

Queensland

Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Bill 2005



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2005

A Bill

for

An Act to provide for water efficiency labelling and the making of water efficiency standards

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The Parliament of Queensland enacts—			
Part	1	Preliminary	2
1	Sho	ort title	3
		This Act may be cited as the Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards Act 2005.	4 5
2	Con	nmencement	6
		This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7
		Note—	8
		This section differs from section 2 of the Commonwealth Act.	9
3	Obj	ects of Act	1(
		The objects of this Act are as follows—	11
		(a) to conserve water supplies by reducing water consumption;	12 13
		(b) to provide information for purchasers of water-use and water-saving products;	14 15
		(c) to promote the adoption of efficient and effective water-use and water-saving technologies.	16 17
4	Act	binds all persons	18
	(1)	This Act binds all persons, including the State, and, so far as the legislative power of the Parliament permits, the Commonwealth and the other States.	19 20 21
	(2)	Nothing in this Act renders the Commonwealth or a State liable to be prosecuted for an offence.	22 23
		Note—	24

This section differs from section 4 of the Commonwealth Act.

E	xterna	l Territories	1
	Note	_	2
		nder section 5 of the Commonwealth Act, that Act extends to every ternal Territory other than Norfolk Island.	3 4
N	umbei	ring	5
(1)		order to maintain consistent numbering between this Act the Commonwealth Act—	6 7
	(a)	if the Commonwealth Act contains a section that is not required in this Act, the provision number and heading to the section appearing in the Commonwealth Act are included in this Act despite the omission of the body of the section; and	8 9 10 11 12
	(b)	if this Act contains a section that is not included in the Commonwealth Act, the section is numbered so as to maintain consistency in numbering between sections common to both Acts.	13 14 15 16
(2)		provision number and heading referred to in subsection a) form part of this Act.	17 18
	Note	s—	19
	1	A note appears under each heading of a kind referred to in subsection (1)(a) describing the omitted section of the Commonwealth Act.	20 21 22
	2	A note appears under each section of a kind referred to in subsection (1)(b) highlighting the non-appearance of an equivalent section in the Commonwealth Act.	23 24 25
	3	This section does not appear in the Commonwealth Act.	26
N	otes ir	ı text	27
	A no	ote in the text of this Act is not part of this Act.	28
	Note		29
	Th	his section does not appear in the Commonwealth Act.	30

6	Applica	tion of the Criminal Code
	Note	s—
	1	Under section 6 of the Commonwealth Act, chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> (Cwlth) applies to offences against that Act.
	2	The Criminal Code of Queensland applies for the purposes of this Act.
	3	Penalties prescribed under this Act are expressed in Queensland penalty units.
Part	2	Interpretation
7	Definition	ons
		dictionary in the schedule defines particular words used nis Act.
	Note	<u> </u>
	Th	his section differs from section 7 of the Commonwealth Act.
Part	3	National WELS scheme
8	WELS s	scheme to be a national cooperative scheme
	coo _j Stat	s Parliament's intention that this Act form a part of a perative scheme between the Commonwealth and the es to provide for national water efficiency labelling and dards.
	Note	_
	Tł	nis section differs from section 8 of the Commonwealth Act.
9	Applica	tion of this Act
	Note	
	Se Ac	ection 9 of the Commonwealth Act provides for the application of that et.

Relation	ship to other State laws	1
law	Act is in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other of the State, whether passed or made before or after the mencement of this section.	2 3 4
Note-	_	5
	ction 10 of the Commonwealth Act deals with the relationship of that it to other Commonwealth laws.	6 7
State ar	nd Territory laws may operate concurrently	8
Note-	_	9
	ction 11 of the Commonwealth Act allows State laws to operate neurrently with that Act.	10 11
Meaning	g of <i>corresponding law</i>	12
A co	rresponding law means—	13
(a)	the Commonwealth Act; or	14
(b)	a corresponding State-Territory law within the meaning of the Commonwealth Act, other than this Act.	15 16
Note-	_	17
Th	is section differs from section 12 of the Commonwealth Act.	18
	nwealth consent to conferral of functions etc. on later or inspectors by corresponding laws	19 20
Note-	_	21
co: du	ction 13 of the Commonwealth Act provides for Commonwealth nsent to the conferral of functions or powers, or the imposition of ties, on the regulator or WELS inspectors by corresponding ate-Territory laws.	22 23 24 25
How du	ty is imposed by corresponding laws	26
Note-	_	27
du	ction 14 of the Commonwealth Act deals with the imposition of ties on the regulator or WELS inspectors by corresponding	28 29

Wh	en a corresponding State-Territory law imposes a duty	1
	Note—	2
	Section 15 of the Commonwealth Act provides a definition of the phrase <i>imposes a duty</i> for the purposes of sections 13 and 14 of that Act.	3 4
No	doubling-up of liabilities	5
(1)	If—	6
	(a) an act or omission is an offence against this Act and is also an offence against the Commonwealth Act; and	7 8
	(b) the offender has been punished for the offence under the Commonwealth Act;	9 10
	the offender is not liable to be punished for the offence under this Act.	11 12
(2)	If a person has been ordered to pay a pecuniary penalty under the Commonwealth Act, the person is not liable to a pecuniary penalty under this Act for the same conduct.	13 14 15
	Note—	16
	This section differs from section 16 of the Commonwealth Act.	17
Re	view of decisions under this Act	18
(1)	A person may apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal established under the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act for review of a reviewable decision if the decision is declared under the regulations made under the Commonwealth Act to be a reviewable State-Territory decision for the Commonwealth Act, section 17.	19 20 21 22 23 24
(2)	The Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, other than part IVA, and the regulations in force under that Act apply as laws of the State for reviewable decisions.	25 26 27
(3)	For this section, a reference in a provision of the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, as the provision applies as a law of the State, to all or any part of part IVA of that Act is taken to be a reference to all or part of that part as it has effect as a law of the Commonwealth.	28 29 30 31

		Notes—	1
		1 The regulations in force mentioned in subsection (2) are those in force from time to time. See the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 14H(2) and the <i>Statutory Instruments Act 1992</i> , section 14(1) and schedule 1.	2 3 4 5
		2 This section differs from section 17 of the Commonwealth Act.	6
Par	t 4	WELS products and WELS standards	7 8
18	WE	ELS products	9
		Note—	10
		Section 18 of the Commonwealth Act enables the Commonwealth Minister to decide that water-use or water-saving products are WELS products and set out the WELS standard for the products.	11 12 13
19	WE	ELS standards	14
		Note—	15
		Section 19 of the Commonwealth Act states what must be set out in WELS standards and enables WELS standards to require products to be registered, and registered products to be WELS-labelled, for specified supplies of the product.	16 17 18 19
20	Meaning of WELS-labelled		
	(1)	A product is WELS-labelled if it is labelled in accordance with requirements set out in the WELS standard for products of that kind.	21 22 23
	(2)	The requirements mentioned in subsection (1) may relate to 1 or more of the following—	24 25
		(a) the characteristics, contents, placement and quality of labels attached to products or displayed on product packaging:	26 27 28

