

Queensland



PUBLIC SAFETY PRESERVATION ACT 1986

**Reprinted as in force on 9 May 2003
(includes commenced amendments up to 2003 Act No. 19)**

Reprint No. 1C

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Information about this reprint

This Act is reprinted as at 9 May 2003. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- **when provisions commenced**
- **editorial changes made in earlier reprints.**

Dates shown on reprints

Reprints dated at last amendment All reprints produced on or after 1 July 2002, hard copy and electronic, are dated as at the last date of amendment. Previously reprints were dated as at the date of publication. If a hard copy reprint is dated earlier than an electronic version published before 1 July 2002, it means the legislation was not further amended and the reprint date is the commencement of the last amendment.

If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown for an electronic version previously published, it merely means that the electronic version was published before the hard copy version. Also, any revised edition of the previously published electronic version will have the same date as that version.

Replacement reprint date If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown on another hard copy reprint it means that one is the replacement of the other.

Queensland



**PUBLIC SAFETY PRESERVATION ACT
1986**

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Public Safety Preservation Act 1986

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PUBLIC SAFETY PRESERVATION ACT 1986

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 9 May 2003]

An Act to provide protection for members of the public in situations of emergency that create or may create danger of death, injury or distress to any person, loss of or damage to any property or pollution of the environment and for related purposes

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Public Safety Preservation Act 1986*.

3 Crown bound

This Act binds the Crown.

4 Definitions

In this Act—

“commissioned officer” means any police officer of or above the rank of inspector.

“emergency situation” means—

- (a) any explosion or fire; or
- (b) any oil or chemical spill; or
- (c) any escape of gas, radioactive material or flammable or combustible liquids; or
- (d) any accident involving an aircraft, or a train, vessel or vehicle; or
- (e) any incident involving a bomb or other explosive device or a firearm or other weapon; or

(f) any other accident;

that causes or may cause a danger of death, injury or distress to any person, a loss of or damage to any property or pollution of the environment, includes a situation arising from any report in respect of any of the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) which if proved to be correct would cause or may cause a danger of death, injury or distress to any person, a loss of or damage to any property or pollution of the environment.

“incident coordinator” see section 5.

“premises” includes a building or structure or any part thereof, any tent, caravan, railway rolling stock, motor vehicle or other vehicle, ship, aircraft, vessel, messuage, land, easement and tenement of any tenure.

“resource” means any animal or anything which may provide aid or be of assistance in any emergency situation.

PART 2—EMERGENCY SITUATION

5 Declaration of emergency situation

(1) Subject to section 6, if at any time a commissioned officer (the **“incident coordinator”**) is satisfied on reasonable grounds that an emergency situation has arisen or is likely to arise the commissioned officer may declare that an emergency situation exists in respect of an area specified by the commissioned officer.

(2) The commissioned officer who declares that an emergency situation exists shall be hereinafter referred to as the **“incident coordinator”**.

(3) The incident coordinator, as soon as practicable after he or she declares that an emergency situation exists, shall issue a certificate to this effect signed by the incident coordinator which certificate shall set out the nature of the emergency situation, the time and date it was declared to exist and the area in respect of which it exists.

(4) The declaration that an emergency situation exists shall continue until revoked by the incident coordinator.

(4A) The incident coordinator shall as soon as practicable thereafter, note the time and date of the revocation on the certificate issued pursuant to subsection (3).

(5) The certificate issued in respect of an emergency situation shall be forwarded to the office of the Commissioner of the Police Service within 14 days of the revocation of the declaration of the emergency situation and shall be held in that office for a period of at least 6 years.

6 State Counter-Disaster Organisation Act

(1) A declaration pursuant to section 5 shall not be made in respect of an emergency situation which is being dealt with under a state of disaster declared pursuant to the *State Counter-Disaster Organisation Act 1975*.

(2) A declaration pursuant to section 5 which is in force when a state of disaster is declared pursuant to the *State Counter-Disaster Organisation Act 1975*, shall be revoked by the incident coordinator when the emergency situation can be effectively dealt with under that Act.

7 Power to delegate

(1) If during any period the incident coordinator ceases to act as incident coordinator, the incident coordinator may delegate his or her powers under this Act, (including the power to subdelegate the powers), to a police officer for the period.

