

Queensland



Fisheries Act 1994

FISHERIES (EAST COAST TRAWL) MANAGEMENT PLAN 1999

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**FISHERIES (EAST COAST TRAWL)
MANAGEMENT PLAN 1999**

TABLE OF PROVISIONS

Section		Page
	CHAPTER 1—PRELIMINARY	
	PART 1—INTRODUCTION	
1	Short title	19
2	Commencement	19
3	The fishery—sch 1	19
	PART 2—OBJECTIVES OF PLAN AND THEIR ACHIEVEMENT	
4	Objectives	20
5	How objectives are to be achieved—sch 2	21
	PART 3—INTERPRETATION	
	<i>Division 1—Interpretation aids and dictionary</i>	
6	Aids to interpretation and definitions—sch 6	21
	<i>Division 2—Key definitions</i>	
7	What is a “principal fish”	22
8	What is a “permitted fish”	22
	CHAPTER 2—CLOSED WATERS AND REGULATED FISH DECLARATIONS	
	PART 1—CLOSED WATERS	
	<i>Division 1—Closures for all the fishery’s waters</i>	
9	Closure to using or possessing nets without relevant authority	23
10	Closure for VMS equipment and manual reporting conditions	23
	<i>Division 2—Specific closures</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—Annual southern and northern closures</i>	
11	Annual southern closures—sch 3, pt 1, div 1	24

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

12	Annual northern closures—sch 3, pt 1, div 2	24
13	Prohibited activities	25
	<i>Subdivision 2—Closure for scallop replenishment areas</i>	
14	Closure until 1 February 2001—sch 3, pt 2	25
15	Prohibited activities	25
16	Expiry of sdiv 2 and sch 3, pt 2	26
	<i>Subdivision 3—Other specific closures</i>	
17	Other specific closures—sch 3, pt 3	26
	<i>Division 3—Exemptions from prohibited activities</i>	
18	Operation of div 3	26
19	Possession of fish taken outside closed waters	26
20	Beam trawl net stowed and secured	26
21	Otter trawl net stowed and secured	27
22	Fishing apparatus testing	27
	PART 2—REGULATED FISH	
	<i>Division 1—Fish other than permitted fish</i>	
23	Non-permitted fish regulated	28
	<i>Division 2—Permitted fish</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—Permitted fish other than saucer scallops</i>	
24	Regulated fish—sch 4	29
25	Fish regulated by number—sch 4, pt 1	29
26	Fish regulated by gender—sch 4, pt 2	29
27	Fish regulated by size—sch 4, pt 3	29
28	Fish regulated by size and time—sch 4, pt 4	29
	<i>Subdivision 2—Saucer scallops</i>	
29	Saucer scallops—regulated by time	30
30	Saucer scallops—regulated by size, time and amount	30
	<i>Division 3—Fish taken from closed waters</i>	
31	Fish taken from closed waters	31

**CHAPTER 3—GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR LICENCES AND
FISHERY SYMBOLS**

PART 1—LICENCES AND FISHERY SYMBOLS

32	Licences and fishery symbols for the fishery	31
33	Who may fish	32
34	Assistant fishers and persons acting under a crew licence	32
35	Restrictions on writing fishery symbols on licences	32

PART 2—FISH THAT MAY BE TAKEN

36	Condition that only permitted fish may be taken	33
37	Condition applies to everyone acting under licence	33

PART 3—USE OF BRDs

Division 1—Preliminary

38	Application and purpose of pt 3	34
39	Purpose of BRD	34

Division 2—BRD use condition

40	Requirement to achieve purpose	34
----	--	----

Division 3—Compliance with BRD use condition

Subdivision 1—General

41	How to comply	35
----	-------------------------	----

Subdivision 2—Recognised BRDs

42	Square mesh cod end	35
43	Square mesh panel	35
44	Fisheye	36
45	Bigeye	36
46	Radial escape section	36

Subdivision 3—BRD guidelines

47	Authority may make guidelines	37
48	Compliance with BRD use condition from BRD guidelines	38

PART 4—USE OF TEDs

Division 1—Preliminary

49	Application and purpose of pt 4	38
50	Purpose of TED	38

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

<i>Division 2—TED use condition</i>	
51	Requirement to achieve purpose 38
<i>Division 3—Compliance with TED use condition</i>	
<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
52	How to comply 39
53	Requirements for recognised TED 39
<i>Subdivision 2—TED guidelines</i>	
54	Authority may make guidelines 39
55	Compliance with TED use condition from TED guidelines 40
PART 5—VMS EQUIPMENT AND MANUAL REPORTING CONDITIONS	
<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
56	Purpose and application of pt 5 40
<i>Division 2—VMS equipment obligations</i>	
57	Obligation to install and register VMS equipment 40
58	Obligation to maintain and use VMS equipment 41
<i>Division 3—Obligations if VMS equipment malfunctions</i>	
<i>Subdivision 1—Preliminary</i>	
59	Application and purpose of div 3 41
60	Meaning of “malfunction” for div 3 42
61	When person is taken to be aware of malfunction 42
<i>Subdivision 2—Obligations</i>	
62	Obligation to give notice of malfunction 42
63	Manual reporting obligation 42
<i>Subdivision 3—Manual reporting guidelines</i>	
64	Authority may make guidelines 43
65	Compliance with manual reporting obligation 43
PART 6—GENERAL PROVISIONS ABOUT GUIDELINES	
<i>Division 1—Publication and inspection</i>	
66	Operation of div 1 43
67	Notification 44
68	Publication 44

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

69	Inspection	44
	<i>Division 2—Use of guidelines in proceedings</i>	
70	Operation of div 2	44
71	BRD guidelines	45
72	TED guidelines	45
73	Manual reporting guidelines	45
	PART 7—BOAT REPLACEMENT RESTRICTIONS	
	<i>Division 1—Restrictions for ‘M1’, ‘T1’ and ‘T2’ licences</i>	
74	Application of div 1	45
75	Replacement boat must not have more than 70 hull units	45
76	Replacement boat must not have main engine more than 300 kW	46
	<i>Division 2—Restriction for other licences for fishery</i>	
77	Replacement boat must not be longer than 14 m	46
	CHAPTER 4—SPECIFIC LICENCE CONDITIONS	
	PART 1—‘M1’ LICENCES	
	<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
78	Purpose and application of pt 1	46
79	Area for ‘M1’ fishery symbol	47
	<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
80	How permitted fish may be taken	47
81	Maximum net length	47
82	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	47
83	Maximum length of sweeps of net	47
84	Covering net	47
85	Use of ground chains for net	48
86	Use of more than 1 net	48
	<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>	
87	Maximum boat length	48
	<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs</i>	
88	Requirement to use BRD	49

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

89	Requirement to use TED	49
PART 2—‘T1’ AND ‘T3’ LICENCES		
<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>		
90	Purpose and application of pt 2	49
91	Area for ‘T1’ and ‘T3’ fishery symbols	49
<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>		
<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>		
92	How permitted fish may be taken	50
93	Maximum net length	50
94	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	51
95	Maximum length of sweeps of net	51
96	Covering net	52
97	Use of ground chains for net	52
98	Use of more than 1 net	52
99	Requirement to secure nets north of Cape Gloucester	53
<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>		
100	Maximum boat length	53
<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs</i>		
101	Requirement to use BRD	53
102	Requirement to use TED	54
PART 3—‘T2’ LICENCES		
<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>		
103	Purpose and application of pt 3	56
104	Area for ‘T2’ fishery symbol	56
<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>		
<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>		
105	How permitted fish may be taken	56
106	Maximum net length	56
107	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	57
108	Maximum length of sweeps of net	57
109	Covering net	57

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

110	Use of ground chains for net	57
111	Use of more than 1 net	58
	<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>	
112	Maximum boat length	58
	<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs</i>	
113	Requirement to use BRD	58
114	Requirement to use TED	59
	PART 4—‘T5’ LICENCES	
	<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
115	Purpose and application of pt 4	60
116	Area for ‘T5’ fishery symbol	60
	<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
117	How permitted fish may be taken	60
118	Maximum net length	61
119	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	61
120	Covering net	61
121	Use of more than 1 net	62
	<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>	
122	Maximum boat length	62
	<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs</i>	
123	Requirement to use BRD	62
	PART 5—‘T6’ LICENCES	
	<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
124	Purpose and application of pt 5	62
125	Area for ‘T6’ fishery symbol	63
	<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
126	How permitted fish may be taken	63
127	Maximum net length	63
128	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	63

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

129	Covering net	64
130	Use of more than 1 net	64
	<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>	
131	Maximum boat length	64
	<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs</i>	
132	Requirement to use BRD	65
	PART 6—‘T7’ LICENCES	
	<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
133	Purpose and application of pt 6	65
134	Area for ‘T7’ fishery symbol	65
	<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
135	How permitted fish may be taken	65
136	Maximum net length	66
137	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	66
138	Covering net	66
139	Use of more than 1 net	66
	<i>Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats</i>	
140	Maximum boat length	66
	<i>Subdivision 3—BRDs</i>	
141	Requirement to use BRD	67
	<i>Division 3—Miscellaneous</i>	
142	Only named commercial fisher may use boat	67
143	Prohibition on transfer of ‘T7’ licences	67
	PART 7—‘T8’ LICENCES	
	<i>Division 1—Preliminary</i>	
144	Purpose and application of pt 7	68
145	Area for ‘T8’ fishery symbol	68
	<i>Division 2—Requirements for fishing</i>	
	<i>Subdivision 1—General</i>	
146	How permitted fish may be taken	68

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

147	Maximum net length	69
148	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	69
149	Covering net	69
150	Use of more than 1 net	69

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

151	Maximum boat length	70
-----	-------------------------------	----

Subdivision 3—BRDs

152	Requirement to use BRD	70
-----	----------------------------------	----

PART 8—‘T9’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

153	Purpose and application of pt 8	70
154	Area for ‘T9’ fishery symbol	71

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

155	How permitted fish may be taken	71
156	Maximum net length	71
157	Minimum and maximum net mesh size	71
158	Covering net	72
159	Use of more than 1 net	72

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

160	Maximum boat length	72
-----	-------------------------------	----

Subdivision 3—BRDs

161	Requirement to use BRD	72
-----	----------------------------------	----

CHAPTER 5—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

**PART 1—THRESHOLD PERCENTAGE FOR DECLARED
FISHERIES RESOURCES**

162	Purpose of pt 1	73
163	Saucer scallops	73
164	Other declared fisheries resources	73

PART 2—REVIEW, AMENDMENT OR REPEAL OF PLAN

Division 1—Reviews

165	Review of permitted fish, other than principal fish	74
-----	---	----

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

166	General review	74
	<i>Division 2—Consultation requirements for reviews</i>	
167	Consultation requirements	74
	<i>Division 3—Amendment or repeal</i>	
168	How plan may be amended	75
	PART 3—OFFENCES AND SUSPENSION CRITERIA	
	<i>Division 1—Additional offences under plan</i>	
169	Restrictions on possessing bugs	76
170	Restrictions on processing scallops on commercial fishing boat	76
171	Interfering with approved VMS seals	77
	<i>Division 2—Prescribed serious fisheries offences</i>	
172	Serious fisheries offences	77
	<i>Division 3—Prescribed suspension criteria</i>	
173	Purpose and application of div 3	78
174	Criteria for suspending commercial fisher licence	78
175	Criteria for suspending commercial fishing boat licence	79
	PART 4—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS	
176	Existing licences and approvals	79
177	‘M1’ fishery symbol applies to ‘T1’ licences until 31 December 2000	79
178	Expiry of pt 4	80
	SCHEDULE 1	81
	THE FISHERY	
	PART 1—DESCRIPTION	
1	Area	81
2	Major species taken	81
3	Nature of fishery and required fishery symbols	82
4	Restrictions on apparatus and other controls	83
5	Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders	84
	PART 2—KNOWN STATUS	
6	General	84
7	Logbook program	84

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

8	Markets	85
9	Aborigines' and Torres Strait Islanders' fishery	85
10	Catch levels—tables 1–3	85

SCHEDULE 2 89

HOW THE OBJECTIVES ARE TO BE ACHIEVED

**PART 1—MANAGING THE FISHERY IN A WAY THAT GIVES
OPTIMAL, BUT SUSTAINABLE, COMMUNITY BENEFIT**

1	Definition for pt 1	89
2	How objective is to be achieved	89
3	How achievement is to be measured	89
4	Review events	90

**PART 2—ENSURING FISHERIES RESOURCES TAKEN IN THE
FISHERY ARE TAKEN IN AN ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE
WAY**

5	Definition for pt 2	90
6	How objective is to be achieved	90
7	How achievement is to be measured	90
8	Review events	91

**PART 3—ENSURING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF THE
FISHERY'S ECOLOGICAL SYSTEMS**

9	Definition for pt 3	92
10	How objective is to be achieved	92
11	How achievement is to be measured	92
12	Review events	92

**PART 4—PROVIDING AN ECONOMICALLY VIABLE, BUT
ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE, TRAWL FISHERY**

13	Definition for pt 4	94
14	How objective is to be achieved	94
15	How achievement is to be measured	94
16	Review events	94

**PART 5—ENSURING FAIR ACCESS TO FISHERIES
RESOURCES ON A SUSTAINABLE BASIS**

17	Definition for pt 5	95
18	How objective is to be achieved	95

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

19	How achievement is to be measured	95
20	Review events	95
	SCHEDULE 3	97
	SPECIFIC CLOSED WATERS	
	PART 1—ANNUAL SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN CLOSURES	
	<i>Division 1—Southern closure area</i>	
1	Southern closure area	97
	<i>Division 2—Northern closure areas</i>	
2	Swain Reefs and Hydrographers Passage	98
3	Major northern closure area	99
	PART 2—SCALLOP REPLENISHMENT AREAS	
4	Hervey Bay region	99
5	Bustard Head region	100
6	Yeppoon region	100
	PART 3—OTHER SPECIFIC CLOSURES	
7	Lakes and lagoons south of Endeavour River and east of longitude 142°31.82' east	100
8	Near the New South Wales border to Point Lookout on North Stradbroke Island	101
9	Currumbin Beach	102
10	Currumbin Creek	102
11	Tallebudgera Creek	102
12	Tallebudgera Creek to Burleigh	102
13	Southern part of the Broadwater and the Nerang River	102
14	Gold Coast Seaway	103
15	Broadwater—central part	103
16	Broadwater—western part	104
17	Coombabah Lake and Coombabah Creek	105
18	Coombabah Creek, Oyster Lake and Saltwater Creek	105
19	Coomera River	105
20	Swan Bay, North Stradbroke Island	105
21	Moreton Bay	105