	(b) (c) Note	documents or other material used for, or provided in connection with, the supply of the product; advertising the product. — us section differs from section 20 of the Commonwealth Act.	1 2 3 4 5
Part	t 5	The WELS regulator	6
21	The reg	ulator	7
	Note	_	8
	Se	ction 21 of the Commonwealth Act appoints as the regulator the cretary of the Department of State of the Commonwealth that deals the matters to which the Commonwealth Act relates.	9 10 11
22	Functio	ns of the regulator	12
	Th	e regulator has the following functions—	13
	(a)	to administer the WELS scheme;	14
	(b)	to undertake or commission research in relation to water-use and water-saving products;	15 16
	(c)	to provide advice in relation to deciding that water-use or water-saving products are WELS products;	17 18
	(d)	to undertake or commission research in relation to WELS standards;	19 20
	(e)	to help in the development of WELS standards;	21
	(f)	to provide information and advice to the Minister about the operation of WELS standards;	22 23
	(g)	to provide information and advice about the operation of the WELS scheme to—	24 25
		(i) the Minister; and	26
		(ii) the chief executive; and	27
		(iii) the public:	28

	(h	to undertake or commission research in relation to the effectiveness of WELS standards for reducing water usage;	1 2 3
	(i)	to perform other functions conferred on the regulator under an Act.	4 5
	No	ote—	6
		This section differs from section 22 of the Commonwealth Act.	7
23	Power	rs of the regulator	8
	ne	abject to this Act, the regulator has power to do all things ecessary or convenient to be done for or in connection with erforming the regulator's functions under this Act.	9 10 11
	No	ote—	12
		This section differs from section 23 of the Commonwealth Act.	13
24	Arran	gements with other agencies	14
	th ag th	the regulator may make an arrangement with an agency of the State for the services of officers or employees of the gency to be made available to help the regulator to perform the regulator's functions or exercise the regulator's powers ander this Act.	15 16 17 18 19
	No	ote—	20
		This section differs from section 24 of the Commonwealth Act.	21
25	Deleg	ation	22
	re	he regulator may, in writing, delegate 1 or more of the gulator's powers or functions under this Act to 1 or more of the following—	23 24 25
	(a	an officer or employee of an agency of the State;	26
	(b	an officer or employee of an agency of the Commonwealth;	27 28
	(c	an officer or employee of an agency of another State	20

	(2)	However, the regulator can not, under subsection (1), delegate a power or function to an officer or employee of an agency of the State without the agreement of the State.	1 2 3
	(3)	A delegate of the regulator is, in the exercise of the delegate's delegated powers and functions, subject to the regulator's directions.	4 5 6
		Note—	7
		This section differs from section 25 of the Commonwealth Act.	8
Part	6	Registration of WELS products	9
26	Аp	plying for registration	10
	(1)	The manufacturer of a WELS product may apply in writing to the regulator for registration of the product.	11 12
		Notes—	13
		1 A WELS standard may require products to be registered for the purposes of specified supplies—see section 19(2) of the Commonwealth Act. It is an offence to supply an unregistered product if the product is required to be registered for the purposes of the supply—see section 33.	14 15 16 17 18
		However, if a WELS standard permits a product to be registered for the purposes of specified supplies and the product is registered despite not being required to, WELS-labelling requirements may apply—see section 19(4) of the Commonwealth Act. It is an offence to supply a product that is not WELS-labelled if WELS-labelling requirements apply—see section 34.	19 20 21 22 23 24
		2 Section 39B provides offences in relation to false or misleading statements.	25 26
	(2)	A person who is not the manufacturer of a WELS product is taken to be the manufacturer of the product for subsection (1) and section 31(3)(b) if that person would be taken to be the manufacturer of the product for sections 26(1) and 31(3)(b) of the Commonwealth Act.	27 28 29 30 31
		Note—	32
		This section differs from section 26 of the Commonwealth Act.	33

27		cumentation etc. to be provided with application for jistration	1 2
	(1)	An application for registration of a WELS product must be made in the manner and form decided in writing by the Commonwealth Minister under section 27(1) of the Commonwealth Act, and must be accompanied by—	3 4 5 6
		(a) any documentation, including test results and sample labels, stated in the decision; and	7 8
		(b) any registration fee stated in the decision.	9
	(2)	A decision referred to in subsection (1) may also state conditions (<i>registration conditions</i>) that must be complied with for a product to remain registered.	10 11 12
		Note—	13
		This section differs from section 27 of the Commonwealth Act.	14
28	Re	gistration of products	15
	(1)	If—	16
		(a) an application is made for registration of a WELS product; and	17 18
		(b) the regulator does not refuse to register the product under section 29;	19 20
		the regulator must, by notice published in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette, register the product.	21 22
	(2)	The regulator must give the applicant written notice of the registration or refusal.	23 24
	(3)	If, at the end of the period of 3 months that begins on the day on which the application is made—	25 26
		(a) a notice registering the product has not been published in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette; and	27 28
		(b) the applicant has not been notified, under subsection (2), that the regulator has refused to register the product;	29 30
		the regulator is taken to have refused to register the product.	31

29	Gro	ound	s for refusing to register	1				
		The	regulator may refuse to register a WELS product if—	2				
		(a)	the application is not made in accordance with the applicable decision under section 27(1) of the Commonwealth Act; or	3 4 5				
		(b)	the regulator is not satisfied all of the information provided in the application is accurate; or	6 7				
		(c)	the product does not satisfy a minimum water efficiency or minimum general performance requirement that the product is required to satisfy by the WELS standard for products of that kind.	8 9 10 11				
		Notes	<u>ÿ</u> —	12				
		1	See part 11 (Review of decisions).	13				
		2	This section differs from section 29 of the Commonwealth Act.	14				
30	Period of registration							
	(1)	regis	ess subsection (2) applies, a WELS product that is stered remains registered until the first of the following pens—	16 17 18				
		(a)	the registration is cancelled or suspended under section 31;	19 20				
		(b)	the period of 5 years that begins on the day on which the product is registered ends.	21 22				
	(2)	If—		23				
		(a)	a WELS product is registered under a WELS standard (the <i>first WELS standard</i>); and	24 25				
		(b)	the first WELS standard is replaced;	26				
			product remains registered under the first WELS standard the first of the following happens—	27 28				
		(c)	the product is registered under a WELS standard other than the first WELS standard;	29 30				
		(d)	the period of 1 year that begins on the day on which the first WELS standard was replaced ends.	31 32				

