



Queensland

Child Employment Act 2006

Child Employment Regulation 2006

Current as at 1 January 2012

Information about this reprint

This regulation is reprinted as at 1 January 2012. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- **when provisions commenced**
- **editorial changes made in earlier reprints.**

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Queensland

Child Employment Regulation 2006

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Child Employment Regulation 2006

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 1 January 2012]

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Child Employment Regulation 2006*.

2 Commencement

This regulation commences on 1 July 2006.

3 Definitions

The dictionary in the schedule defines particular terms used in this regulation.

Part 2 General provisions for all work

4 Prohibited work for school-aged or young children

- (1) This section does not apply to work done by a school-aged or young child in a business, or for a corporation, that is totally owned by a close adult relative of the child.
- (2) For section 9(1) of the Act, an employer must not require or permit a school-aged or young child to do work unless—
 - (a) the work is delivery work and the child is at least 11 years; or

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- (b) the work is voluntary work; or
- (c) the work is work in the entertainment industry; or
- (d) for any other work—the child is at least 13 years.

Note—

Special circumstances certificates may provide an exception to requirements under this section or section 5. See section 9(5) of the Act.

5 Prohibited working hours for school-aged or young children

- (1) For section 9(3) of the Act, this section provides for when a school-aged or young child may not work.
- (2) However, it does not apply to work a school-aged or young child does—
 - (a) that is work in the entertainment industry; or
 - (b) in a business, or for a corporation, that is totally owned by a close adult relative of the school-aged or young child.
- (3) A school-aged child may not work if—
 - (a) it is a school week and the child has already worked 12 hours during the week; or
 - (b) it is a week that is not a school week and the child has already worked 38 hours during the week; or
 - (c) it is a school day and the child has already worked 4 hours on the day; or
 - (d) it is a day that is not a school day and the child has already worked 8 hours on the day; or
 - (e) the child has already worked 4 consecutive hours and has not been given at least 1 hour's break at the end of the fourth hour; or
 - (f) the child has already worked for the same employer within the last 12 hours; or
 - (g) the child has already done a shift on the day.

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- (4) Subsection 3(e) and (g) do not apply if a relevant industrial instrument provides to the contrary.
 - (5) A young child may not work if the child—
 - (a) has already worked for 12 hours during the week; or
 - (b) has already worked for 4 hours during the day; or
 - (c) has already worked for the same employer within the last 12 hours; or
 - (d) has already done a shift on the day.
 - (6) Subsection (5)(d) does not apply if a relevant industrial instrument provides to the contrary.
 - (7) A school-aged or young child may not work between 10p.m. and 6a.m.
 - (8) A school-aged child who is at least 11 years but under 13 years may not perform delivery work between 6p.m. and 6a.m.
 - (8A) For this section, for calculating the hours a child has already worked during a period if the child worked for more than 1 employer during the period, the hours the child worked for all employers, in total, must be counted.
 - (9) In this section—

industrial instrument means a federal award, federal agreement or industrial instrument, as defined under the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*.

school day means a day on which the school-aged child is required to attend school.

school week means a week, starting on a Sunday, during which the school-aged child is required to attend school.

6 Prescribed supervision of school-aged or young children

- (1) Subsection (2) prescribes, for section 9(6) of the Act, the way for an employer to supervise a school-aged or young child who does work involving the exchange of money or delivery work.

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- (2) The way is—
 - (a) to have an adult in the near vicinity of, and in regular contact with, the child; and
 - (b) for the child to be otherwise appropriately supervised by an adult.

7 Employer's duty about ability to contact a parent

- (1) This section does not apply to a child's employer who is the child's parent.
- (2) A child's employer must—
 - (a) take reasonable steps to ensure that the child is able to contact—
 - (i) a parent of the child while the child is at work; or
 - (ii) if it is impractical for the child to contact a parent of the child while the child is at work—a nominated person; and
 - (b) allow the child, while the child is at work, to contact the following person in reasonable circumstances—
 - (i) a parent of the child;
 - (ii) if a parent of the child can not be contacted while the child is at work, a nominated person.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) If, while at work, a child becomes ill, or is injured, to an extent that the child can no longer work, the child's employer must take reasonable steps to immediately contact—
 - (a) a parent of the child; or
 - (b) if it is impractical for the employer to contact a parent of the child, a nominated person.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (4) Subsection (3) does not apply to a prescribed child who is a young child.