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

22	Moreton Bay, including The Broadwater	108
23	Dunwich	108
24	Southern Moreton Bay area	108
25	Amity Bight and the South Passage	109
26	Manly Boat Harbour	110
27	Wynnum and Manly	110
28	Boggy Creek, Pinkenba	110
29	Brisbane River mouth area	110
30	Brisbane Airport floodway channel to the Pine River	111
31	Sandgate Pier	111
32	South Pine River and North Pine River	111
33	Northern section of Moreton Bay	111
34	Pumicestone Strait	113
35	Bribie Island's eastern shore and the sand spit at Kings Beach	113
36	Caloundra Head	113
37	Caloundra—Kings Beach to Shelly Beach	114
38	Currimundi Lake and Currimundi Creek near Caloundra	114
39	Warana Beach at Kawana Waters	114
40	Mooloolah River	114
41	South Maroochy River and the North Maroochy River	115
42	Maroochy River and ocean foreshores	115
43	Lakes Doonella and Weyba	115
44	Noosa River and Lakes Cooroibah and Cootharaba	115
45	Noosa River and Noosa's main beach	115
46	Weyba Creek	116
47	Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, the upper Noosa River and Lake Cootharaba	116
48	Noosa River—ocean foreshore north of its northern bank	116
49	Waterways south of Double Island Point	116
50	Rainbow Beach	117
51	Wide Bay Bar	117
52	Hook Point to Taleerba Creek, Fraser Island	117

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

53	Taleerba Creek to Indian Head, Fraser Island	118
54	Fraser Island—Indian Head to Waddy Point	118
55	Fraser Island—Hook point to northern tip	118
56	Snapper Creek near Tin Can Bay	118
57	Great Sandy Strait	119
58	Mary River	119
59	Hervey Bay seasonal night-time closure	119
60	Hervey Bay—other closures	120
61	Skyringville Creek	121
62	Hervey Bay	121
63	Southern Hervey Bay	121
64	Theodolite Creek	122
65	Coonar Creek	122
66	Burnett River	122
67	Sandy Cape	122
68	Northern Fraser Island and north of Fraser Island	123
69	Round Hill Creek	124
70	Eurimbula Creek	124
71	Rodds Harbour	124
72	Wild Cattle Creek	124
73	Boyne River and part of South Trees Inlet	125
74	Tannum Sands	125
75	Calliope River	125
76	The Narrows near Curtis Island	125
77	Fitzroy River and waters near its mouth	126
78	Keppel Bay near Middle Island Observatory	126
79	Point Vernon to Cape Manifold	126
80	Cawarral Creek	127
81	Causeway Lake, Shoal Bay	127
82	Water Park Creek	127
83	Broadsound to Dunk Island	127

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

84	St. Lawrence Creek to Endeavour River	128
85	Rocky Dam Creek	128
86	Louisa Creek	128
87	Pioneer River	128
88	Pioneer River	128
89	Reliance Creek, west of Eimeo	129
90	Constant Creek	129
91	Seaforth Creek	129
92	Victor Creek	129
93	O'Connell River	129
94	Proserpine River	129
95	Pioneer Bay	129
96	Merinda Creek	130
97	Hayman Island to Cape Abbot	130
98	Bowen Harbour and Magazine Island	130
99	Hook Island	131
100	Groper Creek, Yellow Gin Creek and the Burdekin River	131
101	Burdekin River	131
102	Plantation Creek and Seaforth Creek	131
103	Haughton River and the Short Cut	131
104	Barramundi Creek	132
105	Townsville Harbour and Cleveland Bay	132
106	Etty Bay area	133
107	Rollingstone Creek	133
108	Herbert River	133
109	Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island	133
110	Hinchinbrook Channel	133
111	Meunga Creek	133
112	Murray River	133
113	Johnstone River	134
114	Russell River, Mulgrave River and Mutchero Inlet	134

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

115	Fitzroy Island and High Island, near Cairns	134
116	Trinity Bay	134
117	Centenary Lakes, Cairns	134
118	Barron River	134
119	Mission Bay	135
120	Yorkeys Knob to Simpson Point	135
121	Cook Bay	135
122	Island Point to the Daintree River	136
123	Daintree River	136
124	Bloomfield River	136
125	Annan River	136
126	Endeavour River	136
127	North of latitude 15°30' south	137
128	Grave Point to Indian Head	137
129	Cape Bedford to Murray Reefs	137
130	Cape Flattery to near Barrow Point	137
131	Barrow Point to Bizant River	138
132	Bizant River, Princess Charlotte Bay	139
133	Marrett River to Rocky River	139
134	Rocky River to latitude 13°09' south	139
135	Latitude 13°09' south to Thorpe Point	139
136	Round Point to Fly Point near Cape York	141
137	Tip of Cape York	141
	SCHEDULE 4	143

REGULATED FISH

	SCHEDULE 5	145
--	-------------------------	-----

**WATERS WHERE SCALLOPS MAY BE PROCESSED ON A
BOAT**

1	Tin Can Bay public wharf area	145
2	Parts of Hervey Bay	145
3	Burnett River from near Bundaberg to near Millaquin Sugar Mill	145
4	Area near Gladstone	146

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

5	Area near Yeppoon	146
6	Area near Bowen	146
7	Area west of Cape Cleveland	147
8	Area west of Magnetic Island	147
9	Part of North East Bay (Great Palm Island)	147
10	Lucinda Services Jetty area	148

SCHEDULE 6 149

AIDS TO INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

PART 1—AIDS TO INTERPRETATION

Division 1—Working out boundaries

1	References to boundaries, lines, shores and other points	149
2	References to waterways	149
3	References to banks of waterway	150

Division 2—Time periods

4	Start and end of time periods	150
---	---	-----

Division 3—Names and measurement of fish

5	Scientific names of fish	150
6	Scientific classification	152
7	Measurement of size of fish	153

Division 4—Miscellaneous

8	Fishing under certain licences for fishery includes tender licence	154
9	References to possession of fish	154

PART 2—EXTENDED DEFINITIONS FOR AREAS

10	Meaning of “Brisbane River mouth area—north”	154
11	Meaning of “Brisbane River mouth area—south”	155
12	Meaning of “Brisbane River—Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area”	155
13	Meaning of “Cleveland Bay area”	155
14	Meaning of “Comboyuro Point to Caloundra Head area”	155
15	Meaning of “deep water net area”	156
16	Meaning of “Facing Island area”	157
17	Meaning of “Fisherman Islands area”	158

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

18	Meaning of “Fitzroy River mouth area”	158
19	Meaning of “Great Sandy Strait area”	158
20	Meaning of “Hervey Bay area”	159
21	Meaning of “Keppel Bay area”	159
22	Meaning of “Laguna Bay area”	159
23	Meaning of “Llewellyn Bay area”	160
24	Meaning of “Moreton Bay”	160
25	Meaning of “Repulse Bay area”	161
26	Meaning of “Sinclair Bay area”	161
27	Meaning of “waters north of Cape Gloucester”	161
28	Meaning of “waters south of Cape Gloucester”	161

PART 3—OTHER EXTENDED DEFINITIONS

29	Working out “hull units” for a boat	162
30	Meaning of “length” of a boat	163
31	Meaning of “length” of a net	164
32	Working out an engine’s “maximum continuous brake kW”	164
33	Meaning of “mesh size” of a net	165
34	Meaning of “sweep” of a net	165

PART 4—DICTIONARY

ENDNOTES

1	Index to endnotes	171
2	Date to which amendments incorporated	171
3	Key	171
4	List of legislation	172
5	List of annotations	172

FISHERIES (EAST COAST TRAWL) MANAGEMENT PLAN 1999

[reprinted as in force on 14 December 1999]

CHAPTER 1—PRELIMINARY

PART 1—INTRODUCTION

Short title

1. This management plan may be cited as the *Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management Plan 1999*.

Commencement

2.(1) Section 11 commences on 1 January 2000.

(2) Section 29(2)(b) commences on 2 January 2000.

(3) Section 102(2)(b) and (c) commences on 1 March 2000.

(4) Sections 85, 97 and 110 commence on 1 July 2000.¹

(5) The remaining provisions of this plan commence on the notification day

The fishery—sch 1

3.(1) This plan applies in relation to the east coast trawl fishery (the “fishery”).

(2) This plan applies only to—

¹ Sections 11 (Annual southern closures—sch 3, pt 1, div 1), 29 (Saucer scallops—regulated by time), 102 (Requirement to use TED) and 85, 97 and 110 (Use of ground chains for net)

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (a) fishing for trade or commerce in the fishery by the use of trawl nets; or
 - (b) the possession of permitted fish taken under this plan from the fishery.
- (3) The fishery is described in schedule 1, part 1.
- (4) Unless otherwise stated in schedule 1, part 1, the description is as the fishery was immediately before the notification day.
- (5) The fishery's known status, as at 31 December 1997, is stated in schedule 1, part 2.

PART 2—OBJECTIVES OF PLAN AND THEIR ACHIEVEMENT

Objectives

4. The objectives of this plan are to—
- (a) manage the fishery in a way that gives optimal, but sustainable, community benefit; and
 - (b) ensure fisheries resources taken in the fishery are taken in an ecologically sustainable way; and
 - (c) ensure the sustainability of the fishery's ecological systems; and
 - (d) provide for an economically viable, but ecologically sustainable, trawl fishery; and
 - (e) ensure fair access to fisheries resources taken in the fishery, on a sustainable basis, among the following groups and persons in the groups—
 - (i) commercial fishers;
 - (ii) recreational fishers;

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (iii) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander fishers;²
- (iv) other users of the fisheries resources.

Example of 'other users'—

Divers who view or photograph fish, but do not take them.

How objectives are to be achieved—sch 2

5.(1) Schedule 2 states how the objectives are to be achieved.

(2) The achievement of each objective must be—

- (a) measured only in the way stated in schedule 2; and
- (b) reviewed by the Authority under section 167³ if a review event stated in schedule 2 for the objective happens.

PART 3—INTERPRETATION

Division 1—Interpretation aids and dictionary

Aids to interpretation and definitions—sch 6

6.(1) Schedule 6, part 1 contains provisions that aid the interpretation of this plan.

(2) Schedule 6, parts 2 and 3 and the dictionary in schedule 6, part 4 define particular words used in this plan.

² For the right of Aborigines or Torres Strait Islanders to take fisheries resources, see section 14 (Aborigines' and Torres Strait Islanders' rights to take fisheries resources etc.) of the Act.

For the exercise or enjoyment of native title rights and interests in relation to land or waters under the *Native Title Act 1993* (Cwlth), see section 211 (Preservation of certain native title rights and interests).

³ Section 167 (Consultation requirements)

Division 2—Key definitions

What is a “principal fish”

7. A “**principal fish**” means any of the following fish—

- (a) prawns;
- (b) scallops;
- (c) bugs;
- (d) squid.

What is a “permitted fish”

8.(1) A “**permitted fish**” means a principal fish or any of the following fish—

- (a) Balmain bugs;
- (b) barking crayfish;
- (c) cuttlefish;
- (d) goatfish;
- (e) mantis shrimp;
- (f) octopus;
- (g) pinkies;
- (h) red spot crabs;
- (i) sharks;
- (j) syngnathids;
- (k) whiptails.

(2) Also, until 31 October 2000, “**permitted fish**” includes the following fish if taking the fish is not prohibited under another management plan—

- (a) blue swimmer crabs;
- (b) winter whiting.

(3) Subsection (2) and this subsection expire on 31 October 2000.

CHAPTER 2—CLOSED WATERS AND REGULATED FISH DECLARATIONS

PART 1—CLOSED WATERS

Division 1—Closures for all the fishery's waters

Closure to using or possessing nets without relevant authority

9.(1) For this section, all waters in the fishery are closed waters.

(2) The waters are closed every year, all year.

(3) Using or possessing any trawl net is prohibited in the closed waters unless the net is used or possessed under a fishery symbol that allows the use of the net in the waters.⁴

Closure for VMS equipment and manual reporting conditions

10.(1) For this section, all waters in the fishery are closed waters.

(2) The waters are closed every year, all year.

(3) The possession or use of a boat under a 'T1', 'T2' or 'T3' fishery symbol is prohibited in the closed waters unless the conditions of the licence for the boat under chapter 3, part 5⁵ have been complied with.

⁴ See chapter 4 (Specific licence conditions) for the relevant fishery symbols for particular waters in the fishery.

⁵ Chapter 3, part 5 (VMS equipment and manual reporting conditions)

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Division 2—Specific closures

Subdivision 1—Annual southern and northern closures

Annual southern closures—sch 3, pt 1, div 1

11.(1) The waters mentioned in schedule 3, section 1 are closed waters.

*(2) The waters are closed to the use of a boat under a fishery symbol from midday on 20 September to midday on 1 November (“**first closure period**”).*

*(3) Also, the waters are closed to the use of a boat under a fishery symbol from midday on 1 November to midday on 12 December (“**second closure period**”) unless—*

- (a) the boat is used under a ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’ or ‘T8’ fishery symbol;
or*
- (b) the Authority has received a notice stating the boat will not be used under an ‘M1’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’ or ‘T3’ fishery symbol in the first closure period and the boat is not used under any of the symbols in the first closure period.*

(4) The notice may be given only—

- (a) by the holder of the licence under which the boat may be used;
and*
- (b) on or before the 13 September immediately before the second closure period.⁶*

Annual northern closures—sch 3, pt 1, div 2

12.(1) The waters mentioned in schedule 3, sections 2 and 3⁷ are closed waters.

⁶ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

⁷ Schedule 3, sections 2 (Swains Reef and Hydrographers Passage) and 3 (Major northern closure area)

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) The waters are closed to the use of a boat under a fishery symbol from midday on 15 December to midday on 1 March (“**first closure period**”).

(3) Also, the waters mentioned in schedule 3, section 3 are closed to the use of a boat under a fishery symbol from midday on 1 March to midday on 14 May (“**second closure period**”) unless—

- (a) the boat is used under a ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ fishery symbol; or
- (b) the Authority has received a notice stating the boat will not be used under an ‘M1’, ‘T1’, or ‘T3’ fishery symbol in the first closure period and the boat is not used under any of the symbols in the first closure period.

(4) The notice may be given only—

- (a) by the holder of the licence under which the boat may be used; and
- (b) on or before the 8 December immediately before the second closure period.

Prohibited activities

13. Using or possessing a trawl net is prohibited in closed waters under this subdivision.

Subdivision 2—Closure for scallop replenishment areas

Closure until 1 February 2001—sch 3, pt 2

14.(1) The waters mentioned in schedule 3, part 2 are closed waters.

(2) The waters are closed until 1 February 2001.

Prohibited activities

15. Using or possessing any trawl net or a boat under a ‘T1’ fishery symbol is prohibited in closed waters under this subdivision.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Expiry of sdiv 2 and sch 3, pt 2

16. This subdivision and schedule 3, part 2 expire on 1 February 2001.

Subdivision 3—Other specific closures

Other specific closures—sch 3, pt 3

17.(1) The waters mentioned in schedule 3, part 3 are closed waters.

(2) The waters are closed every year, all year, unless otherwise stated in schedule 3, part 3.

(3) Using or possessing any trawl net is prohibited in the waters.

Division 3—Exemptions from prohibited activities

Operation of div 3

18.(1) Sections 19 to 22 each provide an exemption for an activity prohibited under this part.

(2) The *Justices Act 1886*, section 76,⁸ applies to each exemption.

Possession of fish taken outside closed waters

19. If the prohibited activity is the possession of fish, it is an exemption for a person to possess fish taken from outside the closed waters to which the prohibition relates.

Beam trawl net stowed and secured

20. If the prohibited activity is the possession of a beam trawl net, it is an exemption for a person to possess the net if the net and any other fishing apparatus normally used with it are stored inboard a boat.

⁸ *Justices Act 1886*, section 76 (Proof of negative etc.)

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Examples of 'other fishing apparatus' normally used with a beam trawl net—

- the net's bar or beam
- any ground chains or ropes.