	(3)	stated purposes, the period of 1 year mentioned in section 30(2)(d) of the Commonwealth Act is extended by a further stated period, the period of 1 year mentioned in subsection (2)(d) of this section is extended for the same purposes by the	1 2 3 4 5 6
		Note—	7
		This section differs from section 30 of the Commonwealth Act.	8
31	Ca	ncelling or suspending registration	9
	(1)	The regulator may, by notice published in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette, cancel or suspend the registration of a	1(11 12
		(a) registration conditions are not complied with; or	13
		• •	14 15
		(i) was not accurate at the time of the application; or	16
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17 18
	(2)	WELS product under subsection (1), the regulator must give written notice of the cancellation or suspension to the person	19 20 21 22
	(3)	Commonwealth of Australia Gazette, cancel the registration	23 24 25
		made under section 18(1) of the Commonwealth Act that relates to products of that kind does not require the	26 27 28 29
		registered makes a written request to the regulator for	3(31 32
		-	33
		1 See also part 11 (Review of decisions).	34
		2 This section differs from section 31 of the Commonwealth Act.	35

Part	7		Offences relating to the supply of WELS products	1 2
Divisi	on	1	Applicable WELS standards	3
32	Mea	anin	g of <i>applicable WELS standard</i>	4
	(1)	regi	applicable WELS standard for a WELS product that is stered is the WELS standard under which the product is stered.	5 6 7
	(2)	not rece	applicable WELS standard for a WELS product that is registered is the WELS standard included in the most ant decision made under section 18(1) of the amonwealth Act that relates to products of that kind.	8 9 10 11
Divisi	ion	2	Registration and labelling	12
33	Reg	gistra	ation requirements	13
		A pe	erson commits an offence if—	14
		(a)	the person supplies a WELS product; and	15
		(b)	the applicable WELS standard requires the product to be registered for the purposes of the supply; and	16 17
		(c)	the product is not registered.	18
		Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	19
		Note.	s—	20
		1	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 (Intention—motive) and 24 (Mistake of fact).	21 22
		2	This section differs from section 33 of the Commonwealth Act.	23
34	Lab	ellin	g registered products	24
		A pe	erson commits an offence if—	25
		(a)	the person supplies a WELS product; and	26
		(b)	the product is registered; and	27

	(c)	products to be WELS-labelled for the purposes of the supply; and	1 2 3
	(d)	the product is not WELS-labelled.	4
	Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	5
	Note	s—	6
	1	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 and 24.	7
	2	This section differs from section 34 of the Commonwealth Act.	8
Divi	sion 3	Minimum efficiency and performance requirements	9 10
35	Minimui register	m water efficiency—products required to be ed	11 12
	A pe	erson commits an offence if—	13
	(a)	the person supplies a WELS product; and	14
	(b)	the applicable WELS standard requires the product—	15
		(i) to be registered for the purposes of the supply; and	16
		(ii) to comply with minimum water efficiency requirements for the purposes of the supply; and	17 18
	(c)	the product does not comply with those minimum water efficiency requirements.	19 20
	Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	21
	Note	s—	22
	1	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 and 24.	23
	2	This section differs from section 35 of the Commonwealth Act.	24
36	Minimui register	m general performance—products required to be ed	25 26
	A pe	erson commits an offence if—	27
	(a)	the person supplies a WELS product; and	28
	(b)	the applicable WELS standard requires the product—	29

		(i) to be registered for the purposes of the supply; and	1
		(ii) to comply with general performance requirements for the purposes of the supply; and	2 3
	(c)	the product does not comply with those general performance requirements.	4 5
	Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	6
	Note	s—	7
	1	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 and 24.	8
	2	This section differs from section 36 of the Commonwealth Act.	9
Divi	sion 4	Misuse of WELS standards etc.	10
37	Misuse	of WELS standards and information	11
	A po	erson commits an offence if the person—	12
	(a)	supplies a WELS product; and	13
	(b)	uses a WELS standard, or information included in a WELS standard, for, or in relation to, the supply of the product; and	14 15 16
	(c)	uses the standard, or information, in a manner that is inconsistent with the standard.	17 18
	Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	19
	Note	s—	20
	1	Section 39 sets out circumstances in which information is used for, or in relation to, the supply of a product.	21 22
	2	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 and 24.	23
	3	This section differs from section 37 of the Commonwealth Act.	24
38	Informa	tion inconsistent with WELS standards	25
	A pe	erson commits an offence if—	26
	(a)	the person uses information for, or in relation to, the supply of a WELS product; and	27 28

		(b)	the information is inconsistent with the information contained in the applicable WELS standard for the product.	1 2 3
		Max	ximum penalty—100 penalty units.	4
		Notes	s—	5
		1	Section 39 sets out circumstances in which information is used for, or in relation to, the supply of a product.	6 7
		2	This section does not affect the Criminal Code, sections 23 and 24.	8
		3	This section differs from section 38 of the Commonwealth Act.	9
39	Us	ing ir	nformation in the supply of products	10
	(1)		sections 37 and 38, information is used for, or in relation he supply of a product if the information is conveyed on, y—	11 12 13
		(a)	a label attached to the product; or	14
		(b)	the packaging in which the product is supplied; or	15
		(c)	any document or other material used for, or provided in connection with, the supply of the product; or	1 <i>6</i> 17
		(d)	any advertising that relates to the product.	18
	(2)		section (1) does not limit the general meaning of words I in sections 37 and 38.	19 20
		Note-	_	21
		Th	is section differs from section 39 of the Commonwealth Act.	22
Divi	sion	5	Extensions of criminal responsibility	23 24
			•	
39A	Att	empt	s to commit offences against Act	25
	(1)		erson who attempts to commit an offence (the <i>attempted nce</i>) against this Act commits an offence.	26 27
		Max offer	timum penalty—the maximum penalty for the completed nce.	28 29