Note—

For an employer's obligation to notify a parent or nominated person if a prescribed child who is a young child becomes ill or is injured while at work, see section 24(2).

8 Employer's duty to safeguard children while they are at work

- (1) While a child is at work, the child's employer must take reasonable steps to ensure that the child is not subjected to deliberate or unnecessary social isolation or to any other behaviour that is likely to intimidate, threaten, frighten or humiliate the child.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) A child's employer must give the child induction training, including workplace health and safety training, appropriate to the child's age.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) A child's employer must display a copy of the child employment guide in a conspicuous position at the place where the child works where it is easily read by children employed at the place.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (4) In this section—

child employment guide means a guide about children at work published by the chief executive.

Editor's note—

A copy of the child employment guide is available on the department's website at <www.justice.qld.gov.au>.

9 Records for children who are working

- (1) A child's employer must keep a record containing the following details and documents for the child—
- (a) the full name of the employer;

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- (b) the address where the child works;
- (c) the full name, address and any home phone number of the child;
- (d) the name, address and any home or business phone number of a parent of the child;
- (e) the name, address and any home or business phone number of a nominated person;
- (f) the child's date of birth;
- (g) the nature of the work that the child is required to perform for the employer;
- (h) a copy of any special circumstances certificate relevant to the child's employment with the employer;
- (i) a copy of any work limitation notice relevant to the child's employment with the employer;
- (j) for a school-aged or young child—
 - (i) the number of hours worked by the child during each day and week; and
 - (ii) the times when the child started and stopped work; and
 - (iii) details of work breaks including meal breaks; and
 - (iv) the parent's consent form for the child;
- (k) for a child who is not a school-aged or young child—a copy of a form of identification, stating the child's date of birth, issued under an Act or by the child's school.

Example—

a passport, birth certificate, school ID card

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) The employer must keep the record for at least 2 years after the child stops working for the employer, at a place from which the employer conducts operations as an employer.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) Subsection (1) applies in addition to the record keeping requirements under the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*.

10 Special circumstances certificates

An application for a special circumstances certificate under section 12 of the Act must be made sufficiently in advance of when the certificate is needed to allow the chief executive to properly consider the application.

Part 3 Specific provisions for work in the entertainment industry

Division 1 Application of part 3

11 Application of pt 3

This part applies to an employer of a school-aged or young child who does work in the entertainment industry in addition to the provisions of part 2 that apply to an employer of a child who does work in the entertainment industry.

Division 2 Restrictions on work performed by school-aged or young children

12 Prohibition on inappropriate roles and situations

- (1) For section 9(2) of the Act, this section states, for work in the entertainment industry, the way a school-aged or young child may not work.
- (2) The child may not perform a role, or be put in a situation, that is inappropriate for the child, having regard to the child's age,

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emotional and psychological development, maturity and sensitivity.

- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), the child may not—
- (a) be exposed to scenes or situations that are likely to distress or embarrass the child; or
 - (b) be made distressed to obtain a more realistic depiction of a particular emotional reaction; or
 - (c) be present while another person is—
 - (i) nude; or
 - (ii) clothed or covered in another way so—
 - (A) the person's sexual organs or anus are visible; or
 - (B) if the person is a female who is at least 5 years—her breasts are visible.

Note for paragraph (c)(ii)—

For children engaged in work other than in the entertainment industry, see section 8A of the Act.

- (4) Subsection (3)(c) does not apply if—
- (a) the child is under 12 months; and
 - (b) a parent of the child, who is not the employer of the child, has given the employer written consent to whichever of the following is relevant—
 - (i) the child being present while the other person is nude;
 - (ii) the child being present while the other person is clothed or covered in another way so the person's sexual organs or anus are visible;
 - (iii) the child being present while the other person is clothed or covered in another way so the person's breasts are visible; and

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- (c) a parent of the child is present while the child is present and the other person is as mentioned in subsection (3)(c)(i) or (ii).
 - (5) However, a consent under subsection (4)(b)(ii) or (iii) need not cover all matters mentioned in the subsection so long as all matters in the subsection relevant to the work the child is to do are covered.

13 Restrictions on work performed by children under 12 weeks

- (1) For section 9(2) of the Act, this section states, for work in the entertainment industry, the way a baby may not work.
- (2) The baby may not work for 1 hour or less on a single day unless—
 - (a) a parent of the baby is present while the baby is at work; and
 - (b) the employer is satisfied on advice from a parent that—
 - (i) the baby was delivered full term and in good health; and
 - (ii) the baby's birth weight was at least 3 kilograms; and
 - (iii) the baby has not had a post-natal problem; and
 - (iv) the baby is feeding successfully; and
 - (v) the baby's weight gain from birth has been satisfactory.
- (3) The baby may not work for more than 1 hour on a single day unless—
 - (a) a parent of the baby is present while the baby is at work; and
 - (b) a midwife or registered nurse is present while the baby is at work; and
 - (c) the midwife or registered nurse advises the employer that the baby is suitable for employment; and

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- (d) the midwife or registered nurse advises the employer that the work environment is unlikely to distress the baby; and
 - (e) the employer follows the advice of the midwife or registered nurse about the welfare of the baby.
- (4) The baby may not—
- (a) be exposed to harmful lighting; or
 - (b) have cosmetics applied to him or her unless the cosmetics are non-irritating and uncontaminated; or
 - (c) be touched by a person whom the employer knows, or reasonably ought to know, has a contagious medical condition that may be transmitted by touch; or
 - (d) be so close to a person whom the employer knows, or reasonably ought to know, has a contagious medical condition that the condition may be transmitted to the child.
- (5) In this section—
- baby* means a child under 12 weeks.

14 Prohibited working hours for school-aged or young children

- (1) For section 9(3) of the Act, this section states, for work in the entertainment industry, when a school-aged or young child may not work.
- (2) However, this section does not apply to work a school-aged or young child does in a business, or for a corporation, that is totally owned by a close adult relative of the school-aged or young child.
- (3) The child may not work in the following circumstances—
 - (a) if the work is in recorded entertainment—
 - (i) if the hours of work are outside the hours during which a school-aged or young child may work set out in schedule 1, column 2 opposite the age, set

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- out in schedule 1, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age; or
- (ii) if the child has already worked the maximum working hours a day set out in schedule 1, column 3 opposite the age, set out in schedule 1, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age; or
 - (iii) if in the previous 7 days the child has already worked the maximum number of days of work in the previous 7 days set out in schedule 1, column 4 opposite the age, set out in schedule 1, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age;
- (b) if the work is in live entertainment—
- (i) if the hours of work are outside the hours during which a school-aged or young child may work set out in schedule 2, column 2 opposite the age, set out in schedule 2, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age; or
 - (ii) if the child has already worked the maximum working hours a day set out in schedule 2, column 3 opposite the age, set out in schedule 2, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age; or
 - (iii) if in the previous 7 days the child has already worked the maximum number of days of work in the previous 7 days set out in schedule 2, column 4 opposite the age, set out in schedule 2, column 1, that corresponds to the child's age;
- (c) if the child started work before 10a.m. on a day—the child has not been given at least 1 hour's break starting at or before 1p.m. on the day including the break mentioned in paragraph (d);
- (d) the child has already worked 5 consecutive hours and has not been given at least 1 hour's break at the end of the fifth hour;
- (e) if the child is under 13 years—the child has not been given at least 10 minutes break at the end of each 50

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- minutes worked, unless the child is starting a break under paragraph (c) or (d);
- (f) the child has already worked for the same employer within the last 12 hours;
 - (g) the child has already worked one shift on the day, unless the shift was interrupted once to enable the child to attend school;
 - (h) if it is a school day on which the child is required to attend school for at least 3 hours—the child has already worked 4 hours on the day;
 - (i) if the work is in recorded entertainment and the child must attend school on the morning of the day following the work—after 9p.m.;
 - (j) if, in the previous 7 days, the total of the following is more than 40 hours—
 - (i) the hours, if any, the child has already worked for any employer; and
 - (ii) the hours, if any, the child is required to attend school, including, the hours, if any, the child is required to participate in an external program under the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006*.

Note—

Under the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006*, schedule 4, *external program* is defined to include a program under flexible arrangements approved under section 182 or 183 of that Act.

15 Calculating hours already worked

- (1) This section applies for section 14(3)(a)(ii), (b)(ii), (d), (f), (h) and (j)(i).
- (2) For calculating the hours a school-aged or young child has already worked, each of the following must be counted—

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- (a) all of the time the child is at work excluding a 1 hour break under section 14(3)(c) or (d); and
 - (b) any time beyond 45 minutes spent by the child in travelling from the child's home to the place of work; and
 - (c) any time beyond 45 minutes spent by the child in travelling from the day's final place of work to the child's home; and
 - (d) if the employer is responsible for bringing the child to work—any time between the child's arrival at the place of work and the child starting work; and
 - (e) if the employer is responsible for taking the child home from work—any time between the child's finishing work and the start of the child's journey home from work.

16 Prescribed supervision of school-aged or young children

- (1) For section 9(6) of the Act, this section prescribes the way for an employer to supervise a school-aged or young child who does work in the entertainment industry.
- (2) The way is to have the child directly supervised—
 - (a) by a parent of the child; or
 - (b) if the child is under 6 years—
 - (i) by a person with a qualification mentioned in the *Child Care Regulation 2003*, section 112(a) to (c), 113(a) to (c), 114 or 115; or
 - (ii) by a registered nurse; or
 - (iii) by a midwife; or
 - (c) if the child is at least 6 years—by a person with a qualification mentioned in the *Child Care Regulation 2003*, section 112(d) or 113(d).

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Example of something that may prevent the child being directly supervised—

other duties given by the employer to the supervisor

- (3) However, the child must be directly supervised by at least the following number of supervisors who are permitted to supervise the child under subsection (2)—
- (a) for children under 3 years—1 supervisor for each 2 children;
 - (b) for young children who are at least 3 years—1 supervisor for each 4 children;
 - (c) for school-aged children—1 supervisor for each 8 children.
- (4) However, for calculating the number of supervisors, if the number of children—
- (a) under subsection (3)(a) is not a multiple of 2, the number of children is rounded up to the next higher multiple of 2 children; and

Examples—

- for 1 child under 3 years there must be at least 1 of the supervisors
 - for 3 children under 3 years there must be at least 2 of the supervisors
- (b) under subsection (3)(b) is not a multiple of 4, the number of children is rounded up to the next higher multiple of 4 children; and
- (c) under subsection (3)(c) is not a multiple of 8, the number of children is rounded up to the next higher multiple of 8 children.

Division 3 Employers' duties for school-aged or young children

17 Employer to whom this division applies

This division applies to an employer of a school-aged or young child who does work in the entertainment industry (a *prescribed child*).

18 Information for parents about child employment guide

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must tell a parent of the child about the existence of the child employment guide mentioned in section 8.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (2) An employer of a prescribed child must give a parent of the child a copy of the child employment guide if the parent asks for a copy.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (3) This section does not apply to the employer of a prescribed child who is the child's parent.

19 Employer's duty about collection of prescribed child and travel home

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must take reasonable steps to ensure the child is collected from work by—

- (a) a parent of the child; or
- (b) a person authorised in writing by a parent of the child to collect the child.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) However, if the child is at least 13 years—

- (a) subsection (1) does not apply if—

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- (i) the distance between work and the child's home is less than 10kms and, in the ordinary course, the child will finish travelling home before 6p.m.; or
 - (ii) the child's parent has given the employer written consent to the child's travel home alone, and, in the ordinary course, the child will finish travelling home before 8.30p.m.; and
- (b) if subsection (1) does not apply, the employer must take reasonable steps to ensure the child starts to travel home within 30 minutes after the child finishes work, unless the child is with a parent of the child.

Maximum penalty for paragraph (b)—40 penalty units.

20 Employer's duty to provide food and drink

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must provide to the child, at all reasonable times while the child is at work, appropriate and nutritious food, having regard to the age, culture, dietary restrictions (if any), and taste of the child.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) An employer of a prescribed child must make available to the child, while the child is at work, water and other suitable drinks.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

21 Employer's duty to protect from climatic conditions

An employer of a prescribed child must ensure, while the child is at work, that the child is suitably clothed and otherwise protected from injury or illness that may be caused by climatic conditions.

*Example of injury or illness that may be caused by climatic conditions—
sunburn*

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

22 Employer's duty about facilities for dressing and undressing

- (1) This section applies if an employer of a prescribed child does not provide a building at the workplace for the prescribed child to occupy while performing work in the entertainment industry.

Note—

See also the *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011*, part 3.2, division 2, for an employer's duties relating to workplace facilities.

- (2) The employer must ensure that facilities that enable the child to dress and undress in private are available to the child while the child is at work.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) In this section—

building—

- 1 A *building* is a fixed structure that is wholly or partly enclosed by walls and is roofed.
- 2 The term includes a floating building and any part of a building.

23 Employer's duty to provide recreation materials and rest facilities

An employer of a prescribed child must provide to the child appropriate recreational materials and rest facilities during breaks in the child's work, having regard to the age and developmental needs of the child.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

24 Employer's duty about unfitness for work and contagious medical conditions

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must not require or permit the child to work if the employer knows, or reasonably ought to know, that the child is—

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- (a) unfit for work because of illness or injury; or
- (b) carrying, or has been exposed to, a contagious medical condition that may be a risk to the health of another person at the workplace.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) An employer of a prescribed child who is a young child must take reasonable steps to immediately notify a parent of the child or, if a parent cannot be contacted, a nominated person, if—
 - (a) the child, while at work, becomes ill or is injured; or
 - (b) the employer knows, or reasonably ought to know, that the child has been exposed to a contagious medical condition while at work.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to the employer of a prescribed child who is the child's parent.

25 Employer's duty about presence of parent

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must permit a parent of the child to be at the workplace while the child is at the workplace.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) However, the employer may exclude a parent of the child from the workplace or from direct contact with the child if—
 - (a) the exclusion is for a limited time and from a limited area; and
 - (b) the purpose of the exclusion is—
 - (i) to ensure the employer's production is not unduly disrupted; or
 - (ii) to protect the health or safety of a person in the workplace, including, for example, the parent.

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- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply while the parent is present under section 8A(2)(c) of the Act or section 12(4)(c).
 - (4) An employer of a prescribed child whose work requires the child to spend 1 or more nights away from the child's home must arrange and pay for appropriate accommodation for the child during the absence and, if asked for by the parent, for 1 parent of the child during the absence.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

26 Employer's duty to engage teacher

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) arrangements for a child are approved under the *Education (General Provisions) Act 2006*, section 182 or 183; and
 - (b) under the arrangements, a program for the child must be provided by a registered teacher.
- (2) An employer of a prescribed child must—
 - (a) engage a qualified teacher to provide the program during the hours of the program, if any, that fall within the hours the child works for the employer; and
 - (b) provide a place and facilities that the registered teacher reasonably considers are needed for providing the program.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (3) In this section—

qualified teacher means a registered teacher who is able to provide the program.

27 Records for prescribed children

- (1) An employer of a prescribed child must keep a record containing the following details—

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- (a) details of any medical condition of the child, including allergies;
- (b) details of any medicinal needs of the child;
- (c) details of any dietary restrictions of the child;
- (d) the name, address, and any home or business phone number of a person authorised in writing by a parent of the child to collect the child from work;
- (e) the address of the child's current workplace, or if there is no address, information enabling the workplace to be readily located.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

- (2) The employer must keep the record for at least 2 years after the child stops working for the employer, at a place from which the employer conducts operations as an employer.

Schedule 1 Permitted working hours for school-aged or young children working in recorded entertainment

section 14(3)(a)

Column 1 Age	Column 2 Hours during which school-aged or young child may work	Column 3 Maximum working hours a day	Column 4 Maximum number of days of work in the previous 7 days
Under 3 years	6a.m. to 6p.m.	4	3
At least 3 years but under 8 years	6a.m. to 11p.m.	6	4
At least 8 years but under 16 years	6a.m. to 11p.m.	8	5

Note—

Children who have completed year 10 are not school-aged children whatever their age, and their working hours are not limited by this schedule.

Schedule 2 Permitted working hours for school-aged or young children working in live entertainment

section 14(3)(b)

Column 1 Age	Column 2 Hours during which school-aged or young child may work	Column 3 Maximum working hours a day	Column 4 Maximum number of days of work in the previous 7 days
Under 2 years	9a.m. to 6p.m.	4	1
At least 2 years but under 6 years	9a.m. to 6p.m.	4	3
At least 6 years but under 10 years	9a.m. to 10p.m.	4	4
At least 10 years but under 12 years	9a.m. to 11p.m.	6	4
At least 12 years but under 16 years	9a.m. to 11p.m.	8	4

Note—

Children who have completed year 10 are not school-aged children whatever their age, and their working hours are not limited by this schedule.

Schedule 3 Dictionary

section 3

close adult relative, of a child, means an adult who is a parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, sibling or step sibling of the child.

delivery work means delivering newspapers, advertising material or other similar things.

home, in relation to a child, means the place where the child is living.

live entertainment includes the following—

- (a) theatre;
- (b) musical theatre;
- (c) opera;
- (d) circus entertainment;
- (e) a fashion parade;
- (f) a performance in a shopping centre;
- (g) a promotional event.

midwife means a person registered under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law to practise in the nursing and midwifery profession as a midwife, other than as a student.

nominated person means a person whom a parent of the child has nominated as being responsible for the child if a parent of the child can not be contacted by the employer.

prescribed child see section 17.

recorded entertainment includes the following—

- (a) film or a similar production;
- (b) television;
- (c) advertising;

- (d) radio;
- (e) photographic modelling;
- (f) a performance recorded only for use in subsequent entertainment or a subsequent exhibition;
- (g) any other entertainment that is not live entertainment.

registered nurse means a person registered under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law—

- (a) to practise in the nursing and midwifery profession as a nurse, other than as a student; and
- (b) in the registered nurses division of that profession.

registered teacher see the *Education (Queensland College of Teachers) Act 2005*, schedule 3.

work in the entertainment industry—

- (a) means work that is performing, including work that is as follows, for advertising or entertainment (**work as a performer**)—
 - (i) acting, dancing, miming, playing, singing, speaking or modelling;
 - (ii) standing-in for someone else;
 - (iii) rehearsing, preparing or taking part in publicity for a performance; but
- (b) does not include work by a worker whose duties are not predominantly work as a performer but who is sometimes required to do work as a performer, for example, work as an announcer or in advertising.

Endnotes

1 Index to endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 1 January 2012. Future amendments of the Child Employment Regulation 2006 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amdt	= amendment	prov	= provision
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No. [X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renum	= renumbered
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro)	= retrospectively
notfd	= notified	rv	= revised edition
num	= numbered	s	= section
o in c	= order in council	sch	= schedule
om	= omitted	sdiv	= subdivision
orig	= original	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
p	= page	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
para	= paragraph	SL	= subordinate legislation
prec	= preceding	sub	= substituted
pres	= present	unnum	= unnumbered
prev	= previous		

4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

If a reprint number includes a letter of the alphabet, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Effective	Notes
1	none	1 July 2006	
1A	2006 SL No. 313	1 January 2007	
1B	2007 SL No. 117	14 June 2007	
1C	2008 SL No. 283	1 September 2008	R1C withdrawn, see R2
2	—	1 September 2008	
2A	2010 SL No. 108	1 July 2010	
2B	2011 SL No. 240	1 January 2012	

5 Tables in earlier reprints

Name of table	Reprint No.
Corrected minor errors	2

6 List of legislation

Regulatory impact statements

For subordinate legislation that has a regulatory impact statement, specific reference to the statement is included in this list.

Explanatory notes

All subordinate legislation made on or after 1 January 2011 has an explanatory note. For subordinate legislation made before 1 January 2011 that has an explanatory note, specific reference to the note is included in this list.

Child Employment Regulation 2006 SL No. 143

made by the Governor in Council on 22 June 2006

notfd gaz 23 June 2006 pp 898–902

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2006 (see s 2)

exp 1 September 2016 (see SIA s 54)

Note—The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.

amending legislation—

Child Employment Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2006 SL No. 313

notfd gaz 15 December 2006 pp 1861–5

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 January 2007 (see s 2)

Note—An explanatory note was prepared.

Child Employment Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2007 SL No. 117

notfd gaz 14 June 2007 pp 769–70

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 14 June 2007 (see s 2)

Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2008 SL No. 283 ss 1–2, 377 sch 17

notfd gaz 29 August 2008 pp 2831–5

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 September 2008 (see s 2)

Note—Two regulatory impact statements and an explanatory note were prepared.

Health and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2010 SL No. 108 pts 1, 3

notfd gaz 11 June 2010 pp 459–61

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 2010 (see s 2)

Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011 SL No. 240 ss 1, 2(4), ch 14 pt 14.2

notfd gaz 25 November 2011 pp 603–6

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 January 2012 on the commencement of s 277 of the Act (see s 2(4) and 2011 SL No. 238)

7 List of annotations

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

pt hdg ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 4

PART 2—GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR ALL WORK

pt hdg ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 5

Prohibition on nudity and sexually provocative clothing

s 3A ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 5
om 2007 SL No. 117 s 4

Prohibited working hours for school-aged or young children

s 5 amd 2006 SL No. 313 s 6

Employer's duty about ability to contact a parent

s 7 amd 2006 SL No. 313 s 7

Records for children who are working

s 9 amd 2006 SL No. 313 s 8

Special circumstances certificates

s 10 prev s 10 om R1 (see RA s 40)
pres s 10 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

PART 3—SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR WORK IN THE ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY

pt hdg ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Division 1—Application of part 3

div 1 (s 11) ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Division 2—Restrictions on work performed by school-aged or young children

div hdg ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Prohibition on inappropriate roles and situations

s 12 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9
amd 2007 SL No. 117 s 5

Restrictions on work performed by children under 12 weeks

s 13 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Prohibited working hours for school-aged or young children

s 14 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Calculating hours already worked

s 15 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Prescribed supervision of school-aged or young children

s 16 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Division 3—Employers' duties for school-aged or young children

div hdg ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer to whom this division applies

s 17 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Information for parents about child employment guide

s 18 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty about collection of prescribed child and travel home

s 19 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty to provide food and drink

s 20 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty to protect from climatic conditions

s 21 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty about facilities for dressing and undressings 22 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9
amd 2008 SL No. 283 s 377 sch 17; 2011 SL No. 240 s 790**Employer's duty to provide recreation materials and rest facilities**

s 23 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty about unfitness for work and contagious medical conditions

s 24 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Employer's duty about presence of parents 25 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9
amd 2007 SL No. 117 s 6**Employer's duty to engage teacher**

s 26 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

Records for prescribed children

s 27 ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 9

SCHEDULE 1—PERMITTED WORKING HOURS FOR SCHOOL-AGED OR YOUNG CHILDREN WORKING IN RECORDED ENTERTAINMENT

ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 11

SCHEDULE 2—PERMITTED WORKING HOURS FOR SCHOOL-AGED OR YOUNG CHILDREN WORKING IN LIVE ENTERTAINMENT

ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 11

SCHEDULE 3—DICTIONARY

(prev sch) renum 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(1)

def "home" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

def "live entertainment" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

def "midwife" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

sub 2010 SL No. 108 s 6

def "prescribed child" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

def "recorded entertainment" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

def "registered nurse" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

sub 2010 SL No. 108 s 6

def "registered teacher" ins 2006 SL No. 313 s 10(2)

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