(2) However, the incident coordinator may not delegate the power to issue a certificate or make a note on a certificate under section 5.¹

(3) The delegation by the incident coordinator shall remain in force until revoked by the incident coordinator or until the revocation of the declaration referred to in section 5(4), whichever event first occurs.

(4) The incident coordinator shall note details of each delegate, the powers delegated to the delegate and the period of each delegation in writing on the certificate referred to in section 5(3) as soon as practicable after each delegation is revoked or after the revocation of the declaration referred to in section 5(4) as the case may be.

¹ Section 5 (Declaration of emergency situation)

8 Powers of incident coordinator

Where during the period of and in the area specified in respect of an emergency situation the incident coordinator is satisfied on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to effectively deal with that emergency situation he or she (and any other police officer acting on his or her instructions) may—

- (a) direct the owner or the person for the time being in charge or in control of any resource to surrender it and place it under his or her control;
- (b) take control of any resource, whether it is in the charge or control of any person or not;
- (c) in respect of any resource under his or her control, direct any person who is capable of operating that resource to operate it as directed by him or her, provided that a direction shall not be given to any person to operate any resource where the operation of the resource would expose that person to imminent danger;
- (d) direct the evacuation and exclusion of any person or persons from any premises and for this purpose may remove or cause to be removed (using such force as is necessary for that purpose) any person who does not comply with a direction to evacuate or any person who enters, attempts to enter or is found in or on any premises in respect of which a direction for the exclusion of persons has been given;
- (e) close or cause to be closed to traffic and pedestrians, any road, street, motorway, private road, private way, service lane, footway, right of way, access way or other way or close any place to which members of the public have access whether on payment of a fee or otherwise;
- (f) enter or cause to be entered (using such force as is necessary for that purpose) any premises;
- (g) search or cause to be searched (using such force as is necessary for that purpose) any premises and anything found therein or thereon;
- (h) remove or cause to be removed from any premises (using such force as is necessary for that purpose) any animal or anything;
- (i) direct any person to assist him or her in the manner specified by him or her, provided that a direction to assist shall not be given to

any person where to provide assistance as directed would expose that person to imminent danger.

9 Protection of employment rights

(1) A person shall not dismiss from employment any employee by reason only of the employee's absence during the period of an emergency situation where the absence of the employee is as a result of a direction given to him or her pursuant to section 8.

(2) This Act shall not be construed to prejudice any right of action by any person in respect of wrongful dismissal.

(3) For the purpose of calculating the entitlement of any employee to long service leave, sick leave, recreation leave or other benefits to which the employee is entitled, the continuity of service of the employee shall be deemed not to have been broken by reason only of the employee's absence as a result of a direction given to him or her pursuant to section 8.

(4) Where an employee has operated a resource as directed pursuant to section 8(c) or assisted as directed pursuant to section 8(i), his or her employer shall pay the employee wages in respect of the period of that operation or assistance that takes place during the employee's normal working hours as if the employee was acting in the course of his or her usual employment for that employer.

(5) Subsections (1) to (4) apply whether or not the employer in question has consented to the absence of the employee in the circumstances set out therein.

10 Compensation for personal injury

Any person, other than a police officer, who is acting under the direction of the incident coordinator, the acting incident coordinator or any police officer under section 8 is taken, for the *WorkCover Queensland Act 1996*, to be employed by the Commissioner of the Police Service.

11 Compensation for use of or damage to property

(1) Where any property is used or damaged as a result of the exercise by the incident coordinator, the acting incident coordinator or any police officer of the powers set out in section 8, any person who has suffered

financial loss as a result of that use or damage (the “**claimant**”) may make application to the Minister for compensation for that use or damage.

(2) The claimant shall provide details of his or her financial loss to the Minister within 28 days of the notation of the revocation of the emergency situation on the certificate pursuant to section 5(4).

(3) The Governor in Council may either approve an ex gratia payment to the claimant of such amount as the Governor in Council considers appropriate, or may reject the application for compensation.

(4) Compensation payable under this section shall be paid from the consolidated fund (which is hereby to the necessary extent appropriated accordingly).