(2)	The Note-		inal Code, section 4,1 applies to subsection (1).	1 2
	Thi	is sect	ion does not appear in the Commonwealth Act but a provision ne effect, except as to penalty, is included in section 11.1 of the <i>Code</i> (Cwlth).	3 4 5
Fal	se or	mis	leading information or document	6
(1)		sect ment	ion applies to a person giving information or a	7 8
	(a)		onnection with an application made to the regulator er this Act; or	9 10
	(b)		compliance or purported compliance with this Act, er than part 9, division 4.	11 12
(2)	A pe	rson	must not do either of the following—	13
	(a)	pers	e information, whether orally or in writing, that the son knows to be false or misleading in a material icular;	14 15 16
	(b)	_	another person a document that the person knows to alse or misleading in a material particular without—	17 18
		(i)	telling the other person how it is false or misleading; and	19 20
		(ii)	if the person has, or can reasonably obtain, the correct information, giving the other person the correct information.	21 22 23
	Max	imun	n penalty—100 penalty units.	24
(3)	the	docu eadin	gh for the complaint starting the proceeding to state ment, information or statement was 'false or g' to the defendant's knowledge, without specifying	25 26 27 28
	Note-	_		29
	to t	he sai	ion does not appear in the Commonwealth Act but provisions me effect, except as to penalty, are included in part 7.4 of the <i>Code</i> (Cwlth).	30 31 32

¹ Criminal Code, section 4 (Attempts to commit offences)

Part 8			Other enforcement		
Divi	sion	1	Infringement notices	2	
40	Infi	ringe	ment notices	3	
		Notes	s—	4	
		1	Section 40 of the Commonwealth Act allows a regulation to be made allowing a person who is alleged to have committed an offence against part 7 of that Act to pay a penalty to the Commonwealth as an alternative to prosecution.	5 6 7 8	
		2	The State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999 applies for the purposes of this Act.	9 10	
		3	Infringement notice fines may be given to a person who is alleged to have committed an offence against part 7. Infringement notice offences and the infringement notice fine for each offence are stated in the <i>State Penalties Enforcement Regulation 2000</i> .	11 12 13 14	
Divi	sion	2	Publicising offences	15	
41	Re	gulat	or may publicise offences	16	
	(1)	appr	regulator may publicise, in any way the regulator thinks ropriate, an offence against this Act for which a person has a convicted.	17 18 19	
	(2)	This	division does not—	20	
		(a)	limit the regulator's powers to publicise an offence against this Act; or	21 22	
		(b)	prevent anyone else from publicising an offence against this Act; or	23 24	
		(c)	affect any obligation, however imposed, on anyone to publicise an offence against this Act.	25 26	
	(3)		s section is subject to the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of nders) Act 1986</i> .	27 28	
		Note-	_	29	
		Th	is section differs from section 41 of the Commonwealth Act.	30	

Divi	ision	3 Enforceable undertakings	1
42	Ac	eptance of undertakings	2
	(1)	The regulator may accept a written undertaking given by a person in connection with a matter relating to—	3 4
		(a) complying with a WELS standard; or	5
		(b) complying with a registration condition.	6
	(2)	The person may withdraw or vary the undertaking at any time, but only with the consent of the regulator.	7 8
		Note—	9
		This section differs from section 42 of the Commonwealth Act.	10
43	En	orcement of undertakings	11
	(1)	If the regulator considers that a person who gave an undertaking under section 42 has breached any of its terms, the regulator may apply to the Supreme Court for an order under subsection (2).	12 13 14 15
	(2)	If the Supreme Court is satisfied the person has breached a term of the undertaking, the court may make 1 or more of the following orders—	16 17 18
		(a) an order directing the person to comply with that term of the undertaking;	19 20
		(b) an order directing the person to pay the State an amount up to the amount of any financial benefit that the person has obtained directly or indirectly and that is reasonably attributable to the breach;	21 22 23 24
		(c) any order that the court considers appropriate directing the person to compensate any other person who has suffered loss or damage as a result of the breach;	25 26 27
		(d) any other order the court considers appropriate.	28
		Note—	29
		Section 43 of the Commonwealth Act confers a similar power to enforce	30 31

ועוט	ISION	4 injunctions	1
44	Inj	inctions	2
	(1)	conduct that is or would be an offence against this Act, the Supreme Court may, on the application of the regulator, grant	3 4 5 6
		(a) restraining the person from engaging in the conduct; or	7
		(b) requiring the person to do an act or thing.	8
	(2)	grant an injunction by consent of all parties to the proceedings, whether or not the court is satisfied the person has engaged, is engaging or is about to engage in any conduct	9 10 11 12 13
	(3)	•	14 15
	(4)	condition of granting an interim injunction, to give an	16 17 18
	(5)	The court may discharge or vary an injunction it has granted.	19
	(6)	1 0 1	20 21
		intends to engage again, or to continue to engage, in	22 23 24
			25 26
	(7)		27 28
		intends to fail again, or to continue to fail, to do that act	29 30 31
			32 33

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			danger of substantial damage to any person if the person fails to do that act or thing.	1 2
		Note-	_ _	3
			tion 44 of the Commonwealth Act confers a similar power to grant unctions on the Federal Court of Australia.	4 5
Par	t 9		WELS inspectors	6
Div	ision	1	Appointment of WELS inspectors	7
45	Reg	gulato	or may appoint WELS inspectors	8
	(1)		regulator may, in writing, appoint any of the following as ELS inspector—	9 10
		(a)	an officer or employee of an agency of the State;	11
		(b)	an officer or employee of an agency of the Commonwealth.	12 13
	(2)	empl	ever, the regulator must not appoint an officer or oyee of an agency of the State as a WELS inspector out the agreement of the State.	14 15 16
	(3)	inspe	ector, a WELS inspector must comply with any direction e regulator.	17 18 19
		Notes-	<u> </u>	20
		1	Section 46A provides offences in relation to obstructing or impersonating WELS inspectors.	21 22
		2	This section differs from section 45 of the Commonwealth Act.	23
46	lde	ntity	cards	24
	(1)	The inspe	regulator must issue an identity card to each WELS ector.	25 26
	(2)	The i	identity card must—	27

		the Commonwealth Act; and	2
		(b) contain a recent photograph of the WELS inspector.	3
	(3)	If a person to whom an identity card has been issued ceases to be a WELS inspector, the person must return the identity card to the regulator as soon as practicable unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	4 5 6 7
		Maximum penalty—1 penalty unit.	8
	(4)	A WELS inspector must carry his or her identity card at all times when exercising powers or performing functions as a WELS inspector.	9 10 11
	(5)	A WELS inspector is not entitled to exercise any powers under this part in relation to premises if—	12 13
		(a) the occupier of the premises has required the WELS inspector to produce the WELS inspector's identity card for inspection by the occupier; and	14 15 16
		(b) the WELS inspector fails to comply with the requirement.	17 18
		Note—	19
		This section differs from section 46 of the Commonwealth Act.	20
46A	Off	fences relating to WELS inspectors	21
	(1)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct a WELS inspector who is exercising a power under this Act.	22 23
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	24
	(2)	A person who is not a WELS inspector must not, in any way, hold himself or herself out to be a WELS inspector unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	25 26 27
		Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	28
	(3)	In this section—	29
		obstruct includes hinder.	30
		Note—	31
		This section does not appear in the Commonwealth Act but provisions to the same effect are included in Part 7.8 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> (Cwlth).	32 33

