

Queensland



*Nature Conservation Act 1992*

# **NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994**

**Reprinted as in force on 17 December 2004  
(includes commenced amendments up to 2004 SL No. 316)**

**Reprint No. 3A revised edition**

This reprint is prepared by  
the Office of the Queensland Parliamentary Counsel  
Warning—This reprint is not an authorised copy

# Information about this reprint

This regulation is reprinted as at 17 December 2004. The reprint shows the law as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before that day (Reprints Act 1992 s 5(c)).

The reprint includes a reference to the law by which each amendment was made—see list of legislation and list of annotations in endnotes. Also see list of legislation for any uncommenced amendments.

This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of reprints is included in the endnotes.

**Also see endnotes for information about—**

- **when provisions commenced**
- **editorial changes made in earlier reprints.**

## **Dates shown on reprints**

**Reprints dated at last amendment** All reprints produced on or after 1 July 2002, hard copy and electronic, are dated as at the last date of amendment. Previously reprints were dated as at the date of publication. If a hard copy reprint is dated earlier than an electronic version published before 1 July 2002, it means the legislation was not further amended and the reprint date is the commencement of the last amendment.

If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown for an electronic version previously published, it merely means that the electronic version was published before the hard copy version. Also, any revised edition of the previously published electronic version will have the same date as that version.

**Replacement reprint date** If the date of a hard copy reprint is the same as the date shown on another hard copy reprint it means that one is the replacement of the other.

Revised edition indicates further material has affected existing material. For example—

- a correction
- a retrospective provision
- other relevant information.

Queensland



# NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994

## TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section		Page
1	Short title . . . . .	7
2	Commencement . . . . .	7
3	Definitions . . . . .	7
4	Presumed extinct wildlife . . . . .	7
5	Endangered wildlife . . . . .	8
6	Vulnerable wildlife . . . . .	8
7	Rare wildlife . . . . .	8
8	Common wildlife . . . . .	8
9	International wildlife . . . . .	8
10	Prohibited wildlife . . . . .	8
	<b>SCHEDULE 1 . . . . .</b>	<b>10</b>
	<b>PRESUMED EXTINCT WILDLIFE</b>	
	<b>PART 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT ANIMALS</b>	
	<i>Division 1—Birds</i>	
1	Scientific names . . . . .	10
2	Birds . . . . .	10
	<i>Division 2—Mammals</i>	
3	Scientific names . . . . .	10
4	Mammals . . . . .	11
	<b>PART 2—PRESUMED EXTINCT PLANTS</b>	
5	Scientific names . . . . .	11
6	Plants . . . . .	11

<b>PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT</b>		
7	Significance . . . . .	13
8	Proposed management intent . . . . .	13
9	Principles for the taking and use of presumed extinct wildlife . . . . .	14
	<b>SCHEDULE 2</b> . . . . .	15
<b>ENDANGERED WILDLIFE</b>		
<b>PART 1—ENDANGERED ANIMALS</b>		
<i>Division 1—Amphibians</i>		
1	Scientific names . . . . .	15
2	Amphibians . . . . .	15
<i>Division 2—Birds</i>		
3	Scientific names . . . . .	16
4	Birds . . . . .	16
<i>Division 3—Invertebrates</i>		
5	Scientific names . . . . .	17
6	Invertebrates . . . . .	17
<i>Division 4—Fish</i>		
7	Scientific names . . . . .	17
8	Fish . . . . .	18
<i>Division 5—Mammals</i>		
9	Scientific names . . . . .	18
10	Mammals . . . . .	18
<i>Division 6—Reptiles</i>		
11	Scientific names . . . . .	19
12	Reptiles . . . . .	19
<b>PART 2—ENDANGERED PLANTS</b>		
13	Scientific names . . . . .	20
14	Plants . . . . .	20
<b>PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT</b>		
15	Significance . . . . .	27
16	Proposed management intent . . . . .	27
17	Principles for the taking and use of endangered wildlife . . . . .	28

	<b>SCHEDULE 3</b> .....	30
	<b>VULNERABLE WILDLIFE</b>	
	<b>PART 1—VULNERABLE ANIMALS</b>	
	<i>Division 1—Amphibians</i>	
1	Scientific names .....	30
2	Amphibians .....	30
	<i>Division 2—Birds</i>	
3	Scientific names .....	31
4	Birds .....	31
	<i>Division 3—Invertebrates</i>	
5	Scientific names .....	32
6	Invertebrates .....	33
	<i>Division 4—Fish</i>	
7	Scientific names .....	33
8	Fish .....	33
	<i>Division 5—Mammals</i>	
9	Scientific names .....	34
10	Mammals .....	34
	<i>Division 6—Reptiles</i>	
11	Scientific names .....	35
12	Reptiles .....	35
	<b>PART 2—VULNERABLE PLANTS</b>	
13	Scientific names .....	36
14	Plants .....	36
	<b>PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT</b>	
15	Significance .....	48
16	Proposed management intent .....	49
17	Principles for the taking and use of vulnerable wildlife .....	49
	<b>SCHEDULE 4</b> .....	51
	<b>RARE WILDLIFE</b>	

**PART 1—RARE ANIMALS***Division 1—Amphibians*

1	Scientific names .....	51
2	Amphibians .....	51

*Division 2—Birds*

3	Scientific names .....	52
4	Birds .....	52

*Division 3—Mammals*

5	Scientific names .....	54
6	Mammals .....	54

*Division 4—Reptiles*

7	Scientific names .....	55
8	Reptiles .....	56

**PART 2—RARE PLANTS**

9	Scientific names .....	58
10	Plants .....	59

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT**

11	Significance .....	88
12	Proposed management intent .....	89
13	Principles for the taking and use of rare wildlife .....	89

**SCHEDULE 5** .....**COMMON WILDLIFE****PART 1—COMMON ANIMALS**

1	Amphibians .....	91
2	Birds .....	91
3	Invertebrates .....	91
4	Mammals .....	92
5	Reptiles .....	93

**PART 2—COMMON PLANTS**

7	Plants .....	93
---	--------------	----

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT**

8	Significance .....	93
---	--------------------	----

---

9	Proposed management intent . . . . .	93
10	Principles for the taking and use of common wildlife . . . . .	94
	<b>SCHEDULE 6</b> . . . . .	95
	<b>INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE</b>	
	<b>PART 1—BIRDS</b>	
1	Scientific names . . . . .	95
2	Birds . . . . .	95
	<b>PART 2—REPTILES</b>	
3	Reptiles . . . . .	95
	<b>PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT</b>	
4	Significance . . . . .	96
5	Proposed management intent . . . . .	96
6	Principles for the taking and use of international wildlife . . . . .	96
	<b>SCHEDULE 7</b> . . . . .	97
	<b>PROHIBITED WILDLIFE</b>	
	<b>PART 1—BIRDS</b>	
1	Scientific names . . . . .	97
2	Birds . . . . .	97
	<b>PART 2—MAMMALS</b>	
3	Scientific names . . . . .	98
4	Mammals . . . . .	98
	<b>PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT</b>	
5	Significance . . . . .	99
6	Proposed management intent . . . . .	99
7	Principles for the taking and use of prohibited wildlife . . . . .	99
	<b>ENDNOTES</b>	
1	Index to endnotes . . . . .	100
2	Date to which amendments incorporated . . . . .	100
3	Key . . . . .	100
4	Table of reprints . . . . .	101
5	Tables in earlier reprints . . . . .	101

6	List of legislation . . . . .	101
7	List of annotations . . . . .	102



# NATURE CONSERVATION (WILDLIFE) REGULATION 1994

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 17 December 2004]

## 1 Short title

This regulation may be cited as the *Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994*.

## 2 Commencement

This regulation commences on 19 December 1994.

## 3 Definitions

In this regulation—

“**bioregion report**” means the document called ‘The Conservation Status of Queensland’s Bioregional Ecosystems’, edited by Sattler, P.S. and Williams R.D., and published by the department.<sup>1</sup>

“**recovery plan**” see the Act, section 100B(4).

“**southeast Queensland bioregion**” means the area shown as the southeast Queensland bioregion on figure 12a of the bioregion report.

## 4 Presumed extinct wildlife

(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 1, parts 1 and 2 is presumed extinct wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 1, part 3.

---

<sup>1</sup> A copy of the report may be inspected free of charge, during office hours on business days, at the department’s head office at 160 Ann Street, Brisbane.

## **5 Endangered wildlife**

(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 2, parts 1 and 2 is endangered wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 2, part 3.

## **6 Vulnerable wildlife**

(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 3, parts 1 and 2 is vulnerable wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 3, part 3.

## **7 Rare wildlife**

(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 4, parts 1 and 2 is rare wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 4, part 3.

## **8 Common wildlife**

(1) Native wildlife specified in schedule 5, parts 1 and 2 is common wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 5, part 3.

## **9 International wildlife**

(1) The wildlife specified in schedule 6, parts 1 and 2 is international wildlife.

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 6, part 3.

## **10 Prohibited wildlife**

(1) The wildlife specified in schedule 7, parts 1 and 2 is prohibited wildlife.

*Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994*

---

(2) The declared management intent for the wildlife is specified in schedule 7, part 3.

**SCHEDULE 1****PRESUMED EXTINCT WILDLIFE**

section 4

**PART 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT ANIMALS***Division 1—Birds***1 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

**2 Birds**

The following birds are presumed extinct birds—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Psephotus pulcherrimus</i>	paradise parrot

*Division 2—Mammals***3 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

## SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

**4 Mammals**

The following mammals are presumed extinct mammals—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Bettongia gaimardi</i>	eastern bettong
<i>Caloprymnus campestris</i>	desert rat-kangaroo
<i>Conilurus albipes</i>	white-footed tree-rat
<i>Dasyurus geoffroii geoffroii</i>	western quoll
<i>Notomys mordax</i>	Darling Downs hopping-mouse
<i>Pteropus brunneus</i>	dusky flying-fox

**PART 2—PRESUMED EXTINCT PLANTS****5 Scientific names**

The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title 'Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution'. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

**6 Plants**

The following plants are presumed extinct plants—

**Scientific name**

*Amphibromus whitei*  
*Amphineuron immersum*  
*Antrophyum austroqueenslandicum*  
*Argyreia souteri*

## SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

*Corchorus thozetii*  
*Dimocarpus leichhardtii*  
*Diplocaulobium masonii*  
*Huperzia serrata*  
*Hymenophyllum lobbii*  
*Hymenophyllum whitei*  
*Lemmaphyllum accedens*  
*Lindsaea pulchella* var. *blanda*  
*Lycopodium volubile*  
*Marsdenia araujacea*  
*Monogramma dareicarpa*  
*Musa fitzalanii*  
*Oberonia attenuata*  
*Oldenlandia tenelliflora* var. *papuana*  
*Paspalum batianoffii*  
*Persoonia prostrata*  
*Rhaphidospora cavernarum*  
*Tapeinosperma flueckigeri*  
*Teucrium ajugaceum*  
*Tmesipteris lanceolata*  
*Trichomanes exiguum*  
*Wendlandia psychotrioides*  
*Zieria* sp. (Russell River S.Johnson in 1892)

## SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****7 Significance**

Presumed extinct wildlife are an irreplaceable feature of Queensland's biodiversity and a vital component of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

**8 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for presumed extinct wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife and its habitat;
- (b) to monitor information about Queensland's wildlife resources, particularly about reported sightings of the wildlife;
- (c) to investigate reliable sightings of the wildlife;
- (d) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about a national conservation status for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (e) if presumed extinct wildlife is known to survive outside the wild—to consider developing a plan or outline that may lead to re-establishing the wildlife in the wild;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) if presumed extinct wildlife is found to still exist in the wild—to treat the wildlife as endangered wildlife until it is included in schedule 2.

## SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

**9 Principles for the taking and use of presumed extinct wildlife**

If presumed extinct wildlife is found to still exist in the wild, the taking and use of the wildlife may be permitted only—

- (a) for putting into effect a recovery plan for the wildlife; and
- (b) if it will not harm the wildlife.



---

## SCHEDULE 2

### ENDANGERED WILDLIFE

section 5

#### PART 1—ENDANGERED ANIMALS

##### *Division 1—Amphibians*

#### 1 Scientific names

The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

#### 2 Amphibians

The following amphibians are endangered amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Litoria lorica</i>	
<i>Litoria nannotis</i>	torrent tree frog
<i>Litoria nyakalensis</i>	
<i>Litoria pearsoniana</i>	cascade treefrog
<i>Litoria rheocola</i>	
<i>Mixophyes fleayi</i>	
<i>Mixophyes iteratus</i>	giant barred frog
<i>Nyctimystes dayi</i>	
<i>Rheobatrachus silus</i>	southern gastric brooding frog
<i>Rheobatrachus vitellinus</i>	northern gastric brooding frog
<i>Taudactylus acutirostris</i>	sharp-snouted torrent frog

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Taudactylus diurnus</i>	Mount Glorious torrent frog
<i>Taudactylus eungellensis</i>	Eungella torrent frog
<i>Taudactylus pleione</i>	Kroombit tinkerfrog
<i>Taudactylus rheophilus</i>	

**Division 2—Birds****3 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

**4 Birds**

The following birds are endangered birds—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Casuarius casuarius</i>	southern cassowary (southern population)
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Coxen's)
<i>Dasyornis brachypterus</i>	eastern bristlebird
<i>Epthianura crocea macgregori</i>	yellow chat (Dawson)
<i>Erythrotriorchis radiatus</i>	red goshawk
<i>Erythrura gouldiae</i>	Gouldian finch
<i>Lathamus discolor</i>	swift parrot
<i>Macronectes giganteus</i>	southern giant petrel
<i>Neochmia ruficauda ruficauda</i>	star finch (eastern subspecies)
<i>Pezoporus occidentalis</i>	night parrot

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Psephotus chrysopterygius</i>	golden-shouldered parrot
<i>Pterodroma arminjoniana</i>	Herald petrel
<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	little tern
<i>Xanthomyza phrygia</i>	regent honeyeater

***Division 3—Invertebrates*****5 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

**6 Invertebrates**

The following invertebrates are endangered invertebrates—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Argyreus hyperbius inconstans</i>	Australian fritillary butterfly
<i>Hypochrysops piceatus</i>	piceatus jewel butterfly

***Division 4—Fish*****7 Scientific names**

Unless otherwise stated, the scientific names used for fish in this division follow Wager, Rob and Jackson, Peter (1993), *The Action Plan for Australian Freshwater Fishes*, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, the Director of National Parks and Wildlife, Australian Nature Conservation Agency, Canberra, Australia.

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

**8 Fish**

The following fish are endangered fish—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Carcharias taurus</i> (Last, P.R. and Stevens, J.D., (1994), <i>Sharks and Rays of Australia</i> , CSIRO, Australia)	grey nurse shark
<i>Chlamydogobius</i> sp. A (A.M. SI 25261-001; P. Coleman & W. Ponder 1984; Elizabeth Springs)	Elizabeth Springs goby
<i>Chlamydogobius</i> sp. B (A.M. SI 25951-001; P. Coleman & W. Ponder 1984; Edgbaston Springs)	Edgbaston goby
<i>Scaturiginichthys vermeilipinnis</i>	red-finned blue-eye

**Division 5—Mammals****9 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

**10 Mammals**

The following mammals are endangered mammals—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Bettongia tropica</i>	northern bettong
<i>Dasyurus maculatus gracilis</i>	spotted-tailed quoll
<i>Hipposideros semoni</i>	Semon's leaf-nosed bat
<i>Lasiorhinus krefftii</i>	northern hairy-nosed wombat
<i>Macrotis lagotis</i>	bilby

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Melomys rubicola</i>	Bramble Cay melomys
<i>Notomys fuscus</i>	dusky hopping-mouse
<i>Onychogalea fraenata</i>	bridled nailtail wallaby
<i>Petaurus gracilis</i>	mahogany glider
<i>Petrogale persephone</i>	Proserpine rock-wallaby
<i>Petrogale sharmani</i>	Sharman's rock-wallaby
<i>Pseudomys australis</i>	plains rat
<i>Rhinolophus philippinensis</i>	greater large-eared horseshoe bat
<i>Saccolaimus saccolaimus nudicluniatus</i>	bare-rumped sheathtail bat
<i>Sminthopsis douglasi</i>	Julia Creek dunnart
<i>Taphozous troungtoni</i>	Troughton's sheathtail bat

**Division 6—Reptiles****11 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

**12 Reptiles**

The following reptiles are endangered reptiles—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Anomalopus mackayi</i>	long-legged worm skink
<i>Caretta caretta</i>	loggerhead turtle
<i>Dermochelys coriacea</i>	leathery turtle

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Elusor macrurus</i>	Mary River tortoise
<i>Hemiaspis damelii</i>	grey snake
<i>Lepidochelys olivacea</i>	Pacific ridley
<i>Lerista allanae</i>	
<i>Tympanocryptis pinguicollis</i> (Covacevich <i>et al</i> 1998)	south-eastern lined earless dragon

## PART 2—ENDANGERED PLANTS

## 13 Scientific names

The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title 'Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution'. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

## 14 Plants

The following plants are endangered plants—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acacia porcata</i>	
<i>Acacia ramiflora</i>	
<i>Acacia rubricola</i>	
<i>Acacia saxicola</i>	Mt Maroon wattle
<i>Acacia</i> sp. (Ruined Castle Creek P.I.Forster+ PIF17848)	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acmena</i> sp. (Cooper Creek P.I.Forster+ PIF15557)	
<i>Acronychia littoralis</i>	scented acronychia
<i>Alectryon ramiflorus</i>	
<i>Alectryon repandodentatus</i>	
<i>Allocauarina emuina</i>	
<i>Allocauarina thalassoscopica</i>	
<i>Apatophyllum olsenii</i>	
<i>Aponogeton bullosus</i>	
<i>Aponogeton proliferus</i>	
<i>Archidendron kanisii</i>	
<i>Archontophoenix myolensis</i>	
<i>Aristida granitica</i>	
<i>Astrotricha roddii</i>	
<i>Atalaya collina</i>	
<i>Austromyrtus fragrantissima</i>	
<i>Austromyrtus gonoclada</i>	
<i>Babingtonia granitica</i>	
<i>Babingtonia papillosa</i>	
<i>Babingtonia silvestris</i>	
<i>Bertya granitica</i>	
<i>Boea kinnearii</i>	
<i>Boronia granitica</i>	
<i>Boronia repanda</i>	
<i>Brachychiton</i> sp. (Blackwell Range R.J.Fensham 971)	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Bulbophyllum blumei</i>	
<i>Cajanus mareebensis</i>	
<i>Caladenia atroclavia</i>	
<i>Calochilus psednus</i>	
<i>Capparis humistrata</i>	
<i>Carronia pedicellata</i>	
<i>Chingia australis</i>	
<i>Coix gasteenii</i>	
<i>Corchorus cunninghamii</i>	
<i>Cossinia australiana</i>	
<i>Costus potierae</i>	
<i>Crepidium lawleri</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes aphlebioides</i>	filmy fern
<i>Cyathea exilis</i>	
<i>Cyathea felina</i>	
<i>Cycas megacarpa</i>	
<i>Cycas ophiolitica</i>	Marlborough blue
<i>Cyperus cephalotes</i>	
<i>Davidsonia johnsonii</i>	
<i>Decaspermum struckoiligum</i>	
<i>Dendrobium antennatum</i>	antelope orchid
<i>Dendrobium lithocola</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium mirbelianum</i>	mangrove orchid
<i>Dendrobium nindii</i>	blue orchid
<i>Dinosperma longifolium</i>	



## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Diplazium pallidum</i>	
<i>Diploglottis campbellii</i>	small leaved tamarind
<i>Dipodium pictum</i>	
<i>Endiandra cooperana</i>	
<i>Endiandra floydii</i>	
<i>Eremochloa muricata</i>	
<i>Eriocaulon carsonii</i>	
<i>Eryngium fontanum</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus broviniensis</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus conglomerata</i>	swamp stringybark
<i>Eucalyptus pachycalyx</i> subsp. <i>waajensis</i>	shiny-barked gum
<i>Eucryphia jinksii</i>	
<i>Euphrasia bella</i>	Lamington eyebright
<i>Fimbristylis adjuncta</i>	
<i>Fontainea fugax</i>	
<i>Gardenia actinocarpa</i>	
<i>Genoplesium tectum</i>	
<i>Graptophyllum reticulatum</i>	
<i>Grevillea linsmithii</i>	
<i>Habenaria harroldii</i>	
<i>Habenaria macraithii</i>	
<i>Hedyotis novoguineensis</i>	
<i>Homopholis belsonii</i>	
<i>Huperzia carinata</i>	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Huperzia dalhousieana</i>	
<i>Huperzia filiformis</i>	
<i>Huperzia squarrosa</i>	
<i>Jasminum jenniae</i>	
<i>Lasiopetalum</i> sp. (Proston J.A.Baker 17)	
<i>Leionema elatius</i> subsp. <i>beckleri</i>	
<i>Leucopogon recurvisepalus</i>	
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. (Coolmunda D.Halford Q1635)	
<i>Lilaeopsis brisbanica</i>	
<i>Macadamia janseni</i>	
<i>Macrozamia cranei</i>	
<i>Macrozamia lomandroides</i>	
<i>Macrozamia pauli-guilielmi</i>	
<i>Macrozamia platyrhachis</i>	
<i>Macrozamia serpentina</i>	
<i>Macrozamia viridis</i>	
<i>Microcarpaea agonis</i>	
<i>Micromyrtus carinata</i>	
<i>Micromyrtus delicata</i>	
<i>Micromyrtus patula</i>	
<i>Muellerargia timorensis</i>	
<i>Mukia</i> sp. (Longreach D.Davidson AQ279935)	
<i>Myriophyllum artesium</i>	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Nepenthes mirabilis</i> Bramston Beach population	pitcher plant, tropical pitcher plant
<i>Nesaea robertsii</i>	
<i>Nicotiana wuttkei</i>	
<i>Noahdendron nicholasii</i>	
<i>Ochrosia moorei</i>	southern ochrosia
<i>Oldenlandia gibsonii</i>	
<i>Oldenlandia spathulata</i>	
<i>Olearia hygrophila</i>	swamp daisy, water daisy
<i>Olearia</i> sp. (Glenavon P.I.Forster+ PIF15039)	
<i>Parsonsia sankowskyana</i>	
<i>Phaius australis</i>	
<i>Phaius bernaysii</i>	yellow swamp orchid
<i>Phaius tancarvilleae</i>	swamp orchid
<i>Phalaenopsis amabilis</i> subsp. <i>rosenstromii</i>	moth orchid
<i>Plesioneuron tuberculatum</i>	
<i>Pomaderris clivicola</i>	
<i>Pomaderris coomingalensis</i>	
<i>Pouteria eerwah</i>	
<i>Plectranthus habrophyllus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus nitidus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus omissus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus torrenticola</i>	
<i>Prostanthera clotteniana</i>	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. (Dinden P.I.Forster+ PIF17342)	
<i>Pterostylis chaetophora</i>	
<i>Randia moorei</i>	spiny gardenia
<i>Rhodamnia angustifolia</i>	
<i>Rutidosia lanata</i>	
<i>Sankowskya stipularis</i>	
<i>Sarcochilus fitzgeraldii</i>	ravine orchid
<i>Sarcochilus weinthalii</i>	blotched sarcochilus
<i>Solanum adenophorum</i>	
<i>Solanum papaverifolium</i>	
<i>Sporobolus pamela</i>	
<i>Stackhousia</i> sp. (McIvor River J.R.Clarkson 5201)	
<i>Tectaria devexa</i> var. <i>devexa</i>	
<i>Toechima pterocarpum</i>	
<i>Trioncinia retroflexa</i>	
<i>Triunia robusta</i>	
<i>Tylophora linearis</i>	
<i>Tylophora rupicola</i>	
<i>Tylophora woollsii</i>	
<i>Vrydagzynea paludosa</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon formosus</i>	
<i>Xerothamnella herbacea</i>	
<i>Zieria furfuracea</i> subsp. <i>gymnocarpa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Zieria</i> sp. (Binjour P.I.Forster PIF14134)	
<i>Zieria</i> sp. (Brolga Park A.R.Bean 1002)	

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****15 Significance**

Endangered wildlife are a significant component of Queensland's biodiversity and a vital feature of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

**16 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for endangered wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife;
- (b) as a priority, to put into effect recovery plans or conservation plans for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (c) to seek funding to help achieve the objectives of recovery plans and conservation plans;
- (d) to take action to ensure viable populations of the wildlife in the wild are preserved or re-established;

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

- (e) to establish formal communications with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the ongoing management and conservation status of endangered wildlife in Australia;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) to regularly monitor and review the status of endangered wildlife and its habitat;
- (h) to encourage scientific research and inventory programs likely to contribute to an understanding of endangered wildlife and its habitat and management requirements;
- (i) to recognise that the habitat of endangered wildlife is likely to be a critical habitat or area of major interest;
- (j) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on endangered wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

**17 Principles for the taking and use of endangered wildlife**

The following are the principles for the taking and use of endangered wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purposes may be permitted only—
  - (i) if it is for a captive breeding program to be conducted under a recovery plan approved by the chief executive; or
  - (ii) under a conservation plan;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
  - (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;<sup>2</sup> and

---

<sup>2</sup> The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

## SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

- (ii) it will not reduce the ability of the wildlife's population to expand.