PART 4—GENERAL PROVISIONS

16 Offences generally

(1) A person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of this Act commits an offence against this Act.

(2) A person who—

- (a) fails to do that which he or she is directed or required to do; or
- (b) does that which he or she is forbidden to do;

by a police officer under the authority of this Act commits an offence against this Act.

(3) A person who commits an offence against this Act is liable to a penalty not exceeding 40 penalty units or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months.

17 Protection from liability

Liability at law shall not attach to the Crown, the Minister, the incident coordinator, any police officer, or any other person on account of any act or thing—

- (a) done or omitted to be done pursuant to this Act; or

- (b) done or omitted to be done bona fide for the purposes of this Act and without negligence.

18 Evidentiary provisions

In a proceeding for the purpose of this Act—

- (a) it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Minister, the incident coordinator or any police officer to do any act or take any proceeding;
- (b) a signature purporting to be that of the Minister, the incident coordinator or any police officer shall be taken to be the signature it purports to be until the contrary is proved;
- (c) a document purporting to be a copy of a certificate declaring an emergency situation pursuant to section 5 shall, upon its production in that proceeding be evidence and in the absence of evidence to the contrary, conclusive evidence of that certificate and of the matters contained therein.

ENDNOTES

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 9 May 2003. Future amendments of the Public Safety Preservation Act 1986 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amdt	= amendment	prov	= provision
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No.[X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renum	= renumbered
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro)	= retrospectively
notfd	= notified	rv	= revised edition
o in c	= order in council	s	= section
om	= omitted	sch	= schedule
orig	= original	sdiv	= subdivision
p	= page	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	= paragraph	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
prec	= preceding	SL	= subordinate legislation
pres	= present	sub	= substituted
prev	= previous	unnum	= unnumbered

4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

TABLE OF REPRINTS

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Reprint date
1	to 1995 Act No. 58	28 November 1995	15 January 1996
1A	to 1996 Act No. 75	1 February 1997	20 February 1997
1B	to 2000 Act No. 5	1 July 2000	1 September 2000 (Column discontinued) Notes
1C	to 2003 Act No. 19	9 May 2003	

5 Tables in earlier reprints

TABLES IN EARLIER REPRINTS

Name of table	Reprint No.
Changed citations and remade laws	1
Changed names and titles	1
Obsolete and redundant provisions	1
Renumbered provisions	1

6 List of legislation

Public Safety Preservation Act 1986 No. 25

date of assent 8 April 1986

commenced on date of assent

amending legislation—

Statute Law Revision Act 1995 (No. 2) No. 58 ss 1–2, 4 sch 1

date of assent 28 November 1995

commenced on date of assent

WorkCover Queensland Act 1996 No. 75 ss 1–2, 535 sch 2

date of assent 12 December 1996

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 February 1997 (1996 SL No. 442)

Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 No. 5 ss 1–2, 461 (prev s 373) sch 3

date of assent 23 March 2000

ss 1–2 commenced on date of assent

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2000 (see s 2(1), (3) and 2000 SL No. 174)

Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2003 No. 19 ss 1, 3 sch

date of assent 9 May 2003

commenced on date of assent

7 List of annotations

Arrangement of Act

s 2 om R1 (see RA s 36)

Definitions

prov hdg sub 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

s 4 def “**incident coordinator**” ins 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1def “**member of the police force**” om 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1def “**Minister**” om 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1**Declaration of emergency situation**

s 5 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

State Counter-Disaster Organisation Act

prov hdg sub 2003 No. 19 s 3 sch

s 6 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1; 2003 No. 19 s 3 sch

Power to delegate

s 7 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

Powers of incident coordinator

s 8 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

Compensation for personal injury

s 10 amd 1996 No. 75 s 535 sch 2

Compensation for use of or damage to property

s 11 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

PART 3—POWERS OF POLICE

pt hdg om 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Name and address

s 12 om 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Assault on police

s 13 om 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Power of arrest

s 14 om 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Finger prints and other particulars

s 15 om 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Offences generally

s 16 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1; 2000 No. 5 s 461 sch 3

Protection from liability

s 17 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1

Evidentiary provisions

s 18 amd 1995 No. 58 s 4 sch 1