Divisi	Division 2		Powers of WELS inspectors	1
47	Pur	pose	es for which powers can be used	2
			VELS inspector may exercise the powers set out in this sion for the following purposes—	3 4
		(a)	deciding whether a person is complying with this Act;	5
		(b)	investigating a possible offence against this Act.	6
		Note-	_	7
		Th	is section differs from section 47 of the Commonwealth Act.	8
48		pecti mise	on powers—public areas of WELS business	9 10
	(1)	do 1	the purposes set out in section 47, a WELS inspector may or more of the following in a public area of WELS ness premises when the premises are open to the public—	11 12 13
		(a)	inspect WELS products;	14
		(b)	purchase any WELS product that is available for sale;	15
		(c)	inspect or collect written information, advertising or any other document that is available, or made available, to the public;	16 17 18
		(d)	discuss product features with any person;	19
		(e)	observe practices relating to the supply of products.	20
	(2)	pren	section (1) does not affect any right of the occupier of the nises to refuse to allow a WELS inspector to enter, or ain on, the premises.	21 22 23
49	Ins	pecti	on powers—with consent	24
	(1)	the p	VELS inspector may enter WELS premises and exercise powers mentioned in subsection (3) if the occupier of the mises consents to the entry and the exercise of the powers.	25 26 27
	(2)	the	ore obtaining consent, the WELS inspector must inform occupier that the occupier may refuse consent, or draw consent, at any time.	28 29 30

	(3)	who	enters WELS premises under subsection (1) may do 1 or e of the following—	2 3
		(a)	search the premises and any thing, including a vehicle, on the premises;	4 5
		(b)	inspect, examine, take measurements of or conduct tests on any thing on the premises;	6 7
		(c)	take photographs, make video or audio recordings or make sketches of the premises or any thing on the premises;	8 9 10
		(d)	inspect any book, record or document on the premises;	1.1
		(e)	take extracts from or make copies of any book, record or document on the premises;	12 13
		(f)	take onto the premises the equipment and materials the WELS inspector requires for exercising powers in relation to the premises;	14 15 16
		(g)	operate equipment on the premises for gaining access to a document or record relating to 1 or more WELS products.	17 18 19
		Note-	_	20
		Th	is section differs from section 49 of the Commonwealth Act.	21
50	Ref	fusin	g consent is not an offence	22
		The if—	occupier of WELS premises does not commit an offence	23 24
		(a)	the occupier refuses to allow a WELS inspector to enter, or remain on, the premises; and	25 26
		(b)	the WELS inspector does not have a warrant to enter the premises.	27 28

51	Ins	pecti	on p	owers—with warrant	1	
	(1)	A WELS inspector may enter WELS premises and exercise the powers mentioned in subsection (2) if the WELS inspector has a warrant for the entry.				
		Note-	_		5	
		Di	vision	3 deals with applications for warrants.	6	
	(2)	who	ente	urposes mentioned in section 47, a WELS inspector rs WELS premises under warrant may do 1 or more lowing—	7 8 9	
		(a)	exe	rcise 1 or more of the powers set out in section 49(3);	10	
		(b)	requ	nire any person on the premises to—	11	
			(i)	answer any questions put by the WELS inspector; and	12 13	
			(ii)	produce any book, record or document requested by the WELS inspector;	14 15	
		(c)	seiz	e or secure any evidential material on the premises.	16	
	(3)	A person commits an offence if—				
		(a)		person is required to answer a question or produce a k, record or document under subsection (2)(b); and	18 19	
		(b)		person does not, without reasonable excuse, answer question or produce the book, record or document.	20 21	
		Max	imun	n penalty—100 penalty units.	22	
		Note	s—		23	
		1		section is subject to section 63 (Privilege against incrimination not affected).	24 25	
		2	This	section differs from section 51 of the Commonwealth Act.	26	
52	An	noun	cem	ent before entry under warrant	27	
	(1)			inspector must, before entering WELS premises varrant—	28 29	
		(a)		ounce that the WELS inspector is authorised to enter premises; and	30 31	
		(b)	_	e any person on the premises an opportunity to allow y to the premises.	32 33	

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(2)	A WELS inspector is not required to comply with subsection (1) if the WELS inspector believes on reasonable grounds that immediate entry to the premises is required to ensure the effective execution of the warrant is not frustrated.	1 2 3 4
	Note—	5
	This section differs from section 52 of the Commonwealth Act.	6
Co	py of warrant to be given to occupier	7
(1)	If a warrant in relation to WELS premises is being executed and the occupier of the premises is present at the premises, the WELS inspector must—	8 9 10
	(a) give a copy of the warrant to the occupier; and	11
	(b) identify himself or herself to the occupier.	12
(2)	The copy of the warrant does not need to include the signature of the magistrate who issued the warrant.	13 14
	cupier must provide inspector with facilities and sistance	15 16
	A person commits an offence if—	17
	(a) the person is the occupier of WELS premises; and	18
	(b) a WELS inspector enters the premises under a warrant; and	19 20
	(c) the person does not, without reasonable excuse, provide the WELS inspector with all reasonable facilities and assistance for the effective execution of the warrant.	21 22 23
	Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	24
	Note—	25
	This section differs from section 54 of the Commonwealth Act.	26
Sei	zing or securing evidential material	27
(1)	If a WELS inspector seizes or secures evidential material on WELS premises, the WELS inspector must give the occupier of the premises a receipt for the material.	28 29 30
(2)	The regulator may make copies of the material.	31

	(3)	that might result in damage or destruction of the material or a reduction in its value.	2 3
	(4)	The regulator must return or release the material when the first of the following occurs—	4 5
		(a) the material is no longer needed for the purposes for which it was seized or secured;	6 7
		(b) the period of 90 days that begins on the day on which the material was seized or secured ends.	8 9
56	Но	lding evidential material for more than 90 days	10
	(1)	Despite section 55(4)(b), the regulator may—	11
		(a) apply to a Magistrates Court for an order allowing possession or control of evidential material for a further period stated in the order; and	12 13 14
		(b) if the Magistrates Court makes the order—retain possession or control of the material.	15 16
	(2)	In deciding the application, the Magistrates Court must allow the owner of the material to appear and be heard.	17 18
	(3)	The Magistrates Court must not make an order allowing possession or control of the material for a further period unless it is satisfied the order is necessary for prosecuting an offence against this Act.	19 20 21 22
		Note—	23
		This section differs from section 56 of the Commonwealth Act.	24
57	Re	turning evidential material	25
		If the regulator can not, despite making reasonable efforts, locate the owner of evidential material, the regulator may dispose of the material in the way the regulator thinks appropriate.	26 27 28 29
		Note—	30
		This section differs from section 57 of the Commonwealth Act.	31

DIVI	ISION	3	WELS premises	1 2
58	Ord	inary warr	ants	3
	(1)		aspector may apply to a magistrate for the issue of a rant in relation to particular WELS premises.	4 5
	(2)	satisfied, by	trate may issue the warrant if the magistrate is y sworn evidence, that it is necessary to enter the mises for 1 or more of the following purposes—	6 7 8
		(a) decid	ing whether a person is complying with this Act;	9
		(b) invest	tigating a possible offence against this Act.	10
	(3)	WELS ins magistrate, information	he magistrate must not issue the warrant unless the pector or some other person has given to the either orally or by affidavit, the further n, if any, the magistrate requires about the grounds he issue of the warrant is being sought.	11 12 13 14 15
	(4)	The warran	it must—	16
		the h	rise the WELS inspector to enter the premises with help and using the force that is necessary and mable; and	17 18 19
		time o	whether the entry is authorised to be made at any of the day or night or during stated hours of the day ght; and	20 21 22
			the day, being not more than 1 week after the issue warrant, on which the warrant ends; and	23 24
		(d) state	the purpose for which the warrant is issued.	25
		Note—		26
		This section	n differs from section 58 of the Commonwealth Act.	27
59	Wa	rants by te	elephone, fax etc.	28
	(1)	to do so, th	gent case, a WELS inspector considers it necessary ne WELS inspector may apply to a magistrate by fax or other electronic means for a warrant under	29 30 31 32

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(2)	THE	magis	arate may—	1		
	(a)		ire communication by voice to the extent that it is ticable in the circumstances; and	2 3		
	(b)		e a recording of the whole or any part of the munication by voice.	4 5		
(3)	prep	are an	plying for the warrant, the WELS inspector must affidavit giving evidence of the kind mentioned in (2) and stating the grounds on which the warrant is	6 7 8 9		
(4)			essary to do so, the WELS inspector may apply for at before the affidavit is sworn.	10 11		
(5)	If the	e mag	istrate is satisfied—	12		
	(a)	after	having considered the terms of the affidavit; and	13		
	(b)	after having received the further information, if any, the magistrate requires about the grounds on which the issue of the warrant is being sought—				
	that there are reasonable grounds for issuing the warrant, the magistrate may complete and sign the warrant that the magistrate would issue under section 58 if the application had been made under that section.					
(6)	If the	e mag	istrate completes and signs the warrant—	21		
	(a)	the r	magistrate must—	22		
		(i)	tell the WELS inspector what the terms of the warrant are; and	23 24		
		(ii)	tell the WELS inspector the day on which and the time at which the warrant was signed; and	25 26		
		(iii)	tell the WELS inspector the day, being not more than 1 week after the magistrate completes and signs the warrant, on which the warrant ceases to have effect; and	27 28 29 30		
		(iv)	record on the warrant the reasons for issuing the warrant; and	31 32		
	(h)	the V	WELS inspector must	22		

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		(i) complete a form of warrant in the same terms as the warrant completed and signed by the magistrate; and	1 2 3
		(ii) write on the form the name of the magistrate and the day on which and the time at which the warrant was signed.	4 5 6
(7)	day	WELS inspector must also, not later than the day after the of expiry or execution of the warrant, whichever is the er, send to the magistrate—	7 8 9
	(a)	the form of warrant completed by the WELS inspector; and	10 11
	(b)	the affidavit mentioned in subsection (3) that has been duly sworn.	12 13
(8)		en the magistrate receives the documents mentioned in ection (7), the magistrate must—	14 15
	(a)	attach the documents to the warrant that the magistrate completed and signed; and	16 17
	(b)	deal with the documents in the way in which the magistrate would have dealt with the affidavit if the application had been made under section 58.	18 19 20
(9)	for t	orm of warrant completed under subsection (6) is authority the same powers authorised by the warrant signed by the istrate.	21 22 23
10)	If—		24
	(a)	it is material, in any proceedings, for a court to be satisfied an exercise of a power was authorised by this section; and	25 26 27
	(b)	the warrant signed by the magistrate authorising the exercise of the power is not produced in evidence—	28 29
	the o	onus of proof is on the person relying on the lawfulness of exercise of the power to prove a warrant authorised the cise of the power.	30 31 32
	Note-	<u> </u>	33
	Th	is section differs from section 59 of the Commonwealth Act.	34

Div	Division 4		Giving WELS information to WELS inspectors	1 2
60	Ме	anin	g of <i>person who has WELS information</i>	3
		regu capa docu	derson is a <i>person who has WELS information</i> if the alator believes, on reasonable grounds, that the person is able of giving information, or producing books, records or aments, relevant for the purposes of investigating or venting an offence against this Act.	4 5 6 7 8
61	Re	gulat	or may require a person to provide information	9
	(1)	has the	regulator may, by written notice, require a person who WELS information to give the WELS inspector stated in notice, and in the way and within the period stated in the ce—	10 11 12 13
		(a)	the information stated in the notice; or	14
		(b)	any book, record or document stated in the notice.	15
	(2)		period mentioned in subsection (1) must end not less than lays after the notice is given.	16 17
	(3)	A no	otice under subsection (1) must set out the effect of section	18 19
	(4)	A po	erson commits an offence if—	20
		(a)	the person is required to give information or a book, record or document to a WELS inspector under subsection (1); and	21 22 23
		(b)	the person does not, without reasonable excuse, give the WELS inspector the information, book, record or document.	24 25 26
		Max	kimum penalty—100 penalty units.	27
		Note	s—	28
		1	This section is subject to section 63 (Privilege against self-incrimination not affected).	29 30
		2	This section differs from section 61 of the Commonwealth Act	31

	gulate pecte	or may require a person to appear before a WELS or	1 2
(1)	has '	regulator may, by written notice, require a person who WELS information to appear before the WELS inspector ed in the notice, at a time and place stated in the notice—	3
	(a)	to answer any questions put by the WELS inspector; and	6
	(b)	to produce to the WELS inspector the books, records or documents stated in the notice.	7 8
(2)	The give:	time must not be earlier than 14 days after the notice is n.	9 1
(3)	A no	otice under subsection (1) must set out the effect of section .	1 1
(4)	A pe	erson commits an offence if—	1
	(a)	the person is required to appear before a WELS inspector under subsection (1); and	14 13
	(b)	the person does not, without reasonable excuse, appear before the WELS inspector.	1 1
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	1
(5)	A pe	erson commits an offence if—	19
	(a)	the person is required under subsection (1) to appear before a WELS inspector; and	20
	(b)	when appearing before the WELS inspector, the person does not, without reasonable excuse—	22 23
		(i) answer a question put by the WELS inspector; or	2
		(ii) produce a book, record or document to the WELS inspector as required by notice given under that subsection.	2. 2. 2.
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	2
	Note-	_	2
	Th	is section differs from section 62 of the Commonwealth Act.	30
Fal	se or	misleading information or documents	3
(1)	A pe	erson is guilty of an offence if—	32

	(a)	section 61(1) or 62; and	2
	(b)	the person does so knowing that the information—	3
		(i) is false or misleading in a material particular; or	4
		(ii) omits any matter or thing without which the information is misleading in a material particular.	5 6
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	7
(2)	A pe	erson is guilty of an offence if—	8
	(a)	the person produces a book, record or document to a WELS inspector under section 61(1) or 62; and	9 10
	(b)	the person does so knowing that the document is false or misleading in a material particular.	11 12
	Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	13
(3)	book acco	section (2) does not apply to a person who produces a k, record or document if the book, record or document is empanied by a written statement signed by the person or, we case of a body corporate, by a competent officer of the v corporate—	14 15 16 17 18
	(a)	stating that the book, record or document is, to the knowledge of the person, false or misleading in a material particular; and	19 20 21
	(b)	setting out, or referring to, the material particular in which the book, record or document is, to the knowledge of the person, false or misleading.	22 23 24
(4)	the	enough for the complaint starting the proceeding to state document, information or statement was 'false or eading' to the defendant's knowledge, without specifying ch.	25 26 27 28
	Note-	_	29
	to	is section does not appear in the Commonwealth Act but provisions the same effect, except as to penalty, are included in Part 7.4 of the <i>iminal Code</i> (Cwlth).	30 31 32

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Divis	ion	5 Privilege against self-incrimination	1
63	Priv	vilege against self-incrimination not affected	2
		Nothing in this part affects the right of a person to refuse to	3
		answer a question, give information, or produce a document, on the ground that the answer to the question, the information,	4 5
		or the production of the document, might tend to incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.	6 7
		Note—	8
		This section differs from section 63 of the Commonwealth Act.	9
Part	10	Money	10
Divis	ion	1 The WELS account	11
64	WE	LS account	12
		Note—	13
		Section 64 of the Commonwealth Act establishes the WELS account.	14
65	Cre	edits to the WELS account	15
	(1)	The following amounts must be paid to the Commonwealth for crediting to the WELS account—	16 17
		(a) amounts equal to amounts received by the State from fines, infringement notice fines within the meaning of the <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i> or under a court order under section 43(2) in relation to the breach of an undertaking;	18 19 20 21 22
		(b) amounts equal to amounts from time to time received by the State under division 2	23

	(2)	The consolidated fund is appropriated to the extent necessary to enable payment of amounts to the Commonwealth under subsection (1).	1 2 3
		Note—	4
		This section differs from section 65 of the Commonwealth Act.	5
66	Pu	rpose of the WELS account	6
		The purpose of the WELS account is to make payments—	7
		(a) to further the objects of this Act, as stated in section 3, and those of any corresponding law; and	8 9
		(b) otherwise in connection with the performance of the regulator's functions under this Act or a corresponding law.	10 11 12
		Note—	13
		This section differs from section 66 of the Commonwealth Act.	14
Divi	sion	2 Charging fees etc.	15
67	Re	gulator may charge for services	16
		The regulator may charge fees for services provided by, or for, the regulator in performing the regulator's functions under this Act.	17 18 19
		Note—	20
		This section differs from section 67 of the Commonwealth Act.	21
68	Re	covery of amounts	22
		The following amounts may be recovered as debts due to the State—	23 24
		(a) fees payable to the State under this Act or a corresponding law;	25 26

s 69

		(b) Note-	amounts payable to the State in connection with the performance of the regulator's functions under this Act.	1 2 3
			s section differs from section 68 of the Commonwealth Act.	4
Part	11		Review of decisions	5
69	Ме	aning	of reviewable decision and affected person	6
	(1)	Each	of the following decisions is a reviewable decision—	7
		(a)	a decision by the regulator to refuse to register a WELS product under section 29;	8 9
		(b)	a decision by the regulator to cancel or suspend the registration of a WELS product under section 31.	10 11
	(2)	The a	affected person is—	12
		(a)	for a reviewable decision mentioned in subsection (1)(a)—the person whose application to register the WELS product was refused; or	13 14 15
		(b)	for a reviewable decision mentioned in subsection (1)(b)—the person on whose application the WELS product was registered.	16 17 18
		Note-	_	19
		Thi	s section differs from section 69 of the Commonwealth Act.	20
70	No	tificat	ion of decisions and review rights	21
	(1)	revie	regulator must, as soon as practicable after making a wable decision, cause a written notice to be given to the ted person for the decision, containing the following—	22 23 24
		(a)	the terms of the decision;	25
		(b)	the reasons for the decision;	26
		(c)	a statement setting out particulars of the person's review rights.	27 28

(2)	A failure to comply with subsection (1) does not affect the validity of the decision.	1 2
	Note—	3
	This section differs from section 70 of the Commonwealth Act.	4
Inte	ernal review	5
(1)	The affected person for a reviewable decision, other than a decision made by the regulator personally, may apply in writing to the regulator for review of the decision.	6 7 8
(2)	The application must be made within 30 days after the day on which the decision first came to the applicant's notice, or within any further period as the regulator, before or after the end of the 30 days, allows.	9 10 11 12
(3)	The regulator must, on receiving an application, review the decision personally.	13 14
(4)	The regulator may—	15
	(a) make a decision affirming, varying or revoking the reviewable decision; and	16 17
	(b) if the regulator revokes the decision, make any other decision the regulator thinks appropriate.	18 19
	Note—	20
	This section differs from section 71 of the Commonwealth Act.	21
Re	view of decisions by Administrative Appeals Tribunal	22
(1)	Subject to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, an affected person may apply under that Act for a review of the following decisions—	23 24 25
	(a) a reviewable decision made by the regulator personally;	26
	(b) an internal review decision made by the regulator under section 71.	27 28
	(1) (2) (3) (4) Re	validity of the decision. Note— This section differs from section 70 of the Commonwealth Act. Internal review (1) The affected person for a reviewable decision, other than a decision made by the regulator personally, may apply in writing to the regulator for review of the decision. (2) The application must be made within 30 days after the day on which the decision first came to the applicant's notice, or within any further period as the regulator, before or after the end of the 30 days, allows. (3) The regulator must, on receiving an application, review the decision personally. (4) The regulator may— (a) make a decision affirming, varying or revoking the reviewable decision; and (b) if the regulator revokes the decision, make any other decision the regulator thinks appropriate. Note— This section differs from section 71 of the Commonwealth Act. Review of decisions by Administrative Appeals Tribunal (1) Subject to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, an affected person may apply under that Act for a review of the following decisions— (a) a reviewable decision made by the regulator personally; (b) an internal review decision made by the regulator under

	(2)	In this	section—	1
		<i>decisi</i> 3(3). ²	on see the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, section	2 3
		Note—		4
		This	section differs from section 72 of the Commonwealth Act.	5
Part	12		Miscellaneous	6
73	Co	mpens	ation for damage to electronic equipment	7
	(1)		section applies if, as a result of electronic equipment operated under section 49—	8 9
		(a)	damage is caused to the equipment; or	10
		(b)	the data recorded on the equipment is damaged; or	11
			programs associated with the use of the equipment, or with the use of the data, are damaged or corrupted and the damage or corruption occurs because—	12 13 14
			(i) insufficient care was exercised in selecting the person who was to operate the equipment; or	15 16
			(ii) insufficient care was exercised by the person operating the equipment.	17 18

- Unless the contrary intention appears, a reference in this Act to a decision (3) includes a reference to
 - making, suspending, revoking or refusing to make an order or (a) determination;
 - (b) giving, suspending, revoking or refusing to give a certificate, direction, approval, consent or permission;
 - issuing, suspending, revoking or refusing to issue a licence, authority or (c) other instrument:
 - imposing a condition or restriction; (d)
 - (e) making a declaration, demand or requirement;
 - (f) retaining, or refusing to deliver up, an article;
 - doing or refusing to do any other act or thing. (g)

² Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act, section 3 (Interpretation)—

	(2)	The regulator must pay the owner of the equipment, or the user of the data or programs, the reasonable compensation for the damage or corruption the owner or user agree on.	1 2 3
	(3)	However, if the owner or user and the regulator fail to agree, the owner or user may institute proceedings in the Supreme Court for the reasonable amount of compensation the court decides.	4 5 6 7
	(4)	In deciding the amount of compensation payable, regard must be had to whether the occupier of the premises and the occupier's employees and agents, if they were available at the time, had provided any appropriate warning or guidance on the operation of the equipment.	8 9 10 11 12
		Note—	13
		This section differs from section 73 of the Commonwealth Act.	14
74	Co	mpensation for acquisition of property	15
		Note—	16
		Section 74 of the Commonwealth Act provides for payment of compensation by the Commonwealth for acquisition of property.	17 18
75	An	nual report	19
	(1)	The regulator must, as soon as practicable after the end of each financial year, prepare and give to the Minister a report on the operations of the regulator under this Act during that year.	20 21 22 23
	(2)	The Minister must cause a copy of the report to be laid before the Legislative Assembly within 14 sitting days after the Minister receives the report.	24 25 26
		Notes—	27
			20
		1 Section 75(2)(a) of the Commonwealth Act refers to 15 sitting days.	28 29

76	Re	view of operation of WELS scheme	1
		The Minister must cause a copy of the report of the independent review of the WELS scheme given to the State under section 76 of the Commonwealth Act to be laid before the Legislative Assembly within 14 sitting days after the Minister receives the report.	2 3 4 5 6
		Note—	7
		This section differs from section 76 of the Commonwealth Act. That section provides for an independent review of the operation of the WELS scheme to be undertaken as soon as possible after the fifth anniversary of the commencement of that section. The Commonwealth Minister is required to give a copy to the State.	8 9 10 11 12
77	Re	gulation-making power	13
	(1)	The Governor in Council may make regulations under this Act.	14 15
	(2)	A regulation may—	16
		(a) prescribe fees payable under this Act; and	17
		(b) impose a penalty of not more than 20 penalty units for contravention of a regulation.	18 19
		Note—	20
		This section differs from section 77 of the Commonwealth Act.	21

1

2

section 7

Schedule Dictionary

	inisti inistr	rative Appeals Tribunal Act means the rative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975 (Cwlth).	3
		verson see section 69(2).	5
	ncy—		6
(a)	-	ne Commonwealth, includes the following—	7
	(i)	an agency within the meaning of the <i>Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997</i> (Cwlth);	8 9
	(ii)	a body corporate established for a public purpose under a Commonwealth Act; and	10 11
(b)	of this or another State, includes the following—		12
	(i)	a Department of State, however described, of the State;	13 14
	(ii)	a body corporate established for a public purpose under a law of the State.	15 16
аррі	licabl	e WELS standard see section 32.	17
		wealth Act means the Water Efficiency Labelling lards Act 2005 (Cwlth).	18 19
		wealth Minister means the Commonwealth Minister Commonwealth Act.	20 21
corr	espon	nding law see section 12.	22
	_	in relation to data, includes damage by erasure of dition of other data.	23 24
deci	sion i	ncludes determination.	25
		material means any thing that may be relevant to igation or prosecution of an offence against this Act.	26 27
give	inclu	des produce.	28
		in relation to premises, includes a person who	29 30

Schedule 1 (continued)

person wno has WELS information see section 60.	1
registered means registered under a WELS standard.	2
registration conditions see section 27(2).	3
<i>regulator</i> means the WELS Regulator established under section 21 of the Commonwealth Act.	4 5
reviewable decision see section 69(1).	6
stated includes specified.	7
supply means—	8
(a) supply for consideration; or	9
(b) offer to supply for consideration.	10
water-saving product means a device, appliance or fitting that—	11 12
(a) is not a water-use product; and	13
(b) is designed to operate in place of a water-use product.	14
water-use product means a device, appliance or fitting through which, or into which, water flows as part of its normal operation.	15 16 17
WELS account means the WELS Account established under section 64 of the Commonwealth Act.	18 19
WELS business premises means WELS premises that are open to the public on a regular basis.	20 21
WELS inspector means a person appointed under section 45(1).	22 23
WELS-labelled see section 20(1).	24
WELS premises means premises used for, or in connection with, the supply of 1 or more WELS products.	25 26
WELS product means a WELS product within the meaning of the Commonwealth Act.	27 28
WELS scheme means the water efficiency labelling and standards scheme established by this Act and corresponding laws.	29 30 31

Schedule 1 (continued)

<i>WELS</i>	<i>standard</i> , in relation to a WELS product, means the
WELS	standard set out for the product in the decision under
section	18(1) of the Commonwealth Act.

1 2 3

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