prev sch 10) renum 2011 SL No. 231 s 49 sch 9 pt 1

def “**alternative waste technology facility**” ins 2011 SL No. 258 s 6(1)

om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

def “**CCA**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

def “**delivery vehicle**” amd 2011 SL No. 258 s 6(2)

def “**e-waste**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

def “**glass beneficiation**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

def “**material recovery facility**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

- def “**non-deductible resource recovery**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11
- def “**operational use discount**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11
- def “**regulated waste—high hazard**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11
- def “**regulated waste—low hazard**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11
- def “**regulated waste—other**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11
- def “**rigid truck**” amd 2011 SL No. 258 s 6(3)
- def “**treated clinical waste**” om 2012 SL No. 77 s 11

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