Otter trawl net stowed and secured

21.(1) If the prohibited activity is the possession of an otter trawl net, it is an exemption for a person to possess the net if the net and any other fishing apparatus normally used with it are stowed and secured.

Examples of 'other fishing apparatus' normally used with an otter trawl net—

- the net's otter boards
- any ground chains or ropes.

(2) For subsection (1), the net and other fishing apparatus are stowed and secured—

- (a) during the daytime only if—
 - (i) they are drawn up to a boat and are visible from an aircraft or another boat; and
 - (ii) the net's cod ends are open; and
 - (iii) the net's lazy lines are on the blocks; and
- (b) at night only if—
 - (i) the boat carrying them is at anchor in an area marked as an anchorage or boat harbour on a navigational chart; or
 - (ii) they are inboard a boat and are stored or suspended from a mast or boom.

Fishing apparatus testing

22.(1) If the prohibited activity is using or possessing a trawl net, it is an exemption for a person to use or possess the net if—

- (a) the use or possession is only for testing the net or other fishing apparatus normally used with the net; and

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (b) the person in control of the boat used for the testing has given the Authority notice of the testing under subsection (2); and
 - (c) the net's cod ends are open; and
 - (d) no fish are taken during the test.
- (2) The notice must—
- (a) be given at least 24 hours before the testing starts; and
 - (b) state—
 - (i) an area of no more than 1 square n mile where the testing is to happen; and
 - (ii) when the testing is to start and end.
- (3) The notice may be—
- (a) oral or written; and
 - (b) given to the Authority by giving it to the Queensland Boating and Fisheries Patrol.

PART 2—REGULATED FISH⁹

Division 1—Fish other than permitted fish

Non-permitted fish regulated

- 23.(1)** Any fish that is not a permitted fish is a regulated fish.
- (2)** Taking or possessing a fish that is not a permitted fish is prohibited.

⁹ See however, section 12(a) and (b) (When Act does not apply) of the Act, for when the Act does not apply to the taking or possessing of regulated fish.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Division 2—Permitted fish

Subdivision 1—Permitted fish other than saucer scallops

Regulated fish—sch 4

24. Fish mentioned in schedule 4 are regulated fish.

Fish regulated by number—sch 4, pt 1

25.(1) Fish mentioned in schedule 4, part 1 are regulated by the number stated opposite the name of the fish in schedule 4, part 1.

(2) However, only fish taken in excess of the number stated for each of the fish are regulated.

(3) Taking or possessing more than the number stated for each of the fish is prohibited.

Fish regulated by gender—sch 4, pt 2

26. Taking or possessing fish of the gender of the species mentioned in schedule 4, part 2 is prohibited.

Fish regulated by size—sch 4, pt 3

27. Taking or possessing fish of the size stated after the name of each of the species mentioned in schedule 4, part 3 is prohibited.

Fish regulated by size and time—sch 4, pt 4

28. Taking or possessing fish of the size in the period stated for each of the species mentioned in schedule 4, part 4 is prohibited.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Subdivision 2—Saucer scallops

Saucer scallops—regulated by time

29.(1) Saucer scallops are regulated fish.

(2) Taking or possessing saucer scallops is prohibited during the following periods—

- (a) from midday on 20 September to midday on 1 November;
- (b) *from midday on 20 December to midday on 1 January.*¹⁰

Saucer scallops—regulated by size, time and amount

30.(1) Saucer scallops are regulated fish.

(2) Taking or possessing on board a commercial fishing boat more saucer scallops than the percentage stated in this section is prohibited.

(3) From 8 a.m. on 1 January to 8 a.m. on 1 May, the percentage is 7% of saucer scallops that are less than 9 cm.

(4) From 8 a.m. on 1 May to 8 a.m. on 1 January, the percentage is 10% of saucer scallops that are less than 9.5 cm.

(5) However, despite subsection (4), from the notification day to 8 a.m. on 1 January 2000, the percentage is 7% of saucer scallops that are less than 9 cm.

(6) For a period mentioned in this section, the percentage must be worked out by—

- (a) counting all of the saucer scallops of the relevant size and expressing the number of saucer scallops of the size as a percentage of the saucer scallops taken or possessed; or
- (b) statistical sampling and testing as follows—
 - (i) statistical sampling of all of the saucer scallops taken or possessed;

¹⁰ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Example of 'statistical sampling'—

Random sampling.

- (ii) expressing from the sample the number of saucer scallops of the relevant size as a percentage (the “**sample percentage**”) of the saucer scallops taken or possessed from the sample;
- (iii) using statistical tests to work out from the sample percentage the total percentage of the saucer scallops taken or possessed of the stated size.

(7) Subsection (5) and this subsection expire on 1 January 2000.

Division 3—Fish taken from closed waters

Fish taken from closed waters

31.(1) A fish is a regulated fish if it has been taken from closed waters in contravention of part 1.

(2) Possessing the fish is prohibited.

**CHAPTER 3—GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR
LICENCES AND FISHERY SYMBOLS**

PART 1—LICENCES AND FISHERY SYMBOLS

Licences and fishery symbols for the fishery

32.(1) The licences for the fishery are the ‘M1’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T3’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ and ‘T9’ licences.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) The fishery symbols for the fishery are the ‘M1’, ‘T1’, ‘T2’, ‘T3’, ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ and ‘T9’ fishery symbols.¹¹

Who may fish

33. A person may take fish in the fishery by the use of trawl nets or possess fish taken from the fishery only if—

- (a) either—
 - (i) the person holds a licence for the fishery; or
 - (ii) the holder of a licence for the fishery has allowed the person to take or possess fish under the licence; and
- (b) the person is a commercial or assistant fisher or is acting under a crew licence.

Assistant fishers and persons acting under a crew licence

34.(1) A crew member may, under this plan, use or possess commercial fishing apparatus and take fish for trade or commerce only if the crew member and a commercial fisher are—

- (a) on the same boat; or
- (b) on different boats but the crew member is on a tender boat that is not a trawler.

(2) In this section—

“**crew member**” means an assistant fisher or a person acting under a crew licence.

Restrictions on writing fishery symbols on licences

35.(1) Until 1 January 2001, the Authority may write an ‘M1’, ‘T1’ or ‘T2’ fishery symbol on a primary licence only if—

- (a) the licence is a replacement licence; or

¹¹ For relevant general provisions of the regulation about fishery symbols, see part 7, division 4 (Fishery symbols on authorities) of the regulation.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (b) it renews the licence; or
- (c) the symbol is a 'T1' or 'T2' fishery symbol and it has given a written approval for the symbol to be written on the licence.

(2) From 2 January 2001, the Authority may write an 'M1', 'T1' or 'T2' fishery symbol on a primary licence only if—

- (a) the licence is a replacement licence; or
- (b) it renews the licence.

(3) The Authority may write another fishery symbol on a primary licence only—

- (a) if the licence is a replacement licence; or
- (b) if it renews the licence; or
- (c) under a written approval by the Authority for the symbol to be written on the licence.

(4) Subsection (1) and this subsection expire on 1 January 2001.

PART 2—FISH THAT MAY BE TAKEN

Condition that only permitted fish may be taken

36. Each licence for the fishery is subject to a condition that only permitted fish may be taken under the licence.

Condition applies to everyone acting under licence

37. The condition under section 36 also applies to anyone acting under a licence for the fishery.

PART 3—USE OF BRDs

Division 1—Preliminary

Application and purpose of pt 3

38. This part—

- (a) applies if, under chapter 4, a BRD must be used with a net used under a provision of that chapter; and
- (b) prescribes an additional condition to which the licence under which the net is used is subject.

Purpose of BRD

39. The purpose of a BRD is to reduce the level of bycatch taken by the use of the net to the lowest level that allows the economically viable use of the net, having regard to the sustainability of the fishery's ecological systems.

Division 2—BRD use condition

Requirement to achieve purpose

40.(1) The licence under which the net is used is subject to a condition (the “**BRD use condition**”) that the use of the net must achieve the purpose of a BRD.

(2) The BRD use condition also applies to anyone acting under the licence.

Division 3—Compliance with BRD use condition

Subdivision 1—General

How to comply

41.(1) The BRD use condition is taken to have been complied with if a device that complies with subdivision 2 (a “**recognised BRD**”) is used with the net.

(2) The condition may also be complied with by using another device with the net if the use achieves the purpose of a BRD.

Subdivision 2—Recognised BRDs

Square mesh cod end

42. The net’s cod end is a recognised BRD if—

- (a) at least half the cod end’s circumference is square mesh of at least 45 mm; and
- (b) the square mesh is at least 75 meshes long; and
- (c) nothing covers any of the square meshes during trawling.

Square mesh panel

43. A panel of the net is a recognised BRD if—

- (a) the panel—
 - (i) is square mesh of at least 10.1 cm; and
 - (ii) is at least 40 cm wide and 60 cm long; and
 - (iii) is no more than 120 meshes from the cod end drawstrings of the net; and
- (b) nothing covers any of the square meshes during trawling.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Fisheye

44. An opening in the net is a recognised BRD if—

- (a) the opening—
 - (i) is held open by a rigid frame; and
 - (ii) is at least 35 cm wide and 15 cm long; and
 - (iii) is no more than 120 meshes from the cod end drawstrings of the net; and
- (b) nothing covers any part of the opening during trawling.

Bigeye

45. An opening in the net is a recognised BRD if—

- (a) the opening—
 - (i) is in the top of the net no further forward than the mid point between the centre of the headline and the start of the net's cod end; and
 - (ii) is at least 1 m across the width of the net; and
- (b) the opening has, during trawling, a weighted forward section and a buoyed rear section; and
- (c) the edges of the opening do not overlap by more than 28.5 cm; and
- (d) nothing covers any part of the opening during trawling.

Radial escape section

46.(1) A combination of a funnel, hoops and openings in the net are a recognised BRD if—

- (a) they comply with subsections (2) to (4); and
- (b) nothing covers any part of the openings during trawling.

(2) The funnel must—

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (a) be attached to the net for all of the funnel's front edge circumference; and
 - (b) have a number of meshes in its rear edge circumference of no more than 60% of the number of meshes in the circumference of the net at its rear edge.
- (3) The net must have—
- (a) either—
 - (i) a hoop attached to it at the funnel's front edge that keeps the funnel fully open; or
 - (ii) a TED within 90 cm of the funnel's front edge; and
 - (b) a hoop (the “**rear hoop**”) no more than 115 meshes from the drawstrings of the net's cod end with a diameter of at least 65 cm.
- (4) The openings must comply with the following—
- (a) they must be forward of the rear hoop;
 - (b) the rear edge of the rear opening must be within 5 meshes of the rear hoop;
 - (c) they must extend for at least 35 cm and cover at least half the net's circumference;
 - (d) they must be at least 10.1 cm in each of their dimensions;
 - (e) they must be no more than—
 - (i) 50 cm forward of the funnel's rear edge; and
 - (ii) 120 meshes from the drawstrings of the net's cod end.

Subdivision 3—BRD guidelines

Authority may make guidelines

47. The Authority may make guidelines (“**BRD guidelines**”) for devices, other than recognised BRDs, that may be used with a trawl net to achieve the purpose of a BRD.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Compliance with BRD use condition from BRD guidelines

48. A person to whom the BRD use condition applies is taken to have complied with the condition if, to the extent they are relevant, the BRD guidelines are complied with.

PART 4—USE OF TEDs

Division 1—Preliminary

Application and purpose of pt 4

49. This part—

- (a) applies if, under chapter 4, a TED must be used with a net used under a provision of that chapter; and
- (b) prescribes an additional condition to which the licence under which the net is used is subject.

Purpose of TED

50. The purpose of a TED is to allow turtles to escape immediately after being taken in the net.

Division 2—TED use condition

Requirement to achieve purpose

51.(1) The licence under which the net is used is subject to a condition (the “**TED use condition**”) that the use of the net must achieve the purpose of a TED.

(2) The TED use condition also applies to anyone acting under the licence.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Division 3—Compliance with TED use condition

Subdivision 1—General

How to comply

52.(1) The TED use condition is taken to have been complied with if a device that complies with section 53 (a “**recognised TED**”) is used with the net.

(2) The condition may also be complied with by using another device with the net if the use achieves the purpose of a TED.

Requirements for recognised TED

53.(1) A recognised TED must consist of a barrier and an opening that allows turtles to escape immediately after being taken in the net.

(2) The barrier must consist of a rigid or semirigid inclined barrier of bars attached to the net’s circumference that acts to steer turtles through the opening.

(3) The bars must be no more than 12 cm apart.

(4) The opening must—

(a) be immediately forward of the top of the barrier; and

(b) have a minimum taut measurement of—

(i) 76 cm across the widest part of the net; and

(ii) 38 cm across the perpendicular to the measurement under subparagraph (i) at its midpoint.

Subdivision 2—TED guidelines

Authority may make guidelines

54. The Authority may make guidelines (“**TED guidelines**”) for

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

devices, other than recognised TEDs, that may be used with a trawl net to achieve the purpose of a TED.

Compliance with TED use condition from TED guidelines

55. A person to whom the TED use condition applies is taken to have complied with the condition if, to the extent they are relevant, the TED guidelines are complied with.

**PART 5—VMS EQUIPMENT AND MANUAL
REPORTING CONDITIONS**

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 5

56.(1) This part prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T1’, ‘T2’ or ‘T3’ licence is subject.

(2) If this part imposes an obligation on the person in control, it is a condition of the licence that the obligation must be complied with.

(3) However, the conditions do not apply if—

- (a) the boat identified in the licence is used under a ‘T1’ fishery symbol in Moreton Bay; and
- (b) the boat has not, after the notification day, been used under the fishery symbol outside Moreton Bay.

Division 2—VMS equipment obligations

Obligation to install and register VMS equipment

57.(1) The holder of the licence must have an approved person install approved VMS equipment on the boat identified in the licence.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) The equipment and the installer must be included in the particulars about the licence in the register of authorities the Authority keeps under section 73 of the Act.

(3) In this section—

“**approved**” means approved by the Authority.

“**install**”, approved VMS equipment, includes fit an approved seal on the equipment.

Obligation to maintain and use VMS equipment

58.(1) The person in control of the boat identified in the licence must ensure VMS equipment installed on the boat is—

- (a) maintained in working condition (“**maintenance obligation**”); and
- (b) used at all times.

(2) However, the maintenance obligation does not apply during a period if—

- (a) before the period began the Authority received notice from the holder of the licence that, for a stated reason, the boat would not be used for fishing during the period; and
- (b) the boat is not used for fishing during the period.

Division 3—Obligations if VMS equipment malfunctions

Subdivision 1—Preliminary

Application and purpose of div 3

59. This division—

- (a) applies if VMS equipment installed on the boat identified in the licence malfunctions; and

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (b) imposes obligations on the person in control of the boat when the person becomes aware of the malfunction.

Meaning of “malfunction” for div 3

60. In this division, “malfunction”, for VMS equipment, means a failure to work at all and a failure to work in a way so as to perform the functions of VMS equipment.¹²

When person is taken to be aware of malfunction

61.(1) A person in control is taken to be aware of the malfunction if the person receives notice from the Authority that the equipment is malfunctioning.

(2) The notice may be given by radio, telephone or another form of instantaneous electronic communication.