---

## SCHEDULE 3

### VULNERABLE WILDLIFE

section 6

#### PART 1—VULNERABLE ANIMALS

##### *Division 1—Amphibians*

#### 1 Scientific names

The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

#### 2 Amphibians

The following amphibians are vulnerable amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Adelotus brevis</i>	tusked frog
<i>Cophixalus neglectus</i> (Zweifel 1962)	tangarine nursery frog
<i>Cophixalus saxatilis</i> (Zweifel and Parker 1977)	boulder nursery frog
<i>Cophixalus zweifeli</i> (Davies and McDonald 1998)	Cape Melville boulder frog
<i>Crinia tinnula</i>	wallum froglet
<i>Litoria andiirmalin</i> (McDonald 1997)	Cape Melville tree frog
<i>Litoria freycineti</i>	Freycinet's frog
<i>Litoria olongburensis</i>	



## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Litoria subglandulosa</i>	glandular tree frog
<i>Pseudophryne covacevichae</i>	

**Division 2—Birds****3 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

**4 Birds**

The following birds are vulnerable birds—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Atrichornis rufescens</i>	rufous scrub-bird
<i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i>	Major Mitchell's cockatoo (pink cockatoo)
<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>	glossy black-cockatoo
<i>Casuarius casuarius</i>	southern cassowary (northern population)
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma macleayana</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Macleay's)
<i>Eclectus roratus macgillivrayi</i>	eclectus parrot (Australian subspecies)
<i>Epthianura crocea crocea</i>	yellow chat (gulf)
<i>Esacus neglectus</i>	beach stone-curlew
<i>Geophaps scripta scripta</i>	squatter pigeon (southern subspecies)
<i>Macronectes halli</i>	northern giant petrel

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Malurus coronatus</i>	purple-crowned fairy-wren
<i>Neochmia phaeton</i>	crimson finch
<i>Ninox rufa queenslandica</i>	rufous owl (southern subspecies)
<i>Ninox strenua</i>	powerful owl
<i>Pedionomus torquatus</i>	plains-wanderer
<i>Pezoporus wallicus</i>	ground parrot
<i>Phaethon rubricauda</i>	red-tailed tropicbird
<i>Podargus ocellatus plumiferus</i>	marbled frogmouth
<i>Poephila cincta cincta</i>	black-throated finch (southern subspecies)
<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	painted snipe
<i>Stipiturus malachurus</i>	southern emu-wren
<i>Turnix melanogaster</i>	black-breasted button-quail
<i>Turnix olivii</i>	buff-breasted button-quail
<i>Tyto novaehollandiae kimberlyi</i>	masked owl (northern subspecies)

**Division 3—Invertebrates****5 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

**6 Invertebrates**

The following invertebrates are vulnerable invertebrates—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Acrodipsas illidgei</i>	Illidge's ant-blue butterfly
<i>Hypochrysops apollo apollo</i>	apollo jewel butterfly
<i>Jalmenus evagoras eubulus</i>	
<i>Nacaduba pactolus cela</i>	bold blue-line butterfly
<i>Ornithoptera richmondia</i>	Richmond birdwing butterfly

***Division 4—Fish*****7 Scientific names**

Unless otherwise stated, the scientific names used for fish in this division follow Wager, Rob and Jackson, Peter (1993), *The Action Plan for Australian Freshwater Fishes*, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, the Director of National Parks and Wildlife, Australian Nature Conservation Agency, Canberra, Australia.

**8 Fish**

The following fish are vulnerable fish—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Nannoperca oxleyana</i>	Oxleyan pygmy perch
<i>Pseudomugil mellis</i>	honey blue-eye

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

*Division 5—Mammals***9 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

**10 Mammals**

(1) The following mammals are vulnerable mammals—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Arctocephalus tropicalis</i>	sub-Antarctic fur seal
<i>Dasyercus cristicauda</i>	mulgara
<i>Dasyuroides byrnei</i>	kowari
<i>Dasyurus maculatus maculatus</i>	spotted-tailed quoll
<i>Dugong dugon</i>	dugong
<i>Hipposideros cervinus</i>	fawn leaf-nosed bat
<i>Hipposideros stenotis</i>	northern leaf-nosed bat
<i>Macroderma gigas</i>	ghost bat
<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>	humpback whale
<i>Murina florium</i>	tube-nosed insect bat
<i>Notomys aquilo</i>	northern hopping-mouse
<i>Nyctophilus timoriensis</i>	eastern long-eared bat
<i>Petaurus australis reginae</i>	yellow-bellied glider (northern subspecies)
<i>Petrogale lateralis purpureicollis</i>	black-footed rock-wallaby (purple-necked subspecies)
<i>Petrogale penicillata</i>	brush-tailed rock-wallaby
<i>Potorous tridactylus</i>	long-nosed potoroo

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pseudomys oralis</i>	Hastings River mouse
<i>Pteropus macrotis epularis</i>	large-eared flying-fox
<i>Pteropus</i> sp. nov. (A.N.W.C. CM5012; Richards and Hall 1994)	Torresian flying-fox
<i>Rhinonicteris aurantius</i>	orange leaf-nosed bat
<i>Taphozous australis</i>	coastal sheathtail bat
<i>Xeromys myoides</i>	false water-rat

(2) Also, a koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*) is a vulnerable mammal for the southeast Queensland bioregion.<sup>3</sup>

*Division 6—Reptiles***11 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

**12 Reptiles**

The following reptiles are vulnerable reptiles—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	green turtle
<i>Crocodylus porosus</i>	estuarine crocodile
<i>Delma labialis</i>	
<i>Delma torquata</i>	

<sup>3</sup> For a koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*) for an area other than the southeast Queensland bioregion, see schedule 5 (Common wildlife), section 4 (Mammals).

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Denisonia maculata</i>	ornamental snake
<i>Egernia rugosa</i>	yakka skink
<i>Elseya lavarackorum</i>	gulf snapping turtle
<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>	hawksbill turtle
<i>Furina dunmalli</i>	Dunmall's snake
<i>Lerista vittata</i>	
<i>Natator depressus</i>	flatback turtle
<i>Paradelma orientalis</i>	
<i>Rheodytes leukops</i>	Fitzroy tortoise

**PART 2—VULNERABLE PLANTS****13 Scientific names**

The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title 'Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution'. An extract of the names used in the census is available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

**14 Plants**

The following plants are vulnerable plants—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Acacia ammophila</i>	
<i>Acacia attenuata</i>	
<i>Acacia barakulensis</i>	Waajie wattle

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acacia baueri</i> subsp. <i>baueri</i>	
<i>Acacia chinchillensis</i>	
<i>Acacia crombiei</i>	
<i>Acacia curranii</i>	
<i>Acacia deuteroneura</i>	
<i>Acacia eremophiloides</i>	
<i>Acacia guymeri</i>	
<i>Acacia handonis</i>	
<i>Acacia lauta</i>	
<i>Acacia perangusta</i>	
<i>Acacia peuce</i>	waddy
<i>Acacia pubifolia</i>	
<i>Acacia purpureopetala</i>	
<i>Acacia ruppii</i>	
<i>Acacia solenota</i>	
<i>Acacia</i> sp. (Gwambagwine F.Carter 2)	
<i>Acacia tingoorensis</i>	
<i>Acacia wardellii</i>	
<i>Acalypha lyonsii</i>	
<i>Acriopsis javanica</i>	
<i>Actephila foetida</i>	
<i>Actephila</i> sp. (Koumala I.G.Champion 870)	
<i>Allocasuarina rigida</i> subsp. <i>exsul</i>	Mt Cooroora she-oak
<i>Alloxylon flammeum</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Archidendron lovelliae</i>	bacon wood
<i>Arenga australasica</i>	
<i>Aristida annua</i>	
<i>Arthraxon hispidus</i>	
<i>Asplenium pellucidum</i>	
<i>Asplenium unilaterale</i>	
<i>Asplenium wildii</i>	
<i>Babingtonia squarrulosa</i>	
<i>Babingtonia tozerensis</i>	
<i>Baeckea trapeza</i>	
<i>Baloghia marmorata</i>	jointed baloghia
<i>Banksia conferta</i> subsp. <i>conferta</i>	
<i>Bertya calycina</i>	
<i>Bertya ernestiana</i>	
<i>Bertya pinifolia</i>	
<i>Boronia keysii</i>	Keys boronia
<i>Boronia</i> sp. (Aranbanga Creek P.Grimshaw+ PG2597)	
<i>Bothriochloa bunyensis</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum gracillimum</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum longiflorum</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum weinthalii</i>	
<i>Bursaria reevesii</i>	
<i>Cadellia pentastylis</i>	ooline
<i>Calamus warburgii</i>	



## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Callistemon pungens</i>	
<i>Callistemon</i> sp. (Boulia L.Pedley 5297)	
<i>Calophyllum bicolor</i>	
<i>Calytrix gurulmundensis</i>	
<i>Canarium acutifolium</i> var. <i>acutifolium</i>	
<i>Canthium</i> sp. (Thursday Island E.Cowley 10)	
<i>Capparis thozetiana</i>	
<i>Carmona retusa</i>	
<i>Caustis blakei</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>	koala fern
<i>Chamaesyce carissoides</i>	
<i>Chiloglottis sphyrnoides</i>	
<i>Cissus aristata</i>	
<i>Citrus inodora</i>	
<i>Clematis fawcettii</i>	
<i>Cliffordiochloa parvispicula</i>	
<i>Comesperma oblongatum</i>	
<i>Commersonia</i> sp. (Beeron P.I.Forster PIF4658)	
<i>Cooperookia scabridiuscula</i>	
<i>Corybas montanus</i>	
<i>Corymbia clandestina</i>	
<i>Corymbia leptoloma</i>	
<i>Corymbia rhodops</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Corymbia xanthope</i>	
<i>Croton magneticus</i>	
<i>Cryptocarya foetida</i>	stinking cryptocarya
<i>Ctenopteris blechnoides</i>	
<i>Ctenopteris walleri</i>	
<i>Cupaniopsis cooperorum</i>	
<i>Cupaniopsis shirleyana</i>	
<i>Cupaniopsis tomentella</i>	
<i>Cycas cairnsiana</i>	
<i>Cycas desolata</i>	
<i>Cycas platyphylla</i>	
<i>Cycas semota</i>	
<i>Cycas silvestris</i>	
<i>Cycas tuckeri</i>	
<i>Cyclophyllum costatum</i>	
<i>Cyperus clarus</i>	
<i>Cyperus semifertilis</i>	
<i>Daviesia discolor</i>	
<i>Daviesia quoquoversus</i>	
<i>Dendrobium bigibbum</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium callitrophilum</i>	
<i>Dendrobium carronii</i>	pink tea-tree orchid
<i>Dendrobium johannis</i>	brown antelope orchid
<i>Dendrobium phalaenopsis</i>	Cooktown orchid
<i>Dendrobium x superbiens</i>	pink orchid or curly pinks

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Denhamia parvifolia</i>	small-leaved denhamia
<i>Dichanthium queenslandicum</i>	
<i>Dioclea hexandra</i>	
<i>Diplazium cordifolium</i>	
<i>Dischidia littoralis</i>	
<i>Dissiliaria tuckeri</i>	
<i>Dodonaea rupicola</i>	
<i>Drosera prolifera</i>	
<i>Drosera schizandra</i>	
<i>Drynaria x dumicola</i>	
<i>Dryopteris sparsa</i>	
<i>Dubouzetia saxatilis</i>	
<i>Ectrosia blakei</i>	
<i>Eleocharis retroflexa</i>	
<i>Endiandra hayesii</i>	
<i>Eremophila tetraptera</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus argophloia</i>	Chinchilla white gum
<i>Eucalyptus beaniana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus hallii</i>	Goodwood gum
<i>Eucalyptus infera</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus kabiana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus magnificata</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus paedoglauca</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus raveretiana</i>	black ironbox
<i>Eucalyptus scoparia</i>	Wallangarra white gum