Subdivision 2—Obligations

Obligation to give notice of malfunction

62.(1) The person in control must immediately notify the Authority of the malfunction, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.

(2) The notice may be given by radio, telephone or another form of instantaneous electronic communication.

Manual reporting obligation

63.(1) The person in control may do the following only if the person complies with this section—

- (a) use fishing apparatus from the boat;

¹² Under section 4 (Definitions) of the Act, definition “VMS equipment”, VMS equipment means ‘equipment used as part of a system that monitors the position and operation of a vessel’.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(b) move the boat.

(2) The person must notify the boat's position and operation to the Authority by radio, telephone or another form of instantaneous electronic communication at intervals that, in all the circumstances, reasonably acts as a substitute for VMS equipment.

(3) The obligation under subsection (2) is called the “**manual reporting obligation**”.

Subdivision 3—Manual reporting guidelines

Authority may make guidelines

64. The Authority may make guidelines (“**manual reporting guidelines**”) for compliance with the manual reporting obligation.

Compliance with manual reporting obligation

65. A person to whom the manual obligation applies is taken to have complied with the obligation if, to the extent they are relevant, the guidelines are complied with.

**PART 6—GENERAL PROVISIONS ABOUT
GUIDELINES**

Division 1—Publication and inspection

Operation of div 1

66.(1) This division imposes obligations if the Authority makes a guideline under this chapter.

(2) The obligations must be complied with as soon as practicable after the guideline is made.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Notification

67.(1) The Authority must notify the guideline in the gazette.

(2) The Minister must, within 14 days after the gazettal, table the guideline in the Legislative Assembly as if it were subordinate legislation.

(3) The *Statutory Instruments Act 1992*, part 6,¹³ applies to the guideline as if it were subordinate legislation.

Publication

68.(1) If the guideline is a manual reporting guideline, the Authority must give a copy of it to each person who holds a 'T1', 'T2' or 'T3' licence.

(2) If the guideline is a BRD or TED guideline, the Authority must give a copy of it to each person who holds a licence for the fishery.

Inspection

69. The Authority must make a copy of the guideline available for inspection at its office, free of charge, by members of the public during office hours on business days.

Division 2—Use of guidelines in proceedings

Operation of div 2

70.(1) This division provides for the admissibility of a guideline made under this chapter in certain offence proceedings.

(2) However, the guideline is not admissible in evidence against a person unless either of the following happened before the act or omission that is alleged to form the offence—

- (a) the guideline was gazetted and tabled in the Legislative Assembly;
- (b) a copy of the guideline was given to the person.

¹³ *Statutory Instruments Act 1992*, part 6 (Procedures after making of subordinate legislation)

BRD guidelines

71. The BRD guidelines are admissible in evidence in a proceeding relating to a contravention of the BRD use condition.

TED guidelines

72. The TED guidelines are admissible in evidence in a proceeding relating to a contravention of the TED use condition.

Manual reporting guidelines

73. The manual reporting guidelines are admissible in evidence in a proceeding relating to a contravention of the manual reporting obligation.

PART 7—BOAT REPLACEMENT RESTRICTIONS

Division 1—Restrictions for ‘M1’, ‘T1’ and ‘T2’ licences

Application of div 1

74. This division applies to an application for a replacement licence for an ‘M1’, ‘T1’ or ‘T2’ licence.

Replacement boat must not have more than 70 hull units

75. The Authority must not issue the replacement licence if, were the licence to be issued, the boat identified in the licence would have more than 70 hull units.¹⁴

¹⁴ See schedule 6, section 29 (Working out “hull units” for a boat).

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Replacement boat must not have main engine more than 300 kW

76. The Authority must not issue the replacement licence if, were the licence to be issued, the boat identified in the licence would have a main engine power of more than 300 maximum continuous brake kW.¹⁵

Division 2—Restriction for other licences for fishery

Replacement boat must not be longer than 14 m

77. The Authority must not issue a replacement licence for a ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ licence if, were the licence to be issued, the boat identified in the licence would be longer than 14 m.

CHAPTER 4—SPECIFIC LICENCE CONDITIONS

PART 1—‘M1’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 1

78. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which an ‘M1’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has the fishery symbol ‘M1’ written on it.

¹⁵ See schedule 6, section 32 (Working out an engine’s “maximum continuous brake kW”).

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Area for ‘M1’ fishery symbol

79. The area for the ‘M1’ fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of Moreton Bay.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

80.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using beam trawl nets or otter trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

81. A net must be no longer than—

- (a) for a beam trawl net—10 m; or
- (b) for an otter trawl net—32.5 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

82. The mesh size of a net must not be less than 38 mm or more than 60 mm.

Maximum length of sweeps of net

83. Each sweep used on a net must be no longer than 3 m.

Covering net

84.(1) The part of a net within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of at least 38 mm and no more than 60 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of ground chains for net

85.(1) More than 1 line of ground chain must not be used across the mouth of each net.

(2) The links of the ground chain must not have a diameter of more than 10 mm.

(3) The chain must not be used with a weight or an attachment, other than an attachment for joining the chain to the net.¹⁶

Use of more than 1 net

86. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

- (a) for a beam trawl net—10 m; or
- (b) for an otter trawl net—32.5 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

87. A primary boat longer than 14 m must not be used.

¹⁶ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs

Requirement to use BRD

88. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part if the net is used in waters described in schedule 3, section 24.¹⁷

Requirement to use TED

89. A TED must be used with a net, other than a try net, used under this part.

PART 2—‘T1’ AND ‘T3’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 2

90. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T1’ or ‘T3’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T1’ or ‘T3’ fishery symbol written on it.

Area for ‘T1’ and ‘T3’ fishery symbols

91. The area for the ‘T1’ and ‘T3’ fishery symbols consists of all tidal waters east of longitude 142°31.82' east, other than Moreton Bay and the Fisherman Islands area.¹⁸

¹⁷ Schedule 3, section 24 (Southern Moreton Bay area)

¹⁸ However, for the period until 31 December 2000, see section 177 (‘M1’ fishery symbol applies to ‘T1’ licences until 31 December 2000).

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

92.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using—

- (a) for a ‘T1’ licence—beam trawl nets or otter trawl nets; or
- (b) for a ‘T3’ licence—beam trawl nets.

(2) However, scallops may be taken only by using otter trawl nets.

(3) A net must not be used unless—

- (a) the net and its use complies with this division; and
- (b) its primary purpose is to take principal fish.

(4) However, a net may be used for the primary purpose of taking scallops only if it is no longer than 109 m and has a mesh size of at least 75 mm.

Maximum net length

93.(1) In the following areas a beam trawl net used must be no longer than 10 m and an otter trawl net used must be no longer than 32.5 m—

- (a) the Comboyuro Point and Caloundra Head area;
- (b) the Hervey Bay area;
- (c) the Facing Island area;
- (d) the Keppel Bay area;
- (e) the Llewellyn Bay area;
- (f) the Repulse Bay area;
- (g) the Sinclair Bay area;
- (h) the Cleveland Bay area.

(2) A net used in the Laguna Bay area must be no longer than 18.6 m and

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

have a head rope no longer than 8 m.

- (3) A net used in the deep water net area must be no longer than 184 m.
- (4) A net used in any other waters must be no longer than—
 - (a) for a beam trawl net—40 m; or
 - (b) for an otter trawl net—88 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

94.(1) A net used in the following areas must have a mesh size of at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm—

- (a) the Comboyuro Point and Caloundra Head area;
- (b) the Hervey Bay area;
- (c) the Facing Island area;
- (d) the Keppel Bay area;
- (e) the Llewellyn Bay area;
- (f) the Repulse Bay area;
- (g) the Sinclair Bay area;
- (h) the Cleveland Bay area;
- (i) the deep water net area;
- (j) waters south of Cape Gloucester.

(2) A net used in the Laguna Bay area must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

- (3)** A net used in waters north of Cape Gloucester must have—
 - (a) a mesh size of at least 45 mm but no more than 60 mm; and
 - (b) a cod end with a mesh size of at least 38 mm and no more than 150 rows of mesh from the drawstring.

Maximum length of sweeps of net

95.(1) This section does not apply to the Laguna Bay area.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (2) Each sweep used on a net must be no longer than—
- (a) if the net is used in the Hervey Bay area—3 m; or
 - (b) if the net is used in any other waters—10 m.

Covering net

96.(1) The part of a net within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of at least 38 mm and no more than 60 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of ground chains for net

97.(1) *More than 1 line of ground chain must not be used across the mouth of each net.*

(2) *The links of the ground chain must not have a diameter of more than—*

- (a) *if the net is used in the deep water net area—12 mm; or*
- (b) *if the net is used in any other waters—10 mm.*

(3) *The chain must not be used with a weight or an attachment, other than an attachment for joining the chain to the net.¹⁹*

Use of more than 1 net

98. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

- (a) for a beam trawl net—10 m; or
- (b) for an otter trawl net—32.5 m.

¹⁹ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Requirement to secure nets north of Cape Gloucester

99.(1) This section does not apply to a net that may be used north of Cape Gloucester.

(2) A beam trawl net on board a boat north of Cape Gloucester must be removed from the gallows or booms and secured.

(3) An otter trawl net on board a boat north of Cape Gloucester must be removed from the gallows or booms, detached from the otter boards and secured.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

100. A primary boat longer than 20 m must not be used.

Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs

Requirement to use BRD

101.(1) This section applies to a net used under this part if—

- (a) it has a mesh size of less than 75 mm; and
- (b) it is no longer than—
 - (i) for an otter trawl net—88 m; or
 - (ii) for a beam trawl net—40 m.

(2) Until 31 December 1999, a BRD must be used with the net if it is used from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m..

(3) From 1 January 2000 to 29 February 2000, a BRD must be used with the net if it is used in—

- (a) waters within 5 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore; or
- (b) other waters from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m..

(4) From 1 March 2000, a BRD must be used with the net.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(5) Subsection (2) and this subsection expire on 31 December 1999.

(6) Subsection (3) and this subsection expire on 29 February 2000.

Requirement to use TED

102.(1) A TED must be used with a net used under this part in waters mentioned in subsection (2), unless the net is—

- (a) a try net; or
- (b) used in the deep water net area.

(2) For subsection (1) the waters are—

- (a) waters south of Point Lookout, within 6 n miles out to sea from the following line—
 - from a point on the shore at the State's border with New South Wales along the shore to the seaward tip of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
 - to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
 - along South Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to the island's north-eastern tip
 - to North Stradbroke Island's south-eastern tip
 - along North Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to Point Lookout; and

(b) *waters within the following area—*

- *from the F[↑]B sign at Inskip Point near the flashing white navigation lead on the shore*
- *along the shore to latitude 24°30' south*
- *along 24°30' south to the intersection of a line running due north from Sandy Cape*
- *along the western shore of Fraser Island to the F[↑]B sign at Hook Point near the south-eastern tip of Fraser Island*

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- *to the F \hat{A} B sign at Inskip Point near the flashing white navigation lead on the shore; and*
- (c) *within the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park area as follows—*
 - *from the intersection of latitude 24°30' south with the mainland shore*
 - *along the shore to the northern tip of Cape York at latitude 10°41' south*
 - *to latitude 10°41' south, longitude 145° east*
 - *to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east*
 - *to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east*
 - *to latitude 17°30' south, longitude 147° east*
 - *to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east*
 - *to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 154° east*
 - *along latitude 24°30' south to the mainland shore.*²⁰

(3) Also, until 1 March 2000, the waters for subsection (1) include waters—

- between latitude 25°15' south and latitude 24°20' south, within 6 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore
- between latitude 21° south and latitude 20°30' south, within 6 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore
- within a boundary from Cape Cleveland along the shore to latitude 18°52', then in a straight line to Cape Cleveland
- between latitude 17° south and latitude 15° south, within 6 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore
- between latitude 14°30' south and latitude 12°30' south, within 6 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore.

(4) Subsection (3) and this section expire on 1 March 2000.

²⁰ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

PART 3—‘T2’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 3

103. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T2’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T2’ fishery symbol written on it.

Area for ‘T2’ fishery symbol

104. The area for the ‘T2’ fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters east of the territorial sea baseline and south of latitude 24°21.40' south.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

105.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using otter trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

106.(1) A net must not be used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than scallops, if it is—

- (a) longer than 88 m; or
- (b) used only in the deep water net area and it is longer than 184 m.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) A net must not be used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than prawns, if it is longer than 109 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

107.(1) A net must not be used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than scallops, if its mesh size is less than 38 mm or more than 60 mm.

(2) A net must not be used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than prawns if its mesh size is less than 75 mm.

Maximum length of sweeps of net

108. Each sweep used on a net must be no longer than 10 m.

Covering net

109.(1) The part of a net within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of—

- (a) if the net is used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than scallops—more than 38 mm, but no more than 60 mm; or
- (b) if the net is used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than prawns—more than 75 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 150 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of ground chains for net

110.(1) *More than 1 line of ground chain must not be used across the mouth of each net.*

(2) *The links of the ground chain must not have a diameter of more than—*

- (a) *if the net is used in the deep water net area—12 mm; or*

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(b) *if the net is used in any other waters—10 mm.*

(3) *The chain must not be used with a weight or an attachment, other than an attachment for joining the chain to the net.*²¹

Use of more than 1 net

111. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

- (a) if the net is used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than scallops—
 - (i) 88 m; or
 - (ii) if it is used only in the deep water net area—184 m.
- (b) if the net is used for the primary purpose of taking permitted fish, other than prawns—109 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

112. A primary boat longer than 20 m must not be used.

Subdivision 3—BRDs and TEDs

Requirement to use BRD

113.(1) This section applies to a net used under this part if it has a mesh size of less than 75 mm.

- (2) Until 31 December 1999, a BRD must be used with the net if it is—
 - (a) no longer than 88 m; and
 - (b) used from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m..

²¹ This provision had not commenced on or before the reprint date.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(3) From 1 January 2000 to 29 February 2000, a BRD must be used with the net if it is used in—

- (a) waters within 5 n miles out to sea from the mainland shore; or
- (b) other waters from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m..

(4) From 1 March 2000, a BRD must be used with the net.

(5) Subsection (2) and this subsection expire on 31 December 1999.

(6) Subsection (3) and this subsection expire on 29 February 2000.

Requirement to use TED

114. A TED must be used with a net, other than a try net, used under this part if—

- (a) it is no longer than 88 m; and
- (b) it is used in waters south of Point Lookout, within 6 n miles out to sea from the following line—
 - from a point on the shore at the State's border with New South Wales along the shore to the seaward tip of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
 - to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
 - along South Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to the island's north-eastern tip
 - to North Stradbroke Island's south-eastern tip
 - along North Stradbroke Island's eastern shore to Point Lookout.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

PART 4—‘T5’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 4

115. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T5’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T5’ fishery symbol written on it.

Area for ‘T5’ fishery symbol

116. The area for the ‘T5’ fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of the following—

- (a) the Brisbane River–Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area;
- (b) the Brisbane River mouth area–north;
- (c) the Brisbane River mouth area–south;
- (d) the Noosa River and lakes connected to the Noosa River;
- (e) the Laguna Bay area;
- (f) a river or creek south of Double Island Point.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

117.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using—

- (a) in the Laguna Bay area—otter trawl nets; or

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(b) in any other waters—beam trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

118.(1) In the following a beam trawl net used must be no longer than 5 m—

- (a) the Brisbane River–Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area;
- (b) the Brisbane River mouth area–north;
- (c) the Brisbane River mouth area–south;
- (d) the Noosa River and lakes connected to it;
- (e) a river or creek.

(2) A net used in the Laguna Bay area must be no longer than 18.6 m and have a head rope no longer than 8 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

119.(1) A net must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) A net, other than a net used in the Noosa River and lakes connected to it or in Laguna Bay, must have a cod end with a mesh size of at least 25 mm and no more than 100 rows of mesh.

Covering net

120.(1) The part of a net within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Use of more than 1 net

121.(1) More than 1 beam trawl net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than 5 m.

(2) More than 1 otter trawl net must not be used from the same boat unless—

- (a) the combined length of the nets is no longer than 18.6 m; and
- (b) the combined head rope length is no longer than 8 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

122. A primary boat longer than 9 m must not be used.

Subdivision 3—BRDs

Requirement to use BRD

123. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part.

PART 5—‘T6’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 5

124. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T6’ licence is subject; and

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a 'T6' fishery symbol written on it.

Area for 'T6' fishery symbol

125. The area for the 'T6' fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of the following—

- (a) the Great Sandy Strait area;
- (b) the Hervey Bay area;
- (c) rivers and creeks between Double Island Point and the northern bank of the Burrum River.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

126.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using beam trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

127.(1) A net used in the Great Sandy Strait area or a river or creek must be no longer than 5 m.

(2) A net used in the Hervey Bay area must be no longer than 10 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

128.(1) A net used in the Great Sandy Strait area or a river or creek must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) A net used in the Hervey Bay area must have a mesh size of at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

(3) A net, other than a net used in the Hervey Bay area, must have a cod end with a mesh size of at least 25 mm and no more than 100 rows of mesh.

Covering net

129.(1) The part of a net within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of—

- (a) if the net is used in the Great Sandy Strait area or a river or creek—at least 28 mm; or
- (b) if the net is used in the Hervey Bay area—at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of more than 1 net

130. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

- (a) if the nets are used in the Great Sandy Strait area or a river or creek—5 m; or
- (b) if the nets are used in the Hervey Bay area—10 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

131. A primary boat longer than 9 m must not be used.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Subdivision 3—BRDs

Requirement to use BRD

132. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part.

PART 6—‘T7’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 6

133. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T7’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T7’ fishery symbol written on it.

Area for ‘T7’ fishery symbol

134. The area for the ‘T7’ fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of rivers and creeks between the northern bank of the Burrum River and Richards Point (Rodds Peninsula).

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

135.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using beam trawl nets.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

136. A net must be no longer than 5 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

137.(1) A net must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) A net must have a cod end with a mesh size of at least 25 mm and no more than 100 rows of mesh.

Covering net

138.(1) The part of a net within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of more than 1 net

139. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than 5 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

140. A primary boat longer than 9 m must not be used.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Subdivision 3—BRDs

Requirement to use BRD

141. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part.

Division 3—Miscellaneous

Only named commercial fisher may use boat

142.(1) It is a condition of a ‘T7’ licence that the effect of any ‘T7’ fishery symbol written on the licence ends if—

- (a) a condition of the licence states that only a named commercial fisher may use the boat identified in the licence under the ‘T7’ fishery symbol to take or possess permitted fish; and
- (b) the holder of the licence or a person acting under the licence is convicted of an offence involving a contravention of the condition.²²

(2) If subsection (1) applies, it is also a condition of the licence that, if the licence is renewed, the Authority must not write the symbol on the licence.

Prohibition on transfer of ‘T7’ licences

143.(1) The Authority must not transfer a ‘T7’ licence that only has a ‘T7’ fishery symbol written on it.

(2) It is a condition of a licence that has a ‘T7’ fishery symbol and any other fishery symbol written on it that the licence may be transferred only if the Authority removes the ‘T7’ fishery symbol from the licence.

²² For the offences, see section 219 (Holder of authority responsible for ensuring Act complied with) of the Act and section 85 (Contravening a condition of an authority) of the regulation.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

PART 7—‘T8’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 7

144. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T8’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T8’ fishery symbol written on it.

Area for ‘T8’ fishery symbol

145. The area for the ‘T8’ fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of the following—

- (a) the Facing Island area;
- (b) the Keppel Bay area;
- (c) the Fitzroy River mouth area;
- (d) rivers and creeks between Richards Point (Rodds Peninsula) and Reef Point, south of Townshend Island.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

146.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using beam trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

147.(1) A net used in the Fitzroy River mouth area or a river or creek must be no longer than 5 m.

(2) A net used in the Facing Island area or the Keppel Bay area must be no longer than 10 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

148.(1) A net used in a river or creek must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) A net used in the Fitzroy River mouth area must have a mesh size of at least 31 mm.

(3) A net used in the Facing Island area or the Keppel Bay area must have a mesh size of at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

(4) A net used in a river or creek must have a cod end with a mesh size of at least 25 mm and no more than 100 rows of mesh.

Covering net

149.(1) The part of a net within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of—

- (a) if the net is used in a river or creek—at least 28 mm; or
- (b) if the net is used in the Fitzroy River mouth area—at least 31 mm; or
- (c) if the net is used in the Facing Island area or the Keppel Bay area—at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of more than 1 net

150. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (a) if the nets are used in the Fitzroy River mouth area or a river or creek—5 m; or
- (b) if the nets are used in the Facing Island area or the Keppel Bay area—10 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

151. A primary boat longer than 9 m must not be used.

Subdivision 3—BRDs

Requirement to use BRD

152. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part.

PART 8—‘T9’ LICENCES

Division 1—Preliminary

Purpose and application of pt 8

153. This part—

- (a) prescribes additional conditions to which a ‘T9’ licence is subject; and
- (b) applies to a person acting under a licence that has a ‘T9’ fishery symbol written on it.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Area for 'T9' fishery symbol

154. The area for the 'T9' fishery symbol consists of all tidal waters of the following—

- (a) the Llewellyn Bay area;
- (b) the Repulse Bay area;
- (c) the Sinclair Bay area;
- (d) the Cleveland Bay area;
- (e) rivers and creeks between Reef Point, south of Townshend Island, and the northern tip of Cape York Peninsula.

Division 2—Requirements for fishing

Subdivision 1—General

How permitted fish may be taken

155.(1) Permitted fish may be taken only by using beam trawl nets.

(2) A net must not be used unless the net and its use complies with this division.

Maximum net length

156.(1) A net used in a river or creek must be no longer than 5 m.

(2) A net used other than in a river or creek must be no longer than 10 m.

Minimum and maximum net mesh size

157.(1) A net used in a river or creek must have a mesh size of at least 28 mm.

(2) A net used other than in a river or creek must have a mesh size of at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(3) A net used in a river or creek must have a cod end with a mesh size of at least 25 mm and no more than 100 rows of mesh.

Covering net

158.(1) The part of a net within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring must not be covered with netting material, unless the material has a mesh size of—

- (a) if the net is used in a river or creek—at least 28 mm; or
- (b) if the net is used other than in a river or creek—at least 38 mm but no more than 60 mm.

(2) The bottom half of a net, other than within 100 rows of mesh from its drawstring, must not be completely covered.

Use of more than 1 net

159. More than 1 net must not be used from the same boat unless the combined length of the nets is no longer than—

- (a) if the nets are used in a river or creek—5 m; or
- (b) if the nets are used other than in a river or creek—10 m.

Subdivision 2—Use of primary boats

Maximum boat length

160. A primary boat longer than 9 m must not be used.

Subdivision 3—BRDs

Requirement to use BRD

161. A BRD must be used with a net used under this part.

CHAPTER 5—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PART 1—THRESHOLD PERCENTAGE FOR DECLARED FISHERIES RESOURCES

Purpose of pt 1

162. This part prescribes for the fishery the threshold percentage for declared fisheries resources under section 154²³ of the Act.

Saucer scallops

163. The threshold percentage for saucer scallops is as follows—

- (a) from 8 a.m. on 1 January to 8 a.m. on 1 May—7% of saucer scallops that are less than 9 cm;
- (b) from 8 a.m. on 1 May to 8 a.m. on 20 September—10% of saucer scallops that are less than 9.5 cm;
- (c) from midday on 20 September to midday on 1 November—nil;
- (d) from midday on 1 November to midday on 20 December—10% of saucer scallops that are less than 9.5 cm;
- (e) from midday on 20 December to midday on 1 January—nil.

Other declared fisheries resources

164. The threshold percentage for declared fisheries resources, other than saucer scallops, is 5%.

²³ Section 154 (Seizure of fisheries resources in heap etc.) of the Act. Under section 100 (Declared fisheries resources) of the regulation, fish of a species of regulated fish are “declared fisheries resources” for section 154(1) of the Act.

PART 2—REVIEW, AMENDMENT OR REPEAL OF PLAN

Division 1—Reviews

Review of permitted fish, other than principal fish

165. The Authority must, before 1 January 2002, review the fish regulated by number under section 25 to decide—

- (a) whether each species of permitted fish, other than principal fish, should also be regulated by number; and
- (b) if the Authority decides, under paragraph (a), a species should be regulated by number—the number.

General review

166.(1) The Authority must review this plan to decide whether its provisions remain appropriate.

(2) The review must start not before 5 years, but no more than 7 years, after the notification day.

Division 2—Consultation requirements for reviews

Consultation requirements

167.(1) In conducting a review under this part, the Authority must take reasonable steps to engage in consultation about this plan.

(2) When the review starts the Authority must give notice of the following—

- (a) that this plan is being reviewed;
- (b) that a plan review paper is available for comment;
- (c) where the paper can be obtained;

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (d) that a person may make written comments to the Authority on the paper;
- (e) the address to which the comments may be made;
- (f) the period (the “**comment period**”) during which any comments must be made to the Authority.

(3) The comment period must end at least 28 days after the notice is given.

(4) After considering any comments made in the comment period, the Authority must give notice of where the results of the review can be obtained.

(5) A notice under this section may be given only by publication in the gazette and a newspaper circulating generally throughout the State.

Division 3—Amendment or repeal

How plan may be amended

168.(1) The Authority may amend this plan only if—

- (a) it has conducted a review under this part and the result of the review included a proposal to make the amendment; or
- (b) the required process under subsection (2) for the amendment has been completed.

(2) For subsection (1)(b), the required process is—

- (a) if the amendment is to be made because the Authority is satisfied urgent action is needed to meet a significant threat to the fishery or because of another emergency—a media release by the Authority stating the effect of the proposed amendment; or
- (b) if the amendment is to make a change that is not a change of substance—gazettal and publication of a notice about the proposed amendment; or
- (c) for any other amendment—the notification and publication processes under section 13 of the regulation.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

(3) A notice under subsection (2)(b) must—

- (a) be published in a newspaper likely to be read by people particularly affected by the proposed amendment; and
- (b) state the proposed amendment or where a copy of it may be obtained or inspected.

(4) In this section—

“**amend**” includes repeal.

PART 3—OFFENCES AND SUSPENSION CRITERIA

Division 1—Additional offences under plan

Restrictions on possessing bugs

169. A person must not possess a bug on a commercial fishing boat if—

- (a) the bug’s carapace has been damaged or removed; or
- (b) the bug is female and eggs have been removed from it.²⁴

Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.

Restrictions on processing scallops on commercial fishing boat

170. A person (the “**processor**”) must not process a scallop on a commercial fishing boat unless—

- (a) the processing takes place in waters mentioned in schedule 5; and
- (b) the licence for the boat is a ‘T1’ licence; and
- (c) the person in control of the boat is a commercial fisher; and

²⁴ Possession of berried female bugs is also prohibited. See section 26 (Fish regulated by gender—sch 4, pt 2) and schedule 4, part 2 (Fish regulated by gender).

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (d) the processor is any of the following—
- (i) a commercial or assistant fisher;
 - (ii) the holder of the ‘T1’ licence;
 - (iii) acting under a crew licence;
 - (iv) the holder under the regulation of a class A buyer licence that applies to the boat and the waters.

Maximum penalty—300 penalty units.

Interfering with approved VMS seals

171.(1) A person must not interfere with an approved seal on VMS equipment installed under section 57(1) unless the person has a reasonable excuse for interfering with it.

Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.

(2) In this section—

“**interfere with**” includes damage, destroy, mark and remove.

Division 2—Prescribed serious fisheries offences

Serious fisheries offences

172. For the definition “serious fisheries offence” in section 4 of the Act, an offence constituted by any of the following is a serious fisheries offence²⁵—

- (a) contravening a closed waters declaration under chapter 2, part 1;²⁶
- (b) possessing a regulated fish in contravention of section 31;²⁷

²⁵ Section 108 (Serious fisheries offences) of the regulation, also prescribes offences under this plan as serious fisheries offences.

²⁶ See section 77 (Closed season and closed waters offences) of the Act.

²⁷ Section 31 (Fish taken from closed waters). See section 78 (Prohibited acts about regulated fish) of the Act.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (c) contravening the *Marine Parks Act 1982*;
- (d) trawling in a Great Barrier Reef Marine Park zone under the *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cwlth), other than under the zoning plan for the zone under that Act;
- (e) contravening section 182 of the Act;²⁸
- (f) contravening a condition of a licence imposed under chapter 3, part 5;²⁹
- (g) contravening section 171.

Division 3—Prescribed suspension criteria

Purpose and application of div 3

173.(1) This division prescribes criteria under section 67(2)(b)(i)³⁰ of the Act for suspending a commercial fisher licence or commercial fishing boat licence.

(2) The prescribed criteria apply only if—

- (a) the licence holder has been convicted (“**conviction**”) of a serious fisheries offence mentioned in section 172; and
- (b) the rehabilitation period in relation to the conviction under the *Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986* has expired or has not been revived.

Criteria for suspending commercial fisher licence

174. If the licence is a commercial fisher licence, the prescribed criteria are, for the holder’s—

- (a) first conviction—3 months to 6 months suspension; or

²⁸ Section 182 (Obstruction etc. of inspector) of the Act.

²⁹ Chapter 3, part 5 (VMS equipment and manual reporting conditions)

³⁰ Section 67 (Suspension or cancellation of authorities) of the Act

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

- (b) second conviction—1 to 2 years suspension; or
- (c) third or subsequent conviction—5 years suspension.

Criteria for suspending commercial fishing boat licence

175. If the licence is a commercial fishing boat licence, the prescribed criteria are, for the holder's—

- (a) second conviction—1 month to 3 months suspension; or
- (b) third conviction—1 to 2 years suspension; or
- (c) fourth or subsequent conviction—5 years suspension.

PART 4—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Existing licences and approvals

176.(1) This section applies if, immediately before the notification day—

- (a) a primary licence had a fishery symbol written on it; or
- (b) a person holds a written approval from the Authority for a fishery symbol to be written on a primary licence.

(2) On the notification day, the licence and the symbol or the approval continues in force under this plan.

'M1' fishery symbol applies to 'T1' licences until 31 December 2000

177.(1) Until 31 December 2000, a person may take permitted fish under a 'T1' licence as if the licence had an 'M1' fishery symbol written on it as well as the other fishery symbols written on it.

(2) The conditions under chapter 4, part 1 apply to the licence until 31 December 2000.

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

Expiry of pt 4

178. This part expires on 31 December 2000.

SCHEDULE 1

THE FISHERY

section 3(3) to (5)

PART 1—DESCRIPTION

Area

1. The fishery's area consists of tidal waters east of longitude 142°31.82' east.

Major species taken

2. The common names of the major trawl species taken in the fishery are as follows—

- (a) banana prawn;
- (b) barking crayfish;
- (c) bay prawn (greasy);
- (d) black tiger prawn;
- (e) blue endeavour prawn;
- (f) blue swimmer crab;
- (g) blueleg king prawn;
- (h) brown tiger prawn;
- (i) bug;
- (j) cuttlefish;
- (k) eastern king prawn;
- (l) false endeavour prawn;

SCHEDULE 1, part 1—Fishery description (continued)

- (m) grooved tiger prawn;
- (n) karuma prawn;
- (o) mantis shrimp;
- (p) octopus;
- (q) redspot king prawn;
- (r) saucer scallop;
- (s) squid;
- (t) school prawn;
- (u) three spot crab;
- (v) winter whiting.

Nature of fishery and required fishery symbols

3.(1) The fishery is a commercial fishery.³¹

(2) To take fish for trade or commerce in the fishery, a person must operate under a primary licence with at least 1 fishery symbol written on it.

(3) On 23 March 1999, the fishery symbol numbers were as follows—

- (a) ‘T1’ fishery symbols—775;
- (b) ‘T2’ fishery symbols—33;
- (c) ‘T3’ fishery symbols—1;
- (d) ‘T5’ fishery symbols—62;
- (e) ‘T6’ fishery symbols—16;
- (f) ‘T7’ fishery symbols—10;
- (g) ‘T8’ fishery symbols—34;

³¹ Certain provisions of the regulation apply to commercial fisheries under a management plan. See generally parts 7 (Authorities) and 8 (Fisheries offences) and schedule 17, definition “commercial fishery” of the regulation.

SCHEDULE 1, part 1—Fishery description (continued)

(h) ‘T9’ fishery symbols—41.

(4) A licence with a fishery symbol written on it may also have other symbols written on it that, under the regulation or another management plan, allow the boat to be used in other commercial fisheries.

Restrictions on apparatus and other controls

4.(1) Only beam trawl nets and otter trawl nets may be used to take fish for trade or commerce in the fishery.

(2) The types of net that may be used under each fishery symbol are as follows—

- (a) for a ‘T1’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets and otter trawl nets;
- (b) for a ‘T2’ fishery symbol—otter trawl nets;
- (c) for a ‘T3’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets;
- (d) for a ‘T5’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets and otter trawl nets;
- (e) for a ‘T6’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets;
- (f) for a ‘T7’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets;
- (g) for a ‘T8’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets;
- (h) for a ‘T9’ fishery symbol—beam trawl nets.

(3) To control fishing effort, limits on the maximum amount of net that may be used have been placed on commercial fishers.

(4) To address the potential unwanted capture of small or large organisms the following restrictions apply—

- (a) minimum and maximum mesh sizes for nets used in the fishery;
- (b) ways in which nets must be used.

(5) General controls including, for example, minimum fish sizes, apply to the taking of fish for trade or commerce in the fishery.

SCHEDULE 1, part 1—Fishery description (continued)

Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders

5.(1) Traditional fishing for fish taken in the fishery is undertaken by Aborigines.³²

(2) Aboriginal fishers take fish using nets, lines and, in some cases, stone traps.

(3) It is not known whether customary fishing for fish in the fishery is undertaken by Torres Strait Islanders.

PART 2—KNOWN STATUS

General

6.(1) The fishery is Queensland's largest commercial fishery, based on the number of participants and the amount and value of fish taken.

(2) The annual catch of fish for trade or commerce in the fishery is about 12 500 t.

Logbook program

7.(1) Information from the Authority's commercial logbook program is the primary basis for working out the fishery's current status.

(2) The program records—

(a) actual, but not potential, fishing effort; and

(b) the location of fishing effort.

(3) The program aids the estimation of—

³² For the right of Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders to take fisheries resources, see section 14 (Aborigines' and Torres Strait Islanders' rights to take fisheries resources etc.) of the Act.

SCHEDULE 1, part 2—Known status (continued)

- (a) fluctuations in catch over seasons and between locations; and
- (b) changes in CPUE.

Markets

8.(1) Most of the fish species taken in the fishery by the use of trawl nets are for export.

(2) Some fish species taken in the fishery by the use of trawl nets are sold on the domestic market.

Aborigines' and Torres Strait Islanders' fishery

9. The Authority does not have reliable information about the taking or use of fish species in the fishery by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Island fishers for tradition or custom.

Catch levels—tables 1–3

10. The tables at the end of this part state the total of following data reported to the Authority under its logbook program from trawlers fishing in the fishery from 1994 to 1997, for all species and certain stated species—

- (a) in table 1—the total catch in tonnes;
- (b) in table 2—the total number of days worked from trawlers;
- (c) in table 3—the total number of holders of a licence with a fishery symbol written on it who fished in the fishery.

SCHEDULE 1, part 2—Known status (continued)

TABLE 1

TOTAL CATCH (t)

schedule 1, section 10(a)

Species	1994	1995	1996	1997
All fish	11 694	13 658	13 247	11 848
Prawns (all species)	6 669	8 282	9 281	7 703
Banana Prawn	565	352	713	822
Endeavour Prawn	1 457	1 557	1 542	1 357
King Prawn	2 224	3 034	3 401	2 734
Tiger Prawn	1 835	2 527	2 685	1 999
Scallops	1 187	1 542	592	987
Bugs	604	728	664	752
Winter Whiting	61	62	68	70
Blue Swimmer Crab	275	327	230	273

SCHEDULE 1, part 2—Known status (continued)
TABLES (continued)

TABLE 2

**TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED FROM
TRAWLERS**

schedule 1, section 10(b)

Species	1994	1995	1996	1997
All fish	96 046	102 632	109 879	115 015
Prawns (all species)	84 136	82 151	97 772	97 820
Banana Prawn	8 489	5 729	9 476	11 724
Endeavour Prawn	35 544	31 490	36 024	37 584
King Prawn	40 631	44 941	55 148	52 610
Tiger Prawn	44 386	41 061	46 240	45 143
Scallops	14 657	21 900	14 395	22 445
Bugs	36 775	41 468	43 811	48 572
Winter Whiting	3 812	3 560	4 062	4 851
Blue Swimmer Crab	15 504	18 502	17 699	20 373

*Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management
Plan 1999*

SCHEDULE 1, part 2—Known status (continued)
TABLES (continued)

TABLE 3

LICENCE HOLDERS WHO FISHED

schedule 1, section 10(c)

Species	1994	1995	1996	1997
All fish	896	868	898	909
Prawns (all species)	876	836	888	896
Banana Prawn	438	316	456	445
Endeavour Prawn	551	517	560	562
King Prawn	670	665	732	717
Tiger Prawn	616	588	637	629
Scallops	345	379	349	391
Bugs	577	591	639	653
Winter Whiting	155	151	155	145
Blue Swimmer Crab	400	466	463	478

SCHEDULE 2

HOW THE OBJECTIVES ARE TO BE ACHIEVED

section 5

PART 1—MANAGING THE FISHERY IN A WAY THAT GIVES OPTIMAL, BUT SUSTAINABLE, COMMUNITY BENEFIT

Definition for pt 1

1. In this part—

“**objective**” means the objective of managing the fishery in a way that gives optimal, but sustainable, community benefit.

How objective is to be achieved

2. The objective is to be achieved by providing fair fishing opportunities for commercial and recreational fishers and Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders.

How achievement is to be measured

3. Achievement of the objective may be measured only by—

- (a) surveys, accepted by the Authority, of fishing for fisheries resources taken in the fishery by commercial and recreational fishers and Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders; and
- (b) commercial fishing catch and effort data for the fishery received by the Authority.

SCHEDULE 2, part 1—Managing the fishery (continued)

Review events

4. The review events for the achievement of the objective are—
- (a) a survey mentioned in section 3(a) shows a significant decline in the catch of principal fish; or
 - (b) data mentioned in section 3(b) shows a significant decline in the commercial catch of principal fish.

**PART 2—ENSURING FISHERIES RESOURCES
TAKEN IN THE FISHERY ARE TAKEN IN AN
ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE WAY**

Definition for pt 2

5. In this part—

“**objective**” means the objective of ensuring fisheries resources taken in the fishery are taken in an ecologically sustainable way.

How objective is to be achieved

6. The objective is to be achieved by—
- (a) the closed waters declarations under this plan; and
 - (b) the regulated fish declarations under this plan; and
 - (c) limiting, under chapters 3 and 4, the commercial fishing apparatus that may be used under this plan.

How achievement is to be measured

7. Achievement of the objective may be measured only by—
- (a) the level of compliance with this plan; and

SCHEDULE 2, part 2—Ensuring fisheries resources taken in ecologically sustainable way (continued)

- (b) catch and effort data received by the Authority for principal fish; and
- (c) the abundance of principal fish.

Review events

8. Each of the following is a review event for the achievement of the objective—

- (a) CPUE for the following principal fish in the following periods is less than 70% of the average CPUE for principal fish from 1988 to 1997—
 - (i) for bay prawns (greasy prawns)—1 November to the end of February;
 - (ii) for eastern king prawns—1 November to the end of February and 1 May to 31 August;
 - (iii) for bugs—1 November to the end of February or 1 May to 31 October;
 - (iv) for red spot king prawns—1 June to 30 September;
 - (v) for saucer scallops—1 November to the end of February;
 - (vi) for tiger prawns—1 March to 30 June and 1 September to 31 December;
- (b) the Authority accepts a study of catch and effort data that shows a significant decline in a principal fish species;
- (c) the Authority accepts a scientific study that shows a significant decline in the abundance of a principal fish species;
- (d) more than 5% of boats in the fishery in 2000 or a subsequent year are used to commit of an offence under this plan.

SCHEDULE 2—How the objectives are to be achieved (continued)

PART 3—ENSURING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF THE FISHERY’S ECOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

Definition for pt 3

9. In this part—

“**objective**” means the objective of ensuring the sustainability of the fishery’s ecological systems.

How objective is to be achieved

10. The objective is to be achieved by—

- (a) the closed waters declarations under this plan; and
- (b) limiting, under chapters 3 and 4, the commercial fishing apparatus that may be used under this plan; and
- (c) the requirements under this plan for using a BRD or TED.

How achievement is to be measured

11. Achievement of the objective may be measured only by surveys or studies, accepted by the Authority, of commercial fishing for principal fish by the use of trawl nets in the fishery.

Review events

12.(1) Each of the following is a review event for the achievement of the objective—

- (a) a scientific study, showing levels accepted by the Authority, shows the amount for any of the following is not, by 1 January 2005, reduced by the following percentage compared with an amount reported in a scientific study showing the levels before the notification day—
 - (i) benthos—25%;

SCHEDULE 2, part 3—Ensuring the sustainability of ecological systems
(continued)

- (ii) the amount of permitted fish taken other than principal fish—40%;
- (b) more than 5% of boats in the fishery in 2000 or a subsequent year are used to commit an offence under this plan;
- (c) turtle capture or mortality for any of the following species is in any year more than 5% of the average level of turtle capture or mortality for the species in the Robins report—
 - (i) flatback turtle;
 - (ii) green turtle;
 - (iii) hawksbill turtle;
 - (iv) leatherback turtle;
 - (v) loggerhead turtle;
 - (vi) olive ridley turtle;
- (d) the Authority receives a logbook return for the fishery that shows trawling has happened in an area represented on a grid stated in the logbook where trawling has not previously been recorded in a logbook return.

(2) In this section—

“Robins report” means Robins, J.B. 1995, ‘Estimated catch and mortality of sea turtles from the East Coast Otter Trawl Fishery of Queensland, Australia’, *Biological Conservation*, vol 74, pp 157–67.³³

³³ The Robins report can be inspected at the Authority’s library at level 6, 40 Tank Street, Brisbane.

SCHEDULE 2—How the objectives are to be achieved (continued)

**PART 4—PROVIDING AN ECONOMICALLY
VIABLE, BUT ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE,
TRAWL FISHERY**

Definition for pt 4

13. In this part—

“**objective**” means the objective of providing an economically viable, but ecologically sustainable, trawl fishery.

How objective is to be achieved

14. The objective is to be achieved by—

- (a) providing commercial fishers with fair access to permitted fish in the fishery; and
- (b) minimising restrictions, on a sustainable basis, on trawling.

How achievement is to be measured

15. Achievement of the objective may be measured only by data, accepted by the Authority, from economic studies of fishing in the fishery.

Review events

16. The review events for the achievement of the objective is the Authority’s acceptance of an economic study of the fishery that shows a significant decline in the fishery’s economic efficiency.

SCHEDULE 2—How the objectives are to be achieved (continued)

PART 5—ENSURING FAIR ACCESS TO FISHERIES RESOURCES ON A SUSTAINABLE BASIS

Definition for pt 5

17. In this part—

“objective” means the objective of ensuring fair access to fisheries resources taken in the fishery, on a sustainable basis, among the following groups and persons in the groups—

- (a) commercial fishers;
- (b) recreational fishers;
- (c) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander fishers;
- (d) other users of the fisheries resources.

How objective is to be achieved

18. The objective is to be achieved by regulating commercial fishers to ensure fair access to and use of fisheries resources taken in the fishery by persons other than commercial fishers.

How achievement is to be measured

19. Achievement of the objective may be measured only by—

- (a) surveys, accepted by the Authority, of fishing for fisheries resources taken in the fishery by commercial and recreational fishers and Aborigines and Torres Strait Islanders; and
- (b) commercial fishing catch and effort data for the fishery received by the Authority.

Review events

20. It is a review event for the achievement of the objective if—

SCHEDULE 2, part 5—Ensuring fair access on a sustainable basis
(continued)

- (a) a survey mentioned in section 19(a) shows a significant decline in the catch of principal fish; or
- (b) data mentioned in section 19(b) shows a significant decline in the commercial catch of principal fish.

SCHEDULE 3

SPECIFIC CLOSED WATERS

sections 11, 12, 14 and 17

PART 1—ANNUAL SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN CLOSURES

Division 1—Southern closure area

Southern closure area

1. Waters within the following boundary, other than waters in Moreton Bay and the Fisherman Islands area—

- from a point on the shore at the State's border with New South Wales at high water mark along the shore to latitude 22° south
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 152°46.80' east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east
- to the western tip of Hixson Cay at the southern end of Swain Reefs
- to the western tip of Herald No. 1 in the Swain Reefs
- to the light on North Reef
- to the light on Lady Musgrave Island
- to the light on Lady Elliot Island
- to the Breaksea Spit light, off the northern tip of Fraser Island
- to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 153°20' east
- to latitude 25° south, longitude 153°35' east
- to latitude 26°10' south, longitude 153°50' east

**SCHEDULE 3, part 1—Annual southern and northern closure areas
(continued)**

- to latitude 26°20' south, longitude 153°40.70' east
- to latitude 26°30' south, longitude 153°34' east
- to latitude 26°41' south, longitude 153°31' east
- to latitude 27°02' south, longitude 153°31.20' east
- to latitude 27°26' south, longitude 153°39' east
- to latitude 28°03.58' south, longitude 153°47' east
- to a point on the shore at the State's border with New South Wales at high water mark.

Division 2—Northern closure areas**Swain Reefs and Hydrographers Passage****2. Waters within the following boundary—**

- from latitude 22° south, longitude 150°45' east to latitude 21°30.50' south, longitude 150°19' east
- to latitude 20°46.80' south, longitude 149°39.50' east
- to latitude 20°14.20' south, longitude 149°12' east
- to latitude 19°40' south, longitude 149°29.60' east
- to latitude 19°39.64' south, longitude 150°35' east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 151°30' east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 152°46.80' east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 150°45' east.

SCHEDULE 3, part 1—Annual southern and northern closure areas
(continued)

Major northern closure area

3. Waters within the following boundary—

- from the intersection of latitude 22° south with the mainland shore at high water mark along the shore to the northern tip of Cape York
- to latitude 10°41.17' south, longitude 144° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 144° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east
- to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east
- to latitude 17°30' south, longitude 147° east
- to latitude 19°39.64' south, longitude 150°35' east
- to latitude 19°40' south, longitude 149°29.60' east
- to latitude 20°14.20' south, longitude 149°12' east
- to latitude 20°46.80' south, longitude 149°39.50' east
- to latitude 21°30.50' south, longitude 150°19' east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 150°45' east
- along latitude 22° south to its intersection with the mainland shore at high water mark.

PART 2—SCALLOP REPLENISHMENT AREAS

Hervey Bay region

4. Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 24°30' south, longitude 152°45' east
- to latitude 24°40' south, longitude 152°45' east

SCHEDULE 3, part 2—Scallop replenishment areas (continued)

- to latitude 24°40' south, longitude 152°55' east
- to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 152°55' east
- to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 152°45' east.

Bustard Head region**5. Waters within the following boundary—**

- from latitude 23°45' south, longitude 151°45' east
- to latitude 23°55' south, longitude 151°45' east
- to latitude 24° south, longitude 151°55' east
- to latitude 23°45' south, longitude 151°55' east
- to latitude 23°45' south, longitude 151°45' east.

Yeppoon region**6. Waters within the following boundary—**

- from latitude 22°35' south, longitude 150°55' east
- to latitude 22°45' south, longitude 151°03' east
- to latitude 22°45' south, longitude 151°13' east
- to latitude 22°35' south, longitude 151°05' east
- to latitude 22°35' south, longitude 150°55' east.

PART 3—OTHER SPECIFIC CLOSURES**Lakes and lagoons south of Endeavour River and east of longitude
142°31.82' east**

- 7.(1)** Waters of all lakes and lagoons south of the northern bank of the

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Endeavour River and east of longitude 142°31.82' east.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 October to 31 March.

Near the New South Wales border to Point Lookout on North Stradbroke Island

8.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 28°10' south on the territorial sea baseline, along the territorial sea baseline to Point Lookout, North Stradbroke Island
- to latitude 27°26.20' south, longitude 153°34.60' east
- to latitude 27°30' south, longitude 153°32.60' east
- to latitude 27°33.80' south, longitude 153°31.20' east
- to latitude 27°36.40' south, longitude 153°30.40' east
- to latitude 27°43.60' south, longitude 153°29.20' east
- to latitude 27°48.20' south, longitude 153°28.20' east
- to latitude 27°53' south, longitude 153°27.60' east
- to latitude 27°55.20' south, longitude 153°27.40' east
- to latitude 27°56.40' south, longitude 153°27.80' east
- to latitude 28° south, longitude 153°27.80' east
- to latitude 28°04.40' south, longitude 153°29' east
- to latitude 28°06' south, longitude 153°30' east
- to latitude 28°06.60' south, longitude 153°30.40' east
- to latitude 28°06.80' south, longitude 153°30.80' east
- to latitude 28°08.20' south, longitude 153°31.80' east
- to latitude 28°08.20' south, longitude 153°33.40' east
- to latitude 28°08.60' south, longitude 153°34' east
- to latitude 28°09.20' south, longitude 153°34.80' east

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to latitude 28°10' south on the Territorial Sea Baseline.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 October to 31 March.

Currumbin Beach

9. Foreshore waters and waters within 400 m out to sea from the shore at low water, between the northern tip of Elephant Rock and the shore's intersection with the shortest line from the northern tip of Currumbin Rock to the shore.

Currumbin Creek

10. Waters of Currumbin Creek and waterways joining it.

Tallebudgera Creek

11. Waters of Tallebudgera Creek and waterways joining it.

Tallebudgera Creek to Burleigh

12.(1) Foreshore waters and waters within 400 m out to sea from the shore at low water, between the southern bank of Tallebudgera Creek and a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of First Avenue, Burleigh Heads.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 September to 30 April.

Southern part of the Broadwater and the Nerang River

13. Waters of—

- (a) the Nerang River and waterways joining it; and
- (b) the part of The Broadwater upstream of a line between—
 - (i) a point on the shore of The Broadwater in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport; and

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- (ii) an F↑B sign on the shore of The Spit near the floating helipad near Seaworld.

Gold Coast Seaway

14. Waters of the Gold Coast Seaway within the following boundary—

- from an F↑B sign west of the Seaway Tower on the northern shore of The Spit to an F↑B sign on South Stradbroke Island west of the island's southern tip
- along the island's southern shore to the seaward end of the Seaway's northern breakwater wall
- to the seaward end of the Seaway's southern breakwater wall at Nerang Head on The Spit
- along The Spit's northern shore to the F↑B sign west of the Seaway Tower on The Spit's northern shore.

Broadwater—central part

15.(1) Waters of The Broadwater within the following boundary—

- from an F↑B sign on the opposite side of The Broadwater's western navigation channel from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport, along the eastern edge of the channel to the flashing green beacon nearest to the northern tip of Carters Bank
- to the southern tip of Crab Island
- to an F↑B sign on South Stradbroke Island westerly of the island's southern tip
- to an F↑B sign westerly of the Seaway Tower on The Spit's northern shore
- along The Spit's shore by the shortest route to an F↑B sign near the floating helipad near Seaworld

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to the F↑B sign on the opposite side of The Broadwater's western navigation channel from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport.
- (2) The waters are closed from 1 August to the end of February.
- (3) However, from 1 September to 30 November the waters are not closed from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. on Sunday to Friday.

Broadwater—western part

16. Waters of The Broadwater within the following boundary—

- from a point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport, along the shore to an F↑B sign near the southern bank of the southern branch of the Coomera River
- towards the north-western tip of the northernmost island of the Sovereign Islands for 140 m
- along a line parallel to, and 140 m from, Sovereign Island's western shore, to a line from an F↑B sign at the corner of the Esplanade and Nankeen Avenue, Paradise Point to the northern tip of Ephraim Island
- to the northern tip of Ephraim Island
- to the southern tip of Ephraim Island
- to the northern tip of Crab Island
- to the southern tip of Crab Island
- to the flashing green beacon marking the eastern edge of the western navigation channel, nearest to Carters Bank
- along the channel's eastern edge to an F↑B sign in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport
- to the point on the shore in line with the northern edge of Stevens Street, Southport.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Coomabah Lake and Coombabah Creek

17. Waters of Coombabah Lake, and tidal waters of Coombabah Creek upstream from the lake.

Coomabah Creek, Oyster Lake and Saltwater Creek

18. Waters of Saltwater Creek and Coombabah Creek (including Oyster Lake), downstream from Coombabah Lake.

Coomera River

19. Waters of the southern branch of the Coomera River downstream of F[↑]B signs on opposite sides of the southern branch at its junction with the river's northern branch.

Swan Bay, North Stradbroke Island

20. Waters of Swan Bay, and tidal waters of the unnamed creek joining the bay's northern end.

Moreton Bay

21. Waters of Moreton Bay outside the following boundary—

- from the intersection of the shore of Bribie Island by a line from the water tower at Bongaree to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River
- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon No. 1 at the entrance to the Scarborough Boat harbour
- to the North Reef flashing green light beacon
- to the Garnet Rock flashing green light beacon off Margate
- to the Otter Rock flashing green light beacon off Woody Point

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to the seaward end of the Woody Point Jetty
- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the banks of Cabbage Tree Creek
- to the West Coffee Pot flashing green light beacon near the banks of the Brisbane River, marking the main shipping channel
- to the channel's No. 1 Entrance West flashing white and red light beacon
- to the channel's No. 2 Entrance East flashing yellow light beacon
- to the East Coffee Pot flashing red light beacon
- to the channel's east inner bar flashing red light beacon
- to the red beacon northerly of St. Helena Island
- to the south cardinal light beacon south-east of St. Helena Island
- to the red light beacon north-east of Green Island
- to the A S Huybers flashing red light beacon off King Island, near Wellington Point
- to the flashing green light beacon off the western tip of Peel Island
- to the west cardinal light beacon off the northern tip of the bank commonly known as Banana Bank
- to the green light beacon on the south-western side of the Pelican Banks
- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon at the southern tip of the Pelican Banks
- to the flashing red light beacon on the eastern side of the Pelican Banks
- northerly about 0.6 n mile to the flashing green light beacon off the western shore of North Stradbroke Island
- northerly about 2 n miles to the flashing green light beacon off Wallen Wallen

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon at the southern tip of Goat Island
- to the southern end of Harold Walker Jetty, Dunwich, North Stradbroke Island
- along the southern side of Harold Walker Jetty to North Stradbroke Island's western shore
- along North Stradbroke Island's western shore to the jetty at One Mile Anchorage
- along the southern side of the jetty at One Mile Anchorage to the western end of the jetty
- to the south cardinal light beacon known as Douglas Light
- to the flashing green light beacon (every 6 seconds) off Maroom Bank
- to the isolated danger beacon on Hope Banks
- to the flashing green light beacon north of Chain Banks
- to the northernmost red lateral beacon at the entrance to Rous Channel
- to the northernmost green lateral beacon at the entrance to Fraser's Gutter
- to latitude 27°16' south, longitude 153°23' east
- east along latitude 27°16' to the intersection with Moreton Island's western shore
- along Moreton Island's western shore to Comboyuro Point
- to Skirmish Point, Bribie Island
- along Bribie Island's eastern, southern and western shores to the intersection of Bribie Island's western shore with a line from the water tower at Bongaree to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Moreton Bay, including The Broadwater

22.(1) Waters of the following and waterways joining them—

- (a) Moreton Bay;
- (b) the Fisherman Islands area.

(2) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

Dunwich

23.(1) North Stradbroke Island foreshore waters between F↑B signs about 800 m either side of the Harold Walker Jetty at Dunwich.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 August to 30 April.

Southern Moreton Bay area

24.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from the A S Huybers flashing red light beacon off King Island, near Wellington Point, to the flashing green light beacon off the western tip of Peel Island
- to the west cardinal light beacon off the northern tip of the bank commonly known as Banana Bank
- to the green light beacon on the south-western side of the Pelican Banks
- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon at the southern tip of the Pelican Banks
- to the flashing red light beacon on the eastern side of the Pelican Banks
- northerly about 0.6 n mile to the flashing green light beacon off the western shore of North Stradbroke Island
- northerly about 2 n miles to the flashing green light beacon off Wallen Wallen

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon at the southern tip of Goat Island
- to the southern end of Harold Walker Jetty, Dunwich, North Stradbroke Island
- along the southern side of Harold Walker Jetty to North Stradbroke Island's western shore
- along North Stradbroke Island's western shore to the jetty at One Mile Anchorage
- along the southern side of the jetty at One Mile Anchorage to the western end of the jetty
- to the south cardinal light beacon known as Douglas Light
- to the flashing green light beacon (every six seconds) off Maroom Bank
- to the isolated danger beacon on Hope Banks
- to the A S Huybers flashing red light beacon off King Island, near Wellington Point.

(2) The waters are closed from midnight on 30 June to midnight on 30 September each year.

Amity Bight and the South Passage

25.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from an F[↑]B sign at Rocky Point on North Stradbroke Island's northern shore, along the shore to Amity Point
- to Reeders Point, Moreton Island
- along Moreton Island's eastern shore to latitude 27°17.50'
- to latitude 27°17.50' south, longitude 153°27.42' east, about 2 n miles east of Sovereign Beach
- to the northern tip of Shag Rock off North Stradbroke Island
- to the F[↑]B sign at Rocky Point, North Stradbroke Island.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

(2) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m from 1 October to 31 December.

Manly Boat Harbour

26. Waters of the Manly Boat Harbour and its foreshores, up to a line between the seaward ends of the harbour's breakwaters.

Wynnum and Manly

27. Foreshore waters between the northern breakwater of Manly Boat Harbour and the southern bank of Wynnum Creek.

Boggy Creek, Pinkenba

28.(1) Waters of Boggy Creek upstream of a line—

- from Luggage Point to the oil tanker berth
- along the oil pipeline viaduct to the start of the viaduct on Bulwer Island.

(2) The waters are closed from midday on 1 November to midday on 30 April.

Brisbane River mouth area

29.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 27°19.8' south, longitude 153°08.85' east to latitude 27°18.5' south, longitude 153°08.85' east
- to latitude 27°18.50' south, longitude 153°11.10' east
- to latitude 27°20.05' south, longitude 153°11.10' east
- to latitude 27°19.80' south, longitude 153°08.85' east.

(2) The waters are closed from midnight on 30 June to midnight on 30 September each year.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Brisbane Airport floodway channel to the Pine River

30. The following waters—

- (a) waterways flowing into Moreton Bay between the southern bank of the Brisbane Airport floodway channel and the southern tip of the Houghton Highway;
- (b) waterways joining the waterways described in paragraph (a);
- (c) Moreton Bay foreshore waters between the southern bank of the Brisbane Airport floodway channel and the southern tip of the Houghton Highway;
- (d) Jacksons Creek, which joins the floodway channel near the channel's banks.

Sandgate Pier

31. Waters of Bramble Bay under, and within 200 m of, the Sandgate Pier.

South Pine River and North Pine River

32. The following waters—

- (a) the South Pine River upstream of F[↑]B signs on opposite sides of the river, about 1.5 km upstream from its junction with the North Pine River, at a place commonly known as Stones Corner;
- (b) the North Pine River upstream of F[↑]B signs on opposite sides of the river about 2.5 km upstream from the northbound bridge across the river near the start of the Bruce Highway.

Northern section of Moreton Bay

33.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from the intersection of the shore of Bribie Island by a line from the water tower at Bongaree to the special mark flashing yellow

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River

- to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon No. 1 at the entrance to the Scarborough Boat harbour
- to latitude 27°11.05' south, longitude 153°06.70' east, north of Castlereagh Point
- to latitude 27°09.30' south, longitude 153°06.70' east
- to latitude 27°09.30' south, longitude 153°11.40' east
- to the flashing red beacon (M8) off Four Fathom bank
- to the flashing red beacon (MB2) off Middle Bank
- to the east cardinal beacon (M7) west of Cowan Cowan Point on Moreton Island
- to the flashing yellow beacon (M5) west of Cowan Cowan township on Moreton Island
- to the flashing red beacon (M4) off Yule Bank
- to the flashing red beacon (M2) off Salamander Bank
- to the flashing yellow beacon (S1) in Spitfire Channel
- to the west cardinal beacon (NW12) in Spitfire Channel
- the southernmost flashing red beacon (NW10) in North-West Channel
- to Bribie Island's eastern shore where it intersects latitude 27°01.80' south
- along Bribie Island's eastern, southern and western shores to the intersection of Bribie Island's western shore with a line from the water tower at Bongaree to the special mark flashing yellow light beacon off the mouth of the Caboolture River.