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Eucalyptus taurina</i>	ironbark
<i>Eucalyptus virens</i>	
<i>Eucryphia wilkiei</i>	
<i>Euodia pubifolia</i>	
<i>Floydia praealt</i>	ball nut, possum nut
<i>Fontainea australis</i>	southern fontainea
<i>Fontainea rostrata</i>	
<i>Fontainea venosa</i>	
<i>Freycinetia marginata</i>	climbing pandanus, giant climbing pandan
<i>Freycinetia percostata</i>	
<i>Gardenia psidioides</i>	
<i>Gaultheria</i> sp. (Mt Merino G.Leiper AQ502686)	
<i>Germainia capitata</i>	
<i>Gonocarpus urceolatus</i>	
<i>Grammitis reinwardtii</i>	
<i>Graptophyllum ilicifolium</i>	
<i>Grastidium tozerense</i>	
<i>Grevillea glossadenia</i>	
<i>Grevillea hockingsii</i>	
<i>Grevillea hodgei</i>	
<i>Grevillea kennedyana</i>	
<i>Grevillea quadricauda</i>	
<i>Grevillea scortechinii</i>	
<i>Grevillea venusta</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Gulubia costata</i>	
<i>Hakea maconochieana</i>	
<i>Hakea trineura</i>	
<i>Haloragis exalata</i>	
<i>Hexaspora pubescens</i>	
<i>Hicksbeachia pinnatifolia</i>	
<i>Homoranthus decumbens</i>	
<i>Homoranthus montanus</i>	
<i>Homoranthus porteri</i>	
<i>Huperzia lockyeri</i>	
<i>Huperzia marsupiiiformis</i>	
<i>Huperzia phlegmarioides</i>	
<i>Huperzia prolifera</i>	square tassel fern
<i>Hydrocharis dubia</i>	
<i>Indigofera oxyrachis</i>	
<i>Jedda multicaulis</i>	
<i>Lawrenzia buchananensis</i>	
<i>Leionema ellipticum</i>	
<i>Leionema obtusifolium</i>	
<i>Leptospermum venustum</i>	
<i>Lepturus</i> sp. (Chillagoe M.Godwin C2576)	
<i>Livistona drudei</i>	
<i>Livistona lanuginosa</i>	
<i>Logania diffusa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Lychnothamnus barbatus</i>	stonewort
<i>Macadamia claudiensis</i>	
<i>Macadamia integrifolia</i>	Queensland nut, macadamia nut
<i>Macadamia ternifolia</i>	
<i>Macadamia tetraphylla</i>	macadamia nut
<i>Macropteranthes montana</i>	
<i>Macrozamia conferta</i>	
<i>Macrozamia crassifolia</i>	
<i>Macrozamia fearnsidei</i>	
<i>Macrozamia machinii</i>	
<i>Macrozamia occidua</i>	
<i>Macrozamia parcifolia</i>	
<i>Marsdenia brevifolia</i>	
<i>Marsdenia coronata</i>	
<i>Marsdenia longiloba</i>	
<i>Marsdenia paludicola</i>	
<i>Marsdenia pumila</i>	
<i>Marsdenia rara</i>	
<i>Marsdenia straminea</i>	
<i>Maundia triglochinooides</i>	
<i>Medicosma elliptica</i>	
<i>Medicosma obovata</i>	
<i>Melaleuca kunzeoides</i>	
<i>Micromyrtus rotundifolia</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Micromyrtus vernicosa</i>	
<i>Myriophyllum coronatum</i>	
<i>Myrmecodia beccarii</i>	ant plant
<i>Neisosperma kilneri</i>	
<i>Neoroepera buxifolia</i>	
<i>Newcastelia velutina</i>	
<i>Niemeyera whitei</i>	
<i>Notelaea lloydii</i>	
<i>Ochrosperma obovatum</i>	
<i>Omphalea celata</i>	
<i>Owenia cepiodora</i>	onion cedar
<i>Ozothamnus eriocephalus</i>	
<i>Ozothamnus vagans</i>	
<i>Parsonsia bartlensis</i>	
<i>Parsonsia kroombitensis</i>	
<i>Parsonsia larcomensis</i>	
<i>Paspalidium grandispiculatum</i>	
<i>Paspalidium udum</i>	
<i>Persicaria elatior</i>	
<i>Phaius pictus</i>	
<i>Phebalium glandulosum</i> subsp. <i>eglandulosum</i>	
<i>Phebalium whitei</i>	
<i>Philothea acrolopha</i>	
<i>Philothea sporadica</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Picris evae</i>	
<i>Plectranthus amoenus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus gratus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus leiperi</i>	
<i>Pomaderris crassifolia</i>	
<i>Pomatocalpa marsupiale</i>	
<i>Prasophyllum wallum</i>	
<i>Prostanthera palustris</i>	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. (Dunmore D.M.Gordon 8A)	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. (Mt Tozer L.J.Brass 19478)	
<i>Pterostylis bicornis</i>	horned greenhood
<i>Pultenaea setulosa</i>	
<i>Pultenaea stuartiana</i>	
<i>Quassia bidwillii</i>	quassia
<i>Quassia</i> sp. (Kennedy River J.R.Clarkson 5645)	
<i>Rhaphidospora bonneyana</i>	
<i>Rhinerrhizopsis moorei</i>	
<i>Ricinocarpos speciosus</i>	
<i>Romnalda strobilacea</i>	
<i>Sarcochilus hartmannii</i>	
<i>Sarcochilus hirticalcar</i>	
<i>Sarcochilus roseus</i>	rosy pink
<i>Sclerolaena blakei</i>	



## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Sclerolaena walkeri</i>	
<i>Solanum carduiforme</i>	
<i>Solanum dunalianum</i>	
<i>Solanum</i> sp. (Dalby R.F.Kelsey 56)	
<i>Sophora fraseri</i>	brush sophora
<i>Sowerbaea subtilis</i>	
<i>Spathoglottis plicata</i>	
<i>Stemmacantha australis</i>	
<i>Stemona angusta</i>	
<i>Stylidium longissimum</i>	
<i>Swainsona murrayana</i>	slender Darling pea
<i>Symplocos baeuerlenii</i>	
<i>Syzygium hodgkinsoniae</i>	red lilly pilly
<i>Syzygium moorei</i>	Durobby/Robby
<i>Syzygium velarum</i>	
<i>Tephrosia leveillei</i>	
<i>Thelepogon australiensis</i>	
<i>Thelypteris confluens</i>	
<i>Thesium australe</i>	toadflax
<i>Tinospora tinosporoides</i>	
<i>Trichoglottis australiensis</i>	
<i>Trigonostemon inopinatus</i>	
<i>Triplarina nitchaga</i>	
<i>Trymalium minutiflorum</i>	
<i>Vanda hindsii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Westringia parvifolia</i>	
<i>Westringia rupicola</i>	
<i>Wetria australiensis</i>	
<i>Wodyetia bifurcata</i>	foxtail palm
<i>Xanthostemon oppositifolius</i>	penda
<i>Xerothamnella parvifolia</i>	
<i>Zeuxine polygonoides</i>	
<i>Zieria collina</i>	
<i>Zieria obovata</i>	
<i>Zieria rimulosa</i>	
<i>Zieria</i> sp. (Mt Larcom N.Gibson TOI8)	
<i>Zieria verrucosa</i>	

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****15 Significance**

Vulnerable wildlife are considered to be a valuable component of Queensland's biodiversity and an important feature of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

**16 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for vulnerable wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to establish a database of records and information about the wildlife and its habitat;
- (b) to put into effect recovery plans or conservation plans for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (c) to seek funding to help achieve the objectives of recovery plans and conservation plans;
- (d) to take action to ensure viable populations of the wildlife in the wild are preserved or established;
- (e) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the ongoing management and conservation status of the wildlife throughout Australia;
- (f) to start education programs for the community and managers of public land on extinction processes and threatened species conservation and habitat;
- (g) to regularly monitor and review the status of the wildlife and its habitat;
- (h) to encourage scientific research programs likely to contribute to an understanding of the wildlife, its habitat and management requirements;
- (i) to recognise that the conservation of the habitat of vulnerable wildlife is critical to ensuring the survival of the wildlife;
- (j) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on vulnerable wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

**17 Principles for the taking and use of vulnerable wildlife**

The following are the principles for the taking and use of vulnerable wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purpose may be permitted only—

## SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

- (i) if it is for an approved captive breeding program and conducted under a recovery plan approved by the chief executive; or
- (ii) under a conservation plan;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
  - (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;<sup>4</sup> and
  - (ii) it will not reduce the ability of the wildlife's population to expand.

---

<sup>4</sup> The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

---

## SCHEDULE 4

### RARE WILDLIFE

section 7

#### PART 1—RARE ANIMALS

##### *Division 1—Amphibians*

#### 1 Scientific names

The scientific names used for amphibians in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

#### 2 Amphibians

The following amphibians are rare amphibians—

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Assa darlingtoni</i>	pouched frog
<i>Cophixalus bombiens</i>	
<i>Cophixalus concinnus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus crepitans</i>	
<i>Cophixalus exiguus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus hosmeri</i>	
<i>Cophixalus infacetus</i>	
<i>Cophixalus mcdonaldi</i>	
<i>Cophixalus monticola</i>	
<i>Cophixalus peninsularis</i>	
<i>Cyclorana verrucosa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Lechriodus fletcheri</i>	Fletcher's frog
<i>Litoria brevipalmata</i>	green-thighed frog
<i>Litoria cooloolensis</i>	
<i>Litoria genimaculata</i>	
<i>Litoria longirostris</i>	
<i>Litoria revelata</i>	
<i>Phyloria kundagungan</i>	
<i>Phyloria loveridgei</i>	Loveridge's frog
<i>Sphenophryne fryi</i>	
<i>Sphenophryne robusta</i>	
<i>Taudactylus liemi</i>	

**Division 2—Birds****3 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for birds in this division follow Simpson and Day, *Field Guide to the Birds of Australia*, (5th edition 1996), Penguin Books Australia Ltd., Victoria, Australia.

**4 Birds**

The following birds are rare birds—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i>	grey goshawk
<i>Amytornis barbatus</i>	grey grasswren
<i>Amytornis dorotheae</i>	Carpentarian grasswren
<i>Amytornis striatus</i>	striated grasswren

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Cisticola juncidis normani</i>	zitting cisticola (Normanton subspecies)
<i>Climacteris erythroptis</i>	red-browed treecreeper
<i>Collocalia spodiopygius</i>	white-rumped swiftlet
<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma marshalli</i>	double-eyed fig-parrot (Marshall's)
<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>	black-necked stork
<i>Erythrura trichroa</i>	blue-faced parrot-finch
<i>Falco hypoleucos</i>	grey falcon
<i>Grantiella picta</i>	painted honeyeater
<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>	sooty oystercatcher
<i>Heteromunia pectoralis</i>	pictorella mannikin
<i>Lichenostomus hindwoodi</i>	Eungella honeyeater
<i>Lophoictinia isura</i>	square-tailed kite
<i>Melithreptus gularis</i>	black-chinned honeyeater
<i>Menura alberti</i>	Albert's lyrebird
<i>Menura novaehollandiae</i>	superb lyrebird
<i>Neophema pulchella</i>	turquoise parrot
<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>	cotton pygmy-goose
<i>Ninox rufa meesi</i>	rufous owl (Cape York subspecies)
<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>	eastern curlew
<i>Pachycephala olivacea</i>	olive whistler
<i>Probosciger aterrimus</i>	palm cockatoo
<i>Pyrrholaemus brunneus</i>	redthroat
<i>Rallus pectoralis</i>	Lewin's rail

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Stictonetta naevosa</i>	freckled duck
<i>Tadorna radjah</i>	radjah shelduck
<i>Tyto tenebricosa</i>	sooty owl

*Division 3—Mammals***5 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for mammals in this division follow Strahan, Ronald, (1995), *Mammals of Australia* (Australian Museum), Reed International Books, Sydney, Australia.

**6 Mammals**

The following mammals are rare mammals—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Antechinomys laniger</i>	kultarr
<i>Antechinus godmani</i>	Atherton antechinus
<i>Antechinus leo</i>	cinnamon antechinus
<i>Chalinolobus dwyeri</i>	large-eared pied bat
<i>Chalinolobus picatus</i>	little pied bat
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	Bennett's tree-kangaroo
<i>Dendrolagus lumholtzi</i>	Lumholtz's tree-kangaroo
<i>Dobsonia moluccensis</i>	bare-backed fruit-bat
<i>Hemibelideus lemuroides</i>	lemuroid ringtail possum
<i>Hipposideros diadema</i>	diadem leaf-nosed bat
<i>Kerivoula papuensis</i>	golden-tipped bat
<i>Nyctimene cephalotes</i>	



## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Nyctimene vizcaccia</i>	Torresian tube-nosed bat
<i>Nyctophilus walkeri</i>	pygmy long-eared bat
<i>Orcaella brevirostris</i>	Irrawaddy River dolphin
<i>Petrogale coenensis</i>	Cape York rock-wallaby
<i>Petrogale mareeba</i>	Mareeba rock-wallaby
<i>Phalanger intercastellanus</i>	southern common cuscus
<i>Pseudochirops archeri</i>	green ringtail possum
<i>Pseudochirulus cinereus</i>	Daintree River ringtail possum
<i>Pseudochirulus herbertensis</i>	Herbert River ringtail possum
<i>Saccolaimus mixtus</i>	Papuan sheathtail bat
<i>Sminthopsis archeri</i>	chestnut dunnart
<i>Sminthopsis leucopus</i>	white-footed dunnart
<i>Sousa chinensis</i>	Indopacific humpback dolphin
<i>Spilocuscus maculatus</i>	common spotted cuscus
<i>Vombatus ursinus</i>	common wombat

***Division 4—Reptiles*****7 Scientific names**

The scientific names used for reptiles in this division follow Cogger, H.G., *Reptiles and Amphibians of Australia*, (6th edition 1994), Reed International Books, Chatswood, Australia.

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

**8 Reptiles**

The following reptiles are rare reptiles—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Acanthophis antarcticus</i>	common death adder
<i>Anomalopus brevicollis</i>	
<i>Anomalopus pluto</i>	
<i>Aspidites ramsayi</i>	woma
<i>Bartleia jigurru</i>	
<i>Calyptotis thornstonensis</i>	
<i>Carlia scirtetis</i>	
<i>Cautula zia</i>	
<i>Chondropython viridis</i>	green python (Australian population)
<i>Coeranoscincus frontalis</i>	
<i>Coeranoscincus reticulatus</i>	
<i>Cryptoblepharus fuhni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus aphrodite</i>	
<i>Ctenotus ariadnae</i>	
<i>Ctenotus capricorni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus hypatia</i>	
<i>Ctenotus rawlinsoni</i>	
<i>Ctenotus schevilli</i>	
<i>Ctenotus serotinus</i>	
<i>Ctenotus zebrilla</i>	
<i>Delma mitella</i>	
<i>Diplodactylus taenicauda</i>	golden-tailed gecko

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Emoia atrocostata</i>	
<i>Emydura subglobosa</i>	
<i>Eroticoscincus graciloides</i>	
<i>Eulamprus amplus</i>	
<i>Eulamprus frerei</i>	
<i>Eulamprus luteilateralis</i>	
<i>Eulamprus tigrinus</i>	
<i>Furina barnardi</i>	yellow-naped snake
<i>Glaphyromorphus mjobergi</i>	
<i>Hoplocephalus stephensii</i>	Stephens' banded snake
<i>Lampropholis colossus</i>	
<i>Lampropholis mirabilis</i>	
<i>Lampropholis robertsi</i>	
<i>Lepidodactylus pumilus</i>	
<i>Lerista ameles</i>	
<i>Lerista cinerea</i>	
<i>Lerista ingrami</i>	
<i>Lerista karlschmidti</i>	
<i>Lerista storri</i>	
<i>Lerista wilkinsi</i>	
<i>Lygisaurus rococo</i>	
<i>Lygisaurus tanneri</i>	
<i>Menetia sadlieri</i>	
<i>Nactus galgajuga</i>	
<i>Nangura spinosa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Ophioscincus cooloolensis</i>	
<i>Ophioscincus truncatus</i>	
<i>Oxyuranus microlepidotus</i>	fierce snake
<i>Phyllurus caudiannulatus</i>	
<i>Phyllurus isis</i>	
<i>Pseudechis colletti</i>	Collett's snake
<i>Ramphotyphlops broomi</i>	
<i>Ramphotyphlops silvia</i>	
<i>Rhinoplocephalus incredibilis</i>	pink snake
<i>Saltuarius occultus</i>	
<i>Saproscincus rosei</i>	
<i>Saproscincus spectabilis</i>	
<i>Simoselaps warro</i>	
<i>Underwoodisaurus sphyrurus</i>	
<i>Varanus keithhornei</i>	
<i>Varanus prasinus</i>	emerald monitor
<i>Varanus semiremex</i>	rusty monitor

**PART 2—RARE PLANTS****9 Scientific names**

The scientific names for plants used in this part follow the names used by the Queensland Herbarium in the census of Queensland plants. The census is published from time to time under the title 'Queensland Plants, Names and Distribution'. An extract of the names used in the census is

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

available for inspection at the Queensland Herbarium, Mt Coot-tha Road, Toowong.

**10 Plants**

The following plants are rare plants—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Acacia acrionastes</i>	
<i>Acacia albizioides</i>	
<i>Acacia arbiana</i>	
<i>Acacia armillata</i>	
<i>Acacia armitii</i>	
<i>Acacia brunioides</i>	
<i>Acacia calantha</i>	
<i>Acacia centrinervia</i>	White hairy wattle
<i>Acacia fleckeri</i>	
<i>Acacia gittinsii</i>	
<i>Acacia hockingsii</i>	
<i>Acacia homaloclada</i>	
<i>Acacia hylonoma</i>	
<i>Acacia islana</i>	
<i>Acacia jackesiana</i>	
<i>Acacia latisepala</i>	
<i>Acacia longipedunculata</i>	
<i>Acacia meiosperma</i>	
<i>Acacia ommatosperma</i>	
<i>Acacia orites</i>	
<i>Acacia pedleyi</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Acacia pennata</i> subsp. <i>kerrii</i>	
<i>Acacia polyadenia</i>	
<i>Acacia pubicosta</i>	
<i>Acacia spania</i>	
<i>Acacia</i> sp. (Castletower N.Gibson TOI345)	
<i>Acacia storyi</i>	
<i>Acacia strongylophylla</i>	
<i>Acacia tenuinervis</i>	
<i>Aceratium ferrugineum</i>	
<i>Aceratium sericoleopsis</i>	
<i>Acianthus amplexicaulis</i>	
<i>Acianthus sublestus</i>	
<i>Acmena mackinnoniana</i>	
<i>Acmenosperma pringlei</i>	
<i>Acomis acoma</i>	
<i>Acronychia acuminata</i>	
<i>Acronychia baeuerlenii</i>	
<i>Acronychia eungellensis</i>	
<i>Acrotriche baileyana</i>	
<i>Actephila sessilifolia</i>	
<i>Actinotus paddisonii</i>	
<i>Agathis microstachya</i>	
<i>Aglaia argentea</i>	
<i>Aglaia brassii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Albizia retusa</i>	
<i>Albizia</i> sp. (Windsor Tableland B.Gray 2181)	
<i>Alectryon semicinereus</i>	
<i>Alectryon tropicus</i>	
<i>Allocasuarina filidens</i>	
<i>Allocasuarina rupicola</i>	
<i>Alloxylon pinnatum</i>	
<i>Alpinia hylandii</i>	
<i>Alyxia magnifolia</i>	
<i>Alyxia sharpei</i>	
<i>Amomum dallachyi</i>	
<i>Amomum queenslandicum</i>	
<i>Anacolosa papuana</i>	
<i>Angianthus brachypappus</i>	
<i>Antrophyum plantagineum</i>	ox tongue fern
<i>Antrophyum subfalcatum</i>	ox tongue fern
<i>Apatophyllum flavovirens</i>	
<i>Apatophyllum teretifolium</i>	
<i>Aphyllorchis anomala</i>	
<i>Aphyllorchis queenslandica</i>	
<i>Apluda mutica</i>	
<i>Aponogeton elongatus</i>	
<i>Aponogeton queenslandicus</i>	
<i>Archidendron hirsutum</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Archidendron muellerianum</i>	
<i>Archidendropsis xanthoxylon</i>	
<i>Ardisia bakeri</i>	
<i>Ardisia fasciculata</i>	
<i>Arenga microcarpa</i>	
<i>Argophyllum cryptophlebium</i>	
<i>Argophyllum nullumense</i>	
<i>Argophyllum verae</i>	
<i>Argyreia queenslandica</i>	
<i>Argyrodendron</i> sp. (Boonjie B.P.Hyland RFK2139)	
<i>Argyrodendron</i> sp. (Whyanbeel B.P.Hyland RFK1106)	
<i>Aristida burraensis</i>	
<i>Aristida forsteri</i>	
<i>Aristida thompsonii</i>	
<i>Artabotrys</i> sp. (Claudie River B.Gray 3240)	
<i>Arthragrostis clarksoniana</i>	
<i>Arundinella grevillensis</i>	
<i>Arundinella montana</i>	
<i>Arytera dictyoneura</i>	
<i>Asplenium athertonense</i>	
<i>Asplenium excisum</i>	
<i>Asplenium normale</i>	
<i>Astonia australiensis</i>	



## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Atalaya calcicola</i>	
<i>Atalaya rigida</i>	
<i>Atriplex fissivalvis</i>	
<i>Atriplex lobativalvis</i>	
<i>Atriplex morrisii</i>	
<i>Austrobuxus megacarpus</i>	
<i>Austrobuxus swainii</i>	
<i>Austromuelleria trinervia</i>	
<i>Austromuelleria valida</i>	
<i>Austromyrtus inophloia</i>	
<i>Austromyrtus lucida</i>	
<i>Austromyrtus</i> sp. (Bamaga B.P.Hyland 10235)	
<i>Austromyrtus</i> sp. (Blackall Range P.R.Sharpe 5387)	
<i>Austromyrtus</i> sp. (McIlwraith Range B.P.Hyland 11148)	
<i>Austromyrtus</i> sp. (Mt Lewis B.Gray 831)	
<i>Austromyrtus</i> sp. (Upper Mudgeeraba Creek N.B.Byrnes+ 4069)	
<i>Babingtonia brachypoda</i>	
<i>Bambusa forbesii</i>	
<i>Banksia plagiocarpa</i>	
<i>Barongia lophandra</i>	
<i>Beilschmiedia castrisinensis</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Beilschmiedia volckii</i>	
<i>Berrya rotundifolia</i>	
<i>Bertya glandulosa</i>	
<i>Bertya pedicellata</i>	
<i>Bertya recurvata</i>	
<i>Bertya sharpeana</i>	
<i>Blandfordia grandiflora</i>	Christmas bell
<i>Blechnum ambiguum</i>	
<i>Bonamia dietrichiana</i>	
<i>Boronia amabilis</i>	
<i>Boronia eriantha</i>	
<i>Boronia rivularis</i>	
<i>Boronia squamipetala</i>	
<i>Borya inopinata</i>	
<i>Bossiaea arenicola</i>	
<i>Brachychiton albidus</i>	
<i>Brachychiton collinus</i>	
<i>Brachychiton compactus</i>	
<i>Brachychiton grandiflorus</i>	
<i>Brachychiton velutinosus</i>	
<i>Brachychiton vitifolius</i>	
<i>Brachyscome ascendens</i>	
<i>Brachyscome eriogona</i>	
<i>Brachyscome tesquorum</i>	
<i>Brasenia schreberi</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Brownlowia argentata</i>	
<i>Bubbia queenslandiana</i>	
<i>Bubbia whiteana</i>	
<i>Buchanania mangoides</i>	
<i>Buckinghamia ferruginiflora</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum argyropus</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum boonjee</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum globuliforme</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum grandimesense</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum windsorensense</i>	
<i>Bulbophyllum wolfei</i>	
<i>Cadetia collinsii</i>	
<i>Cadetia variana</i>	
<i>Caesalpinia hymenocarpa</i>	
<i>Caesalpinia robusta</i>	
<i>Cajanus lanuginosus</i>	
<i>Calamus aruensis</i>	
<i>Callerya australis</i>	
<i>Callerya pilipes</i>	
<i>Callicarpa thozetii</i>	
<i>Callistemon chisholmii</i>	
<i>Callistemon flavovirens</i>	
<i>Callistemon formosus</i>	
<i>Callistemon pearsonii</i>	
<i>Callitris baileyi</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Callitris monticola</i>	
<i>Calocephalus sonderi</i>	
<i>Calocephalus</i> sp. (Eulo M.E.Ballingall MEB2590)	
<i>Calochlaena villosa</i>	
<i>Calotis glabrescens</i>	
<i>Calotis suffruticosa</i>	
<i>Calytrix islensis</i>	
<i>Capparis</i> sp. (Gloucester Island G.N.Batianoff 920912)	
<i>Carex breviscapa</i>	
<i>Carex cruciata</i>	
<i>Cartonema brachyantherum</i>	
<i>Cassia brewsteri</i> var. <i>marksiana</i>	
<i>Cassia</i> sp. (Paluma Range G.Sankowsky+ 450)	
<i>Cassinia collina</i>	
<i>Cecarria obtusifolia</i>	
<i>Centotheca philippinensis</i>	
<i>Ceratopetalum corymbosum</i>	
<i>Ceratopetalum macrophyllum</i>	
<i>Cerbera dumicola</i>	
<i>Chiloglottis longiclavata</i>	
<i>Choricarpia subargentea</i>	giant ironwood
<i>Chrysophyllum roxburghii</i>	
<i>Cinnamomum propinquum</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Citrus garrawayi</i>	
<i>Cleistanthus discolor</i>	
<i>Cleistanthus myrianthus</i>	
<i>Combretum trifoliatum</i>	
<i>Comesperma breviflorum</i>	
<i>Comesperma praecelsum</i>	
<i>Conospermum burgessiorum</i>	
<i>Corchorus hygrophilus</i>	
<i>Corsia</i> sp. (Herberton Range B.Gray 3994)	
<i>Corybas abellianus</i>	nodding helmet orchid
<i>Corybas cerasinus</i>	
<i>Corymbia gilbertensis</i>	
<i>Corymbia petalophylla</i>	
<i>Corymbia scabrida</i>	
<i>Corynocarpus rupestris</i> subsp. <i>arborescens</i>	
<i>Crepidium fimbriatum</i>	
<i>Crepidium flavovirens</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes digitatum</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes endlicherianum</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes majoriae</i>	
<i>Crepidomanes pallidum</i>	
<i>Croton brachypus</i>	
<i>Croton densivestitus</i>	
<i>Croton stockeri</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Crudia papuana</i>	
<i>Cryptandra lanosiflora</i>	
<i>Cryptandra</i> sp. (Gurulmundi G.W.Althofer 8418)	
<i>Cryptandra</i> sp. (Mt Mulligan J.R.Clarkson 5949)	
<i>Cryptandra</i> sp. (Thulimbah C.Schindler 6)	
<i>Cryptocarya burckiana</i>	
<i>Cryptocarya claudiana</i>	
<i>Cryptocarya floydii</i>	
<i>Cryptocarya glaucocarpa</i>	
<i>Cryptolepis grayi</i>	
<i>Cupaniopsis newmanii</i>	
<i>Cyathea baileyana</i>	
<i>Cyathea celebica</i>	
<i>Cyathea cunninghamii</i>	
<i>Cycas brunnea</i>	
<i>Cycas couttsiana</i>	
<i>Cycas media</i> subsp. <i>ensata</i>	
<i>Cyperus rupicola</i>	
<i>Dactylophora novae-guineae</i>	
<i>Dallwatsonia felliana</i>	
<i>Dansiea elliptica</i>	
<i>Dansiea grandiflora</i>	
<i>Dendrobium fellowsii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Dendrobium malbrownii</i>	
<i>Dendrobium schneiderae</i> var. <i>schneiderae</i>	
<i>Dendromyza reinwardtiana</i>	
<i>Derwentia arenaria</i>	
<i>Desmodium macrocarpum</i>	
<i>Dianella fruticans</i>	
<i>Dianella incollata</i>	
<i>Dichanthium setosum</i>	
<i>Didymoplexis pallenscrystal bells</i>	
<i>Digitaria porrecta</i>	finger panic grass
<i>Diospyros</i> sp. (Bamaga B.P.Hyland 2517)	
<i>Diospyros</i> sp. (Mt Lewis L.S.Smith 10107)	
<i>Diospyros</i> sp. (Mt Spurgeon C.T.White 10677)	
<i>Diploglottis harpullioides</i>	
<i>Diploglottis pedleyi</i>	
<i>Dipodium pulchellum</i>	
<i>Dipteris conjugata</i>	
<i>Discaria pubescens</i>	
<i>Diuris oporina</i>	
<i>Diuris parvipetala</i>	
<i>Dockrillia wassellii</i>	
<i>Dodonaea hirsuta</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Dodonaea oxyptera</i>	
<i>Dodonaea uncinata</i>	
<i>Dolichandrone spathacea</i>	
<i>Dracophyllum sayeri</i>	
<i>Drosera adelae</i>	
<i>Drummondita calida</i>	
<i>Dryopteris hasseltii</i>	
<i>Durringtonia paludosa</i>	
<i>Eidothea zoexylocarya</i>	
<i>Elacholoma hornii</i>	
<i>Elaeocarpus coorangooloo</i>	
<i>Elaeocarpus johnsonii</i>	
<i>Elaeocarpus stellaris</i>	
<i>Elaeocarpus thelmae</i>	
<i>Elaphoglossum callifolium</i>	
<i>Eleocharis blakeana</i>	
<i>Endiandra anthropophagorum</i>	
<i>Endiandra bellendenkerana</i>	
<i>Endiandra collinsii</i>	
<i>Endiandra dichrophylla</i>	
<i>Endiandra globosa</i>	
<i>Endiandra grayi</i>	
<i>Endiandra introrsa</i>	
<i>Endiandra jonesii</i>	
<i>Endiandra microneura</i>	



## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Endiandra phaeocarpa</i>	
<i>Endiandra sideroxylon</i>	
<i>Eremochloa ciliaris</i>	
<i>Eremophila alatisepala</i>	
<i>Eria dischorensis</i>	
<i>Eria irukandjiana</i>	
<i>Etlingera australasica</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus codonocarpa</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus curtisii</i>	Plunkett mallee
<i>Eucalyptus decolor</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus dunnii</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus howittiana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus lockyeri</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus mensalis</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus michaeliana</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus pachycalyx</i> subsp. <i>pachycalyx</i>	shiny-barked gum
<i>Eucalyptus quadricostata</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus rubiginosa</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus sicilifolia</i>	
<i>Eucalyptus sphaerocarpa</i>	
<i>Eulophia bicallosa</i>	
<i>Eulophia zollingeri</i>	
<i>Euodia hylandii</i>	
<i>Euonymus globularis</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Euphorbia sarcostemmoides</i>	
<i>Euphrasia orthocheila</i>	
<i>Fatoua pilosa</i>	
<i>Ficus melinocarpa</i> var. <i>hololampra</i>	
<i>Fimbristylis distincta</i>	
<i>Fimbristylis micans</i>	
<i>Fimbristylis odontocarpa</i>	
<i>Fimbristylis vagans</i>	
<i>Firmiana papuana</i>	
<i>Flindersia brassii</i>	
<i>Flindersia oppositifolia</i>	mountain silkwood
<i>Frankenia scabra</i>	
<i>Gahnia insignis</i>	
<i>Garcinia brassii</i>	
<i>Gardenia rupicola</i>	
<i>Gardenia scabrella</i>	
<i>Garnotia stricta</i> var. <i>longiseta</i>	
<i>Gastrodia crebriflora</i>	
<i>Gastrodia queenslandica</i>	
<i>Gastrodia urceolata</i>	
Gen.(AQ20546) sp. (Mt Hemmant L.J.Webb+ 10908)	
Gen.(AQ385424) sp. (McDowall Range J.G.Tracey 14552)	
<i>Genoplesium alticola</i>	
<i>Genoplesium pedersonii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Genoplesium sigmoideum</i>	
<i>Genoplesium validum</i>	
<i>Globba marantina</i>	
<i>Glochidion pruinatum</i>	
<i>Glochidion pungens</i>	
<i>Glossocardia orthochaeta</i>	
<i>Glycine argyrea</i>	
<i>Gompholobium virgatum</i> var. <i>emarginatum</i>	wallum wedge pea
<i>Gonocarpus effusus</i>	
<i>Goodenia angustifolia</i>	
<i>Goodenia arenicola</i>	
<i>Goodenia heteroptera</i>	
<i>Goodenia paludicola</i>	
<i>Goodenia stirlingii</i>	
<i>Goodyera grandis</i>	
<i>Goodyera viridiflora</i>	
<i>Gossypium sturtianum</i>	
<i>Gouania australiana</i>	
<i>Grammitis albosetosa</i>	
<i>Grammitis leonardii</i>	
<i>Graptophyllum excelsum</i>	
<i>Grevillea cyranostigma</i>	
<i>Grevillea singuliflora</i>	
<i>Grewia granitica</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Gymnostoma australianum</i>	
<i>Habenaria divaricata</i>	
<i>Habenaria hymenophylla</i>	
<i>Habenaria rumphii</i>	
<i>Habenaria xanthantha</i>	
<i>Hakea macrorhyncha</i>	
<i>Haplostichanthus</i> sp. (Coopers Creek B.Gray 2433)	
<i>Haplostichanthus</i> sp. (Mt Finnigan L.W.Jessup 632)	
<i>Haplostichanthus</i> sp. (Topaz L.W.Jessup 520)	
<i>Hardenbergia</i> sp. (Mt Mulligan J.R.Clarkson 5775)	
<i>Harpullia ramiflora</i>	
<i>Hedyotis philippensis</i>	
<i>Helicia ferruginea</i>	
<i>Helicia grayi</i>	
<i>Helicia lamingtoniana</i>	
<i>Helicia lewisensis</i>	
<i>Helicia recurva</i>	
<i>Helmholtzia glaberrima</i>	
<i>Hernandia bivalvis</i>	grease nut or cudgerie
<i>Heterachne baileyi</i>	
<i>Hibbertia cymosa</i>	
<i>Hibbertia echiifolia</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Hibbertia elata</i>	
<i>Hibbertia hexandra</i>	
<i>Hibbertia monticola</i>	
<i>Hollandaea riparia</i>	
<i>Hollandaea sayeriana</i>	
<i>Homoranthus decasetus</i>	
<i>Homoranthus papillatus</i>	
<i>Homoranthus tropicus</i>	
<i>Homoranthus zeteticorum</i>	
<i>Hoya anulata</i>	
<i>Hoya macgillivrayi</i>	
<i>Hoya revoluta</i>	
<i>Huperzia phlegmaria</i>	common tassel fern
<i>Huperzia varia</i>	
<i>Hymenophyllum eboracense</i>	
<i>Hymenophyllum gracilescens</i>	
<i>Hymenophyllum kerianum</i>	
<i>Hypserpa smilacifolia</i>	
<i>Ichnanthus pallens</i> var. <i>majus</i>	
<i>Ilex</i> sp. (Gadgarra B.P.Hyland RFK2011)	
<i>Indigofera baileyi</i>	
<i>Ipomoea antonschmidii</i>	
<i>Ipomoea saintronanensis</i>	
<i>Ipomoea stolonifera</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Isotropis foliosa</i>	
<i>Jagera javanica</i> subsp. <i>australiana</i>	
<i>Kohautia australiensis</i>	
<i>Kunzea bracteolata</i>	
<i>Kunzea calida</i>	
<i>Kunzea flavescens</i>	
<i>Kunzea</i> sp. (Dicks Tableland A.R.Bean 3672)	
<i>Kunzea</i> sp. (Herbert River R.J.Cumming 11309)	
<i>Labichea brassii</i>	
<i>Labichea buettneriana</i>	
<i>Lasianthus cyanocarpus</i>	
<i>Lastreopsis grayi</i>	
<i>Lastreopsis silvestris</i>	
<i>Lastreopsis tinarooensis</i>	
<i>Lastreopsis walleri</i>	
<i>Leionema ambiens</i>	
<i>Leionema gracile</i>	
<i>Lenbrassia australiana</i>	
<i>Lepidagathis royenii</i>	
<i>Lepiderema hirsuta</i>	
<i>Lepiderema largiflorens</i>	
<i>Lepiderema pulchella</i>	
<i>Leptosema chapmanii</i>	
<i>Leptospermum luehmannii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Leptospermum oreophilum</i>	
<i>Leptospermum pallidum</i>	
<i>Leptospermum purpurascens</i>	
<i>Lepturus geminatus</i>	
<i>Lepturus xerophilus</i>	
<i>Leucopogon cicatricatus</i>	
<i>Leucopogon grandiflorus</i>	
<i>Leucopogon malayanus</i> subsp. <i>novoguineensis</i>	
<i>Lindsaea terrae-reginae</i>	
<i>Lindsaea walkerae</i>	
<i>Linospadix microcarya</i>	
<i>Linospadix palmeriana</i>	
<i>Liparis condylobulbon</i>	
<i>Liparis simmondsii</i>	
<i>Litsea granitica</i>	
<i>Litsea macrophylla</i>	
<i>Livistona concinna</i>	Cooktown fan palm
<i>Livistona fulva</i>	
<i>Livistona nitida</i>	Carnarvon fan palm
<i>Livistona</i> sp. ( <i>Eungella</i> A.N.Rodd 3798)	
<i>Lobelia douglasiana</i>	
<i>Logania cordifolia</i>	
<i>Lomandra teres</i>	
<i>Lycopodiella limosa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Lysiana filifolia</i>	
<i>Macadamia grandis</i>	
<i>Macaranga polyadenia</i>	
<i>Macarthuria complanata</i>	
<i>Macarthuria ephedroides</i>	
<i>Macropteranthes fitzalanii</i>	
<i>Macropteranthes leiocaulis</i>	
<i>Macrozamia cardiacensis</i>	
<i>Macrozamia longispina</i>	
<i>Mammea touriga</i>	
<i>Margaritaria indica</i>	
<i>Marsdenia hemiptera</i>	thozetia, rusty vine
<i>Medicosma glandulosa</i>	
<i>Medicosma riparia</i>	
<i>Megahertzia amplexicaulis</i>	
<i>Meiogyne</i> sp. (Henrietta Creek L.W.Jessup 512)	
<i>Melaleuca cheelii</i>	
<i>Melaleuca groveana</i>	
<i>Melaleuca irbyana</i>	bush house paperbark
<i>Mesua larnachiana</i>	
<i>Microsorium membranifolium</i>	
<i>Mirbelia confertiflora</i>	
<i>Mischarytera macrobotrys</i>	
<i>Mischocarpus albescens</i>	



## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Mitrantia bilocularis</i>	
<i>Momordica cochinchinensis</i>	
<i>Muellerina myrtifolia</i>	
<i>Mukia</i> sp. (Little Annan River B.Gray 101)	
<i>Musa jackeyi</i>	
<i>Myriophyllum implicatum</i>	
<i>Neosepicaea viticoides</i>	
<i>Neostrearia fleckeri</i>	
<i>Nervilia crociformis</i>	
<i>Notelaea pungens</i>	
<i>Nothoalsomitra suberosa</i>	
<i>Oberonia carnosia</i>	
<i>Oeceoclades pulchra</i>	
<i>Oenanthe javanica</i>	
<i>Oenotrichia dissecta</i>	
<i>Oldenlandia polyclada</i>	
<i>Olearia gravis</i>	
<i>Olearia heterocarpa</i>	
<i>Omphalea papuana</i>	
<i>Operculina brownii</i>	
<i>Ozothamnus whitei</i>	
<i>Pachystoma pubescens</i>	
<i>Pandanus gemmifer</i>	
<i>Pandanus zea</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pandorea baileyana</i>	
<i>Panicum chillagoanum</i>	
<i>Papillilabium beckleri</i>	
<i>Paramapania parvibractea</i>	
<i>Pararistolochia laheyana</i>	
<i>Pararistolochia praevenosa</i>	
<i>Parsonsia blakeana</i>	
<i>Parsonsia largiflorens</i>	
<i>Parsonsia lenticellata</i>	slender or narrow-leaved parsonsia
<i>Parsonsia tenuis</i>	
<i>Parsonsia wildensis</i>	
<i>Paspalidium scabrifolium</i>	
<i>Paspalidium spartellum</i>	
<i>Paspalum multinodum</i>	
<i>Peperomia bellendenkerensis</i>	
<i>Peripentadenia mearsii</i>	
<i>Peripentadenia phelpsii</i>	
<i>Peripleura scabra</i>	
<i>Peripleura sericea</i>	
<i>Peristylus banfieldii</i>	
<i>Persoonia amaliae</i>	
<i>Persoonia daphnoides</i>	
<i>Persoonia volcanica</i>	
<i>Phaleria biflora</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Phylacium bracteosum</i>	
<i>Phyllanthus brassii</i>	
<i>Phyllanthus disticha</i>	
<i>Phyllanthus sauropodoides</i>	
<i>Phyllanthus</i> sp. (Bulburin P.I.Forster+ PIF16034)	
<i>Phyllodium pulchellum</i> var. <i>pulchellum</i>	
<i>Picris conyzoides</i>	
<i>Pimelea leptospermoides</i>	
<i>Pimelea umbratica</i>	
<i>Pimelodendron amboinicum</i>	
<i>Piper mestonii</i>	
<i>Pittosporum oreillyanum</i>	
<i>Plectranthus alloplectus</i>	native coleus
<i>Plectranthus arenicola</i>	
<i>Plectranthus blakei</i>	
<i>Plectranthus graniticola</i>	
<i>Plectranthus minutus</i>	
<i>Plectranthus spectabilis</i>	
<i>Pneumatopteris costata</i>	
<i>Pneumatopteris pennigera</i>	
<i>Podolepis monticola</i>	
<i>Polyalthia</i> sp. (Wyvuri B.P.Hyland RFK2632)	
<i>Polygala pycnophylla</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Polyosma rigidiuscula</i>	
<i>Polyscias bellendenkerensis</i>	
<i>Pomaderris notata</i>	
<i>Pothos brassii</i>	
<i>Pouteria xylocarpa</i>	
<i>Prasophyllum campestre</i>	
<i>Prasophyllum exilis</i>	
<i>Prasophyllum incompositum</i>	
<i>Pratia podenzanae</i>	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. (Mt Mulligan J.R.Clarkson 5838)	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. (Wallangarra T.D.Stanley 7876)	
<i>Prumnopitys ladei</i>	
<i>Pseudanthus</i> sp. (Tylerville P.I.Forster+ PIF11510)	
<i>Pseuduvaria froggattii</i>	
<i>Pseuduvaria hylandii</i>	
<i>Pseuduvaria mulgraveana</i>	
<i>Pseuduvaria villosa</i>	
<i>Psychotria lorentzii</i>	
<i>Pteridoblechnum acuminatum</i>	
<i>Pterocarpus</i> sp. (Archer River B.P.Hyland 3078)	
<i>Pterostylis longicurva</i>	
<i>Pterostylis nigricans</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pterostylis setifera</i>	
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. (Gundiah W.W.Abell AQ72188)	
<i>Pterostylis woollsii</i>	
<i>Ptilotus blakeanus</i>	
<i>Ptilotus brachyanthus</i>	
<i>Ptilotus extenuatus</i>	
<i>Ptilotus humifusus</i>	
<i>Ptilotus maconochiei</i>	
<i>Ptilotus pseudohelipteroides</i>	
<i>Ptilotus remotiflorus</i>	
<i>Pultenaea pycnocephala</i>	
<i>Pultenaea whiteana</i>	
<i>Pycnarrhena ozantha</i>	
<i>Quassia baileyana</i>	
<i>Randia audasii</i>	
<i>Remusatia vivipara</i>	
<i>Revwattsia fragilis</i>	
<i>Rhamphicarpa australiensis</i>	
<i>Rhizanthella slateri</i>	underground orchid
<i>Rhodamnia glabrescens</i>	
<i>Rhodamnia maideniana</i>	smooth scrub turpentine
<i>Rhodamnia pauciovulata</i>	
<i>Rhodanthe rufescens</i>	
<i>Rhodomyrtus effusa</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Ristantia gouldii</i>	
<i>Ristantia waterhousei</i>	
<i>Robiquetia wassellii</i>	
<i>Rourea brachyandra</i>	
<i>Rulingia hermanniifolia</i>	
<i>Rulingia salviifolia</i>	
<i>Rutidosia crispata</i>	
<i>Rutidosia glandulosa</i>	
<i>Ryparosa javanica</i>	
<i>Ryticarium longifolium</i>	
<i>Sarcolobus vittatus</i>	
<i>Sarcopteryx acuminata</i>	
<i>Sarcopteryx montana</i>	
<i>Sarcotoechia heterophylla</i>	
<i>Sarcotoechia villosa</i>	
<i>Sauropus macranthus</i>	
<i>Schefflera bractescens</i>	
<i>Schizomeria whitei</i>	
<i>Schoenorchis sarcophylla</i>	
<i>Schoenus scabripes</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena blackiana</i>	
<i>Sclerolaena everistiana</i>	
<i>Scrotochloa tararaensis</i>	
<i>Scrotochloa urceolata</i>	
<i>Secamone auriculata</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Senna acclinis</i>	
<i>Sesbania erubescens</i>	
<i>Solanum callium</i>	
<i>Solanum dimorphispinum</i>	
<i>Solanum hamulosum</i>	
<i>Solanum multiglochidiatum</i>	
<i>Solanum sporadotrichum</i>	
<i>Spathoglottis paulinae</i>	
<i>Sphaerantia chartacea</i>	
<i>Sphaerantia discolor</i>	
<i>Sporobolus partimpatens</i>	
<i>Stackhousia tryonii</i>	
<i>Stegathera australiana</i>	
<i>Stenocarpus cryptocarpus</i>	
<i>Stenocarpus davallioides</i>	
<i>Sterculia shillinglawii</i> subsp. <i>shillinglawii</i>	
<i>Sticherus milnei</i>	
<i>Stockwellia quadrifida</i>	
<i>Strongylodon lucidus</i>	
<i>Stylidium trichopodium</i>	
<i>Symplocos ampulliformis</i>	
<i>Symplocos crassiramifera</i>	
<i>Symplocos graniticola</i>	
<i>Symplocos harroldii</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Symplocos</i> sp. (Mt Finnigan L.J.Brass 20129)	
<i>Symplocos stawellii</i> var. <i>montana</i>	
<i>Syzygium aqueum</i>	
<i>Syzygium argyropedicum</i>	
<i>Syzygium buettnerianum</i>	
<i>Syzygium macilwraithianum</i>	
<i>Syzygium malaccense</i>	
<i>Syzygium pseudofastigiatum</i>	
<i>Syzygium rubrimolle</i>	
<i>Taeniophyllum confertum</i>	
<i>Taeniophyllum lobatum</i>	
<i>Tecomanthe hillii</i>	
<i>Tectaria siifolia</i>	
<i>Tephrosia baueri</i>	
<i>Tephrosia savannicola</i>	
<i>Tetramolopium</i> sp. (Mt Bowen D.G.Fell+ DGF1224)	
<i>Tetramolopium vagans</i>	
<i>Tetrasynandra</i> sp. (Mt Lewis B.P.Hyland 1053)	
<i>Thaleropia queenslandica</i>	
<i>Thelasis carinata</i>	
<i>Thelionema grande</i>	
<i>Thismia rodwayi</i>	
<i>Thryptomene hexandra</i>	



## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Tiliacora australiana</i>	
<i>Tinospora angusta</i>	
<i>Torenia polygonoides</i>	
<i>Torrenticola queenslandica</i>	
<i>Trachymene geraniifolia</i>	
<i>Trachymene glandulosa</i>	
<i>Trianthema rhynchocalyptra</i>	
<i>Trichomanes mindorense</i>	
<i>Tristellateia australasiae</i>	
<i>Tristiropsis canarioides</i>	
<i>Uncaria cordata</i> var. <i>cordata</i>	
<i>Uromyrtus lamingtonensis</i>	
<i>Vittadinia decora</i>	
<i>Wahlenbergia glabra</i>	
<i>Wahlenbergia islensis</i>	
<i>Wahlenbergia scopulicola</i>	
<i>Waterhousea mulgraveana</i>	
<i>Wendlandia basistaminea</i>	
<i>Wendlandia connata</i>	
<i>Westringia amabilis</i>	
<i>Westringia blakeana</i>	
<i>Westringia grandifolia</i>	
<i>Westringia sericea</i>	native rosemary
<i>Whyanbeelia terrae-reginae</i>	

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Wilkiea</i> sp. (Mt Lewis L.J.Webb+ 10501)	
<i>Wilkiea wardellii</i>	
<i>Xanthophyllum fragrans</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon arenarius</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon graniticus</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon verticillatus</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon xerophilus</i>	
<i>Xanthostemon youngii</i>	
<i>Xylosma ovatum</i>	
<i>Xylosma</i> sp. (Mt Lewis G.Sankowsky+ 1108)	
<i>Zieria adenodonta</i>	
<i>Zornia pallida</i>	
<i>Zornia pedunculata</i>	

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****11 Significance**

Rare wildlife are an important part of Queensland's biodiversity and an integral component of the national and global ecosystem representing—

- (a) biota of inherent value and potential importance for the maintenance of ecosystem processes; and
- (b) a source of genetic information integral to an understanding of the evolution of the Australian biota; and
- (c) a genetic resource of potential benefit to society.

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

**12 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for rare wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to treat newly described plant species and vertebrate animals, or plant species or vertebrate animals reclassified as an identifiably different species, as rare wildlife until formal appraisal of its conservation status is complete;
- (b) to collate information about management requirements for the wildlife and its habitat;
- (c) to regularly monitor and review the wildlife's conservation status and its habitat;
- (d) to establish formal communication with the Commonwealth and other State agencies about the management and conservation status of the wildlife;
- (e) to encourage scientific research and inventory programs likely to contribute to the understanding of the wildlife, its habitat and management requirements;
- (f) if a significant threatening process is affecting the wildlife—to treat the wildlife as endangered or vulnerable wildlife until it is included in schedule 2 or 3;
- (g) to recognise the habitat of the wildlife as a potentially critical habitat or area of major interest;
- (h) to monitor and review the adequacy of environmental impact assessment procedures to ensure that they take into account the need to accurately assess the extent of the impact on rare wildlife and develop effective mitigation measures.

**13 Principles for the taking and use of rare wildlife**

The following are the principles for the taking and use of rare wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act—

- (a) taking and use of the wildlife for exhibition purposes may be permitted only if—
  - (i) it is for an approved captive breeding program; and

## SCHEDULE 4 (continued)

- (ii) the taking and use is likely to result in a benefit to the wildlife in the wild;
- (b) taking and use of the wildlife for another purpose may be permitted only if—
  - (i) it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife;<sup>5</sup> and
  - (ii) it will not affect the survival of populations of the wildlife in the wild.

---

5 The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.

## SCHEDULE 5

### COMMON WILDLIFE

section 8

#### PART 1—COMMON ANIMALS

##### 1 Amphibians

An amphibian indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare amphibian) is a common amphibian.

##### 2 Birds

A bird indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare bird) is a common bird.

##### 3 Invertebrates

(1) The scientific names used for butterflies in this division follow Common, I.F.B. and Whitehouse, D.F., (1981), *Butterflies of Australia*, Angus & Robertson, Sydney, Australia.

(2) The following invertebrates are common invertebrates—

- (a) a scorpion of the family Scorpionidae that is indigenous to Australia, other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare scorpion;
- (b) a spider of the family Theraphosidae that is indigenous to Australia, other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare spider;

## SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

(c) the following butterflies—

<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>Common name</b>
<i>Allora doleschalli doleschalli</i>	peacock awl butterfly
<i>Chaetocneme critomedia sphinterifera</i>	banded red-eye butterfly
<i>Euschemon rafflesia alba</i>	
<i>Hypochrysops elgneri barnardi</i>	
<i>Liphyra brassolis</i>	moth butterfly
<i>Ornithoptera</i> spp. other than <i>Ornithoptera richmondia</i>	birdwing butterflies (other than the Richmond birdwing butterfly)
<i>Papilio ulysses</i>	ulysses butterfly
<i>Trapezites symmomus sombra</i>	

#### 4 Mammals

(1) A common mammal is a mammal indigenous to Australia other than—

- (a) a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare mammal; or
- (b) a dingo (*Canis familiaris dingo*).

(2) The following mammals are included in common wildlife—

- (a) echidna (*Tachyglossus aculeatus*);
- (b) koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*), for an area other than the southeast Queensland bioregion;<sup>6</sup>
- (c) platypus (*Ornithorhynchus anatinus*).

---

<sup>6</sup> For a koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*) for the southeast Queensland bioregion, see schedule 3 (Vulnerable wildlife), section 10 (Mammals).

## SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

**5 Reptiles**

A reptile indigenous to Australia (other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare reptile) is a common reptile.

**PART 2—COMMON PLANTS****7 Plants**

A plant indigenous to Australia, other than a presumed extinct, endangered, vulnerable or rare plant, is a common plant.

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****8 Significance**

Common wildlife are a feature of Queensland's biodiversity and are often vital components of the ecosystem they live in, representing—

- (a) a natural and genetic resource that can help in understanding the evolution of Australia's biota; and
- (b) a resource of potential benefit to society.

**9 Proposed management intent**

(1) The proposed management intent for common wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to monitor and review the conservation status of the wildlife;
- (b) to prepare and put into effect conservation plans for common wildlife—
  - (i) of commercial, recreational, traditional and potential conservation interest; or

## SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

- (ii) the chief executive considers to be potentially vulnerable;
  - (c) to encourage genuine research and inventory programs—
    - (i) likely to contribute to an understanding of the wildlife or Australia’s biota; or
    - (ii) likely to be of benefit to society;
  - (d) to incorporate into educational material and programs information about the wildlife’s contribution to Queensland’s and Australia’s biodiversity.
- (2) In addition, the proposed management intent for—
- (a) the koala (*Phascolarctos cinereus*), echidna (*Tachyglossus aculeatus*) and platypus (*Ornithorhynchus anatinus*); and
  - (b) common birds to which the following apply—
    - ‘Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of Japan for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction and their Environment’, signed at Tokyo on 6 February 1974
    - ‘Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of the People’s Republic of China for the Protection of Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction and their Environment’, signed at Canberra on 20 October 1986
    - ‘Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals’, signed at Bonn on 23 June 1979;

includes ensuring governments have regard to the special cultural significance of the wildlife and the management requirements needed to conserve existing populations of the wildlife.

## **10 Principles for the taking and use of common wildlife**

The taking and use of common wildlife under a licence, permit or other authority under the Act may be permitted only if it is consistent with the management principles for the wildlife.<sup>7</sup>

---

<sup>7</sup> The management principles are in section 73 of the Act.



## SCHEDULE 6

### INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE

section 9

#### PART 1—BIRDS

##### 1 Scientific names

The scientific names used in this part for birds follow Howard, R. and Moore, A., (1984) *A Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World* (revised edition), PAPERMAC, London WC2P 3LF.

##### 2 Birds

The following birds are international birds—

eclectus parrot

*Eclectus roratus* (other than the Australian species *Eclectus roratus macgillivrayi*)

#### PART 2—REPTILES

##### 3 Reptiles

The following reptiles are international reptiles—

Family Boidae

Common name	Scientific name
green python	<i>Morelia viridis</i> (other than the Australian species <i>Morelia viridis</i> (Kluge 1993))

## SCHEDULE 6 (continued)

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****4 Significance**

International wildlife is wildlife whose conservation status is of enough global concern for the wildlife to be listed under CITES.

**5 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for international wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to give active support to the principles and objectives of CITES in consultation with the Commonwealth and other State agencies;
- (b) to monitor trade in, and the use of, the wildlife in Queensland with particular regard to the interference with the natural biodiversity of native wildlife and the introduction of exotic diseases.

**6 Principles for the taking and use of international wildlife**

Trading in international wildlife, and the keeping and use of international wildlife is to be strictly monitored and is only to be permitted under a licence.

## SCHEDULE 7

### PROHIBITED WILDLIFE

section 10

#### PART 1—BIRDS

##### 1 Scientific names

The scientific names used in this part for birds follow Howard, R. and Moore, A., (1984) *A Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World* (revised edition), PAPERMAC, London WC2P 3LF.

##### 2 Birds

The following birds are prohibited birds—

chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>
Eurasian bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>
Eurasian or common blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>
Eurasian tree sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>
house finch	<i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i>
rainbow lorikeet other than the Australian spp.	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i> other than <i>T. h. haematodus</i> or <i>T. h. rubritorquatus</i>
red-billed quelea	<i>Quelea quelea</i>
red-vented bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>
red-whiskered bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>
song thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>
yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>

## SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

**PART 2—MAMMALS****3 Scientific names**

The scientific names used in this part for mammals follow MacDonald, Dr. D., (1984), *The Encyclopaedia of Mammals:2*, George Allen and Unwin, London WC1A 1LU.

**4 Mammals**

The following mammals are prohibited mammals—

gerbils and jirds	Family Cricetidae, all species of the genera <i>Gerbillus</i> , <i>Taterillus</i> and <i>Meriones</i>
hamsters	Family Cricetidae, all species of the genera <i>Mesocricetus</i> and <i>Cricetus</i>
Indian palm squirrels	Family Sciuridae, all species of the genus <i>Funambulus</i>
mongoose	Family Herpestinae, all genera
stoats, weasels and mink, including any form of the ferret	Family Mustelidae, all species of the genus <i>Mustela</i> , including <i>Mustela furo</i>
water buffalo	<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>

## SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****5 Significance**

Prohibited wildlife is of no value to Queensland's nature and is likely to be a threatening process to native wildlife and Queensland's natural biodiversity.

**6 Proposed management intent**

The proposed management intent for prohibited wildlife is as follows—

- (a) to identify, monitor and reduce the wildlife's population;
- (b) to identify habitats and species of native wildlife most likely to be affected by the wildlife;
- (c) to identify and secure captive populations of the wildlife and minimise the risk of the wildlife's introduction to the wild;
- (d) to make appropriate administrative arrangements with other government entities having an interest in management of the wildlife.

**7 Principles for the taking and use of prohibited wildlife**

(1) The keeping and use of prohibited wildlife is to be strictly monitored and is to be permitted only under a licence.

(2) The development of projects likely to result in, or give effect to, the humane taking and use of the wildlife may be supported.

## ENDNOTES

### 1 Index to endnotes

		Page
2	Date to which amendments incorporated . . . . .	100
3	Key . . . . .	100
4	Table of reprints . . . . .	101
5	Tables in earlier reprints . . . . .	101
6	List of legislation . . . . .	101
7	List of annotations . . . . .	102

### 2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 17 December 2004. Future amendments of the Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

### 3 Key

#### Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

Key	Explanation	Key	Explanation
AIA	= Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	= previously
amd	= amended	proc	= proclamation
amdt	= amendment	prov	= provision
ch	= chapter	pt	= part
def	= definition	pubd	= published
div	= division	R[X]	= Reprint No.[X]
exp	= expires/expired	RA	= Reprints Act 1992
gaz	= gazette	reloc	= relocated
hdg	= heading	renum	= renumbered
ins	= inserted	rep	= repealed
lap	= lapsed	(retro)	= retrospectively
notfd	= notified	rv	= revised edition
o in c	= order in council	s	= section
om	= omitted	sch	= schedule
orig	= original	sdiv	= subdivision
p	= page	SIA	= Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	= paragraph	SIR	= Statutory Instruments Regulation 2002
prec	= preceding	SL	= subordinate legislation
pres	= present	sub	= substituted
prev	= previous	unnum	= unnumbered

## 4 Table of reprints

Reprints are issued for both future and past effective dates. For the most up-to-date table of reprints, see the reprint with the latest effective date.

## 5 Tables in earlier reprints

### TABLES IN EARLIER REPRINTS

Name of table	Reprint No.
Corrected minor errors	1

## 6 List of legislation

### **Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Regulation 1994 SL No. 474**

made by the Governor in Council on 15 December 1994

notfd gaz 16 December 1994 pp 1792–7

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 19 December 1994 (see s 2)

exp 1 September 2005 (see SIA s 54)

Note—The expiry date may have changed since this reprint was published. See the latest reprint of the SIR for any change.

amending legislation—

### **Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation 1995 SL No. 352 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 8 December 1995 pp 1449–53

commenced on date of notification

### **Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1995 SL No. 406 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 22 December 1995 pp 1672–6

commenced on date of notification

### **Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1997 SL No. 436 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 12 December 1997 pp 1631–4

commenced on date of notification

### **Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 1998 SL No. 36 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 13 March 1998 pp 1117–18

commenced on date of notification

### **Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1999 SL No. 335 s 1, pt 3**

notfd gaz 17 December 1999 pp 1586–9

commenced on date of notification

**Nature Conservation and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2000  
SL No. 354 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 15 December 2000 pp 1478–83  
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification  
 remaining provisions commenced 1 January 2001 (see s 2)

**Nature Conservation Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2001 SL No. 215  
pts 1, 4**

notfd gaz 23 November 2001 pp 1088–91  
 commenced on date of notification

**Nature Conservation and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 2003  
SL No. 329 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 12 December 2003 pp 1203–7  
 commenced on date of notification

**Nature Conservation and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 3) 2003  
SL No. 375 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 19 December 2003 pp 1307–13  
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification  
 remaining provisions commenced 1 March 2004 (see s 2)  
 Note—An explanatory note was prepared

**Nature Conservation and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 4) 2003  
SL No. 376 pts 1, 3**

notfd gaz 19 December 2003 pp 1307–13  
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification  
 remaining provisions commenced 8 March 2004 (see s 2)  
 Note—A regulatory impact statement and explanatory note were prepared

**Nature Conservation (Wildlife) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 2004 SL No. 9**

notfd gaz 5 March 2004 pp 872–3  
 commenced on date of notification

**Environmental Protection and Other Legislation Amendment Regulation (No. 1)  
2004 SL No. 316 ss 1, 2(2), pt 5**

notfd gaz 17 December 2004 pp 1277–85  
 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification  
 remaining provisions commenced 17 December 2004 (see s 2(2))

## **7 List of annotations**

**Definitions**

**s 3** def “**recovery plan**” sub 2004 SL No. 316 s 36

**Repeal**

**s 11** om R1 (see RA s 40)

**SCHEDULE 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT WILDLIFE**

**sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97



**PART 1—PRESUMED EXTINCT ANIMALS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 1—Birds****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 1** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Birds****s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 2—Mammals****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Definitions****s 3** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2004 SL No. 9 s 3**Mammals****s 4** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 94  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 16(1)**PART 2—PRESUMED EXTINCT PLANTS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12**Scientific names****s 5** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12**Plants****s 6** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 12  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 16(2)**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****pt 3 (ss 7–9)** ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 30**SCHEDULE 2—ENDANGERED WILDLIFE****sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**PART 1—ENDANGERED ANIMALS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 1—Amphibians****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 1** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Amphibians****s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 10(1); 2003 SL No. 329 s 17(1)**Division 2—Birds****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 3** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Birds**

- s 4** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 17(2)

**Division 3—Invertebrates**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 26(1)

**Scientific names**

- s 5** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Invertebrates**

- prov hdg** amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 26(1)  
**s 6** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2001 SL No. 215 s 10(2)  
amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 26(2)

**Division 4—Fish**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 7** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Fish**

- s 8** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 376 s 8

**Division 5—Mammals**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 9** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Mammals**

- s 10** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(1)–(2)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 10(3); 2003 SL No. 329 s 17(3)–(4)

**Division 6—Reptiles**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 11** sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(3)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Reptiles**

- s 12** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 95(4)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 10(4); 2003 SL No. 329 s 17(5)

**PART 2—ENDANGERED PLANTS**

- pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 13

**Scientific names**

- s 13** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 13

**Plants**

- s 14** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
 amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 32  
 sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 13  
 amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 17(6)–(7)

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT**

- pt 3 (ss 15–17)** ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 31

**SCHEDULE 3—VULNERABLE WILDLIFE**

- sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**PART 1—VULNERABLE ANIMALS**

- pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Division 1—Amphibians**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 1** sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 96(1)  
 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Amphibians**

- s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
 amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 11(1); 2003 SL No. 329 s 18(1)–(2)

**Division 2—Birds**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 3** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Birds**

- s 4** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
 amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 18(3)–(4)

**Division 3—Invertebrates**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
 amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 27(1)

**Scientific names**

- s 5** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Invertebrates**

- prov hdg** amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 27(1)  
**s 6** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2001 SL No. 215 s 11(2)  
 amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 27(2)

**Division 4—Fish**

- div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

- s 7** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Fish**

- s 8** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Division 5—Mammals****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 9** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 96(2)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Mammals****s 10** amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 96(3)–(11)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 1999 SL No. 335 s 60; 2001 SL No. 215 s 11(3); 2003 SL No. 329  
s 18(5)–(6); 2004 SL No. 9 s 4**Division 6—Reptiles****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 11** sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 96(12); 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Reptiles****s 12** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 11(4); 2003 SL No. 329 s 18(7)**PART 2—VULNERABLE PLANTS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 14**Scientific names****s 13** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 14**Plants****s 14** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 33(1)–(6)  
sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 14  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 18(8)–(9)**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT****pt 3 (ss 15–17)** ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 33(7)**SCHEDULE 4—RARE WILDLIFE****sch hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**PART 1—RARE ANIMALS****pt hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Division 1—Amphibians****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Scientific names****s 1** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97**Amphibians****s 2** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 12(1)**Division 2—Birds****div hdg** sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

s 3 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Birds**

s 4 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 19(1)

**Division 3—Mammals**

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

s 5 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(1)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Mammals**

s 6 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(2)–(12)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2001 SL No. 215 s 12(2); 2003 SL No. 329 s 19(2)–(3)

**Division 4—Reptiles**

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Scientific names**

s 7 sub 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(13); 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Reptiles**

s 8 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 97(14)–(17)  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**PART 2—RARE PLANTS**

pt hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 15

**Scientific names**

s 9 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 15

**Plants**

s 10 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 34(1)–(11)  
sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 15  
amd 2003 SL No. 329 s 19(4)–(5)

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT**

pt 3 (ss 11–13) ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 34(12)

**SCHEDULE 5—COMMON WILDLIFE**

sch hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**PART 1—COMMON ANIMALS**

pt hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Division 1—Amphibians**

div hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
om 2001 SL No. 215 s 13

**Amphibians**

s 1 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Birds**

s 2 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**Invertebrates**

prov hdg amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 28(1)

s 3 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 2003 SL No. 375 s 28(2)

**Mammals**

s 4 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 35(1); 2003 SL No. 375 s 28(3); 2004 SL No. 9 s 5

**Reptiles**

s 5 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97

**PART 2—COMMON PLANTS**

pt hdg sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97; 2000 SL No. 354 s 16

**Scientific names**

s 6 sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
om 2000 SL No. 354 s 16

**Plants**

s 7 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 98; 1995 SL No. 406 s 17  
sub 1997 SL No. 436 s 97  
amd 1998 SL No. 36 s 35(2)–(3)  
sub 2000 SL No. 354 s 16

**PART 3—DECLARED MANAGEMENT INTENT**

pt 3 (ss 8–10) ins 1998 SL No. 36 s 35(4)

**SCHEDULE 6—INTERNATIONAL WILDLIFE****Reptiles**

s 3 amd 1995 SL No. 352 s 99

**SCHEDULE 7—PROHIBITED WILDLIFE****Birds**

s 2 sub 2003 SL No. 375 s 29

**Mammals**

s 4 amd 1999 SL No. 335 s 61