(2) The waters are closed from midnight on 30 June to midnight on 30 September.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Pumicestone Strait

34. Waters within the following boundary and waterways that join the waters—

- from the F↑B sign at the southern tip of the sand spit between Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach, Caloundra to the F↑B sign at the northern tip of Bribie Island
- along Bribie Island's western shore to the F↑B sign at the southern end of South Esplanade, Bongaree, Bribie Island
- to the F↑B sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point
- along the shore to the F↑B sign at the southern tip of the sand spit between Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach, Caloundra.

Bribie Island's eastern shore and the sand spit at Kings Beach

35. The following waters—

- (a) eastern foreshore waters of Bribie Island between an F↑B sign at latitude 26°50.10' south on the island's shore and an F↑B sign at the island's northern tip;
- (b) foreshore waters at Caloundra between the groyne at the southern end of Kings Beach and the western tip of Bulcock Beach.

Caloundra Head

36.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from the intersection of latitude 26°45' south with the mainland shore, north of Caloundra head, along latitude 26°45' south to longitude 153°12.50' east
- along longitude 153°12.50' east to latitude 26°52' south
- along latitude 26°52' south to the mainland shore (western shore of Pumicestone Strait)
- along the mainland shore to latitude 26°45' south.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

(2) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. from 1 October to 31 December.

Caloundra—Kings Beach to Shelly Beach

37.(1) Foreshore waters and waters within 400 m out to sea from the shore at low water, between the following lines—

- (a) a line running south-east from the southern end of the sand spit between Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach, Caloundra;
- (b) a line running east-north-east out to sea from an F↑B sign at the southern end of Shelly Beach, Caloundra.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 January to the end of February and from 1 August to 31 December.

Currimundi Lake and Currimundi Creek near Caloundra

38. Waters of Currimundi Lake, Currimundi Creek, and waterways joining the lake and creek.

Warana Beach at Kawana Waters

39. Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 26°43.904' south, longitude 153°8.035' east, to latitude 26°43.911' south, longitude 153°8.673' east
- to latitude 26°44.019' south, longitude 153°8.672' east
- to latitude 26°44.012' south, longitude 153°8.033' east
- to latitude 26°43.904' south, longitude 153°8.035' east.

Mooloolah River

40. Waters of the Mooloolah River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between the seaward ends of the breakwaters at its banks.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

South Maroochy River and the North Maroochy River

41. Waters of the Maroochy River upstream of the junction between its northern and southern branches.

Maroochy River and ocean foreshores

42. The following waters—

- (a) the Maroochy River and waterways joining it, downstream of a line between an F↑B sign on the river's southern side near the public boat ramp at the place commonly known as the Cod Hole and an F↑B sign on the opposite side of the river;
- (b) ocean foreshore waters for 400 m (measured along the shore) from each bank of the Maroochy River;
- (c) waters within 400 m out to sea from the part of the shore described in paragraph (b) at low water.

Lakes Doonella and Weyba

43. Waters of Lakes Doonella and Weyba.

Noosa River and Lakes Cooroibah and Cootharaba

44.(1) Waters of the Noosa River and Lakes Cooroibah and Cootharaba.

(2) The waters are closed from 7 p.m. to 6 a.m. each day.

Noosa River and Noosa's main beach

45. The following waters—

- (a) from where latitude 26°16' south intersects the shore (near Teewah) to the eastern tip of Noosa Head;
- (b) along the shore towards Noosa River to an F↑B sign at Boiling Pot;

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- (c) to the eastern tip of the rock wall on the southern bank of the Noosa River;
- (d) to an F[↑]B sign on the shore 400 m north of the northern bank of the Noosa River;
- (e) north along the shore to where latitude 26° 16' south intersects the shore (near Teewah).

Weyba Creek

46. Waters of Weyba Creek and waterways joining it, downstream of Lake Weyba.

Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, the upper Noosa River and Lake Cootharaba

47. Waters of Lake Como, Kin Kin Creek, the Noosa River and the part of Lake Cootharaba north of the following line—

- from an F[↑]B sign on Lake Cootharaba's north-western shore to an F[↑]B sign on the southern tip of the peninsula on the eastern side of Shark Bay, which is part of the lake
- to an F[↑]B sign at the southern tip of Kinaba Island
- to an F[↑]B sign on Lake Cootharaba's eastern shore.

Noosa River—ocean foreshore north of its northern bank

48.(1) Foreshore waters for 400 m (measured along the shore) north of the northern bank of the Noosa River and waters within 400 m out to sea from that part of the shore at low water.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 May to 31 August.

Waterways south of Double Island Point

49.(1) Waters of waterways south of Double Island Point and waterways

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

joining them.

- (2) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

Rainbow Beach

50. Waters of Wide Bay foreshore waters and waters within 400 m from the shore at low water, between F↑B signs about 3 km south, and 1 km north, of Eight Mile Rocks at Rainbow Beach.

Wide Bay Bar

51. Waters within the following boundary—

- from an F↑B sign at Inskip Point near the flashing white navigation lead on the shore, west for about 1.3 km to an F↑B sign
- to an F↑B sign on the southern shore of Fraser Island about 3 km west of Hook Point
- to an F↑B sign at Hook Point near the south-eastern tip of Fraser Island
- to the F↑B sign at Inskip Point near the flashing white navigation lead.

Hook Point to Taleerba Creek, Fraser Island

52. Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25°47.10' south, longitude 153°04.80' east, north along Fraser Island's eastern shore to latitude 25°37.10' south, longitude 153°05.30' east
- to latitude 25°37.30' south, longitude 153°06.90' east
- to latitude 25°47.80' south, longitude 153°07.20' east
- to latitude 25°47.10' south, longitude 153°04.80' east.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Taleerba Creek to Indian Head, Fraser Island

53.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25°37.10' south, longitude 153°05.30' east, north along Fraser Islands eastern shore to latitude 25°00.60' south, longitude 153°21.50' east
- to latitude 25°00.80' south, longitude 153°22.60' east
- to latitude 25°29.48' south, longitude 153°09.32' east
- to latitude 25°37.30' south, longitude 153°06.90' east
- to latitude 25°37.10' south, longitude 153°05.30' east.

(2) The waters are closed from midday on 1 August to midday on 1 April.

Fraser Island—Indian Head to Waddy Point

54.(1) Eastern foreshore waters of Fraser Island and waters within 400 m out to sea from the eastern shore at low water, between 400 m north of Waddy Point and 400 m south of Indian Head.

(2) The waters are closed from midday on 1 September to midday on 30 September.

Fraser Island—Hook point to northern tip

55.(1) Fraser Island's eastern foreshore waters and waters within 200 m out to sea from the shore at low water, between an F↑B sign at Hook Point and the northern tip of Fraser Island.

(2) The waters are closed from midday on 1 September to midday on 1 April.

Snapper Creek near Tin Can Bay

56. Waters of Snapper Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Great Sandy Strait

57.(1) Waters of Great Sandy Strait, Tin Can Inlet and waterways joining the strait and inlet, between the following lines—

- (a) a line from the eastern tip of Point Vernon to Sandy Point, Fraser Island;
- (b) a line between F[↑]B signs at Inskip Point and Hook Point, Fraser Island.

(2) The waters are closed—

- (a) from 2 p.m. Friday to 2 p.m. on Sunday from 1 February to 30 November; and
- (b) from 6 p.m. Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday from 1 December to 31 January.

Mary River

58. Waters of the Mary River between lines between the following places marked by F[↑]B signs—

- longitude 152°46.67' east on the northern bank of the river and longitude 152°46.83' east on its southern bank
- longitude 152°51.74' east on the northern bank of the river, near 'Tandora', and longitude 152°51.71' east on the shore of Crab Island (Meteor Point)
- longitude 152°51.62' east on the shore of Crab Island and longitude 152°51.95' east on the southern bank of the river.

Hervey Bay seasonal night-time closure

59.(1) Waters of Hervey Bay within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25°14.77' south, longitude 152°48.758' east, near Point Vernon
- to latitude 25°15.38' south, longitude 152°45' east

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to latitude 25°13.44' south, longitude 152°40.13' east
- to latitude 25°09' south, longitude 152°39' east
- to latitude 25°07.476' south, longitude 152°35.07' east
- to latitude 25°07.476' south, longitude 152°37' east
- to latitude 25°05' south, longitude 152°37' east
- to latitude 25°05' south on the mainland shore
- along the shore to latitude 25°14.77' south, longitude 152°48.758' east.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 March to 1 May from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m..

Hervey Bay—other closures

60.(1) Waters of Hervey Bay within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25°14.77' south, longitude 152°48.758' east, near Vernon Point
- to latitude 25°13.44' south, longitude 152°40.13' east
- to latitude 25°09' south, longitude 152°39' east
- to latitude 25°07.476' south, longitude 152°37' east
- to latitude 25°05' south, longitude 152° 37' east
- to latitude 25°05' south on the mainland shore
- along the shore to latitude 25°14.77' south, longitude 152°48.758' east.

(2) The waters are closed—

- (a) from 2 May to the end of February; and
- (b) from 1 March to 1 May, from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m..

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Skyringville Creek

61.(1) The following waters—

- (a) the creek commonly known as Skyringville Creek—
 - (i) upstream of a line running south-east from the north-western tip of Barubbra Island; and
 - (ii) downstream of a line between F[↑]B signs on opposite sides of the creek about 800 m from its banks;
- (b) waterways joining the parts of the creek described in paragraph (a).

(2) The waters described in subsection (1)(a)(i) are closed from 1 August to 30 November.

Hervey Bay

62. The following waters of Hervey Bay—

- (a) waters west of the following line—
 - from the eastern tip of Point Vernon to the seaward end of the public jetty at Scarness
 - to the seaward end of the Urangan jetty
 - to the seaward end of the southern rock wall of the Urangan Boat Harbour;
- (b) foreshore waters of the bay between Sixth and Second Avenues, Woodgate.

Southern Hervey Bay

63.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from Burrum Point to the Fairway Buoy, Hervey Bay
- to Moon Point
- to Vernon Point

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- along the shore to Burrum Point.

(2) The waters are closed from midnight on 30 June to midnight on 31 October.

Theodolite Creek

64. Waters of Theodolite Creek and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Coonar Creek

65. Waters of Coonar Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Burnett River

66.(1) Waters of the Burnett River and waterways joining it.

(2) The following part of the Burnett River is closed every year, all year—

- (a) upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near its junction with Bundaberg Creek;
- (b) downstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near the western tip of Harriett Island.

(3) The waters, other than the waters mentioned in subsection (2), are closed from 1 August to 30 November.

Sandy Cape

67.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from Sandy Cape due north to latitude 24.65° south
- to latitude 24°45' south, longitude 153°6' east
- to latitude 24°48' south, longitude 153°6' east

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to Rooney Point
- along the shore to Sandy Cape.

(2) The waters are closed from midday on 1 November to midday on 30 April.

Northern Fraser Island and north of Fraser Island

68.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 25° south, longitude 152°45.92' east, to latitude 24°43.50' south, longitude 152°30' east
- to latitude 24°01.50' south, longitude 151°49' east
- to the light on Great Keppel Island
- to latitude 23° south, longitude 151° east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 150°42.50' east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 152° east
- to the western tip of Herald No. 1 in the Swain Reefs
- to the light on North Reef
- to the light on Lady Musgrave Island
- to the light on Lady Elliot Island
- to Sandy Cape, Fraser Island
- westerly along Fraser Island's shore to Rooney Point
- along Fraser Island's western shore to latitude 25° south on the shore
- to latitude 25° south, longitude 152°45.92' east.

(2) The waters are closed from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. each day.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Round Hill Creek

69. Waters of Round Hill Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F[↑]B signs at the creek's northern bank and the northern tip of the Miriam Vale Shire Council Caravan Park at the Town of Seventeen Seventy.

Eurimbula Creek

70. Waters of Eurimbula Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F[↑]B signs near its banks.

Rodds Harbour

71. Waters of Rodds Harbour and waterways joining it, within the following boundary—

- from the eastern tip of Blackney Point to the eastern tip of Bird Island
- to the western bank of Mort Creek, Rodds Peninsula
- along the shore to Blackney Point.

Wild Cattle Creek

72.(1) Waters of Wild Cattle Creek (also known as Red Cliff Creek) between the following lines—

- (a) a line from an F[↑]B sign at the creek's northern bank to the F[↑]B sign at the northern tip of Wild Cattle Island;
- (b) a line from an F[↑]B sign about 1 600 m (measured along the bank) upstream from the F[↑]B sign at the northern tip of Wild Cattle Island to an F[↑]B sign on the opposite bank of Wild Cattle Creek.

(2) The waters are closed from 1 September to 30 April.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Boyne River and part of South Trees Inlet

73.(1) Waters of the Boyne River and waterways joining it, upstream from a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

(2) South Trees Inlet between the northern edge of the bridge over the inlet on Boyne Island Road and the inlet's junction with the Boyne River.

(3) The waters described in this section are closed from 1 September to 30 April.

Tannum Sands

74.(1) Foreshore waters between F↑B signs near the southern bank of the Boyne River and the northern bank of Wild Cattle Creek (also known as Red Cliff Creek).

(2) The waters are closed from 1 September to 30 April.

Calliope River

75. Waters of the Calliope River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line passing through F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near the south-western tip of Farmers Island.

The Narrows near Curtis Island

76.(1) The waters between a line from an F↑B sign near the southern bank of the Boyne River to Gatcombe Head, Facing Island, and a line from Sea Hill Point, Curtis Island, to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island.

(2) For subsection (1), the boundary of The Narrows between Facing Island and Curtis Island is a line from North Point, Facing Island, to South End, Curtis Island.

(3) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Fitzroy River and waters near its mouth

77.(1) Waters near the banks of the Fitzroy River within the following boundary—

- from Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island, to Cattle Point
- to Sea Hill Point, Curtis Island
- to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island.

(2) Waters of the Fitzroy River and waterways joining it, between the Fitzroy River Barrage and the shortest line across the river at the southern bank of Gavial Creek.

(3) The waters described in subsection (1) are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

Keppel Bay near Middle Island Observatory

78. Waters of Keppel Bay within a 150 m radius of the Middle Island Underwater Observatory.

Point Vernon to Cape Manifold

79.(1) Waterways flowing into the ocean between Point Vernon and Cape Manifold, other than the following waters—

- (a) the Fitzroy River and Casuarina Creek between a line from Cattle Point on the mainland to Cardigan Point, Balaclava Island, and electricity transmission lines across the Fitzroy River at the Lakes Creek Meatworks;
- (b) waterways joining waters described in paragraph (a), other than Connor Creek, Kamiesh Passage, Inkerman Creek and Raglan Creek.

(2) Waterways joining the waters in described in subsection (1).

(3) The waters described in this section are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Cawarral Creek

80. Waters of Cawarral Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of the line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Causeway Lake, Shoal Bay

81. Waters of Causeway Lake and waterways joining it, upstream of the Shoal Bay Causeway on the Yeppoon-Emu Park Road.

Water Park Creek

82. Waters of Water Park Creek, flowing into Corio Bay, and waterways joining it, upstream of the shortest line across the creek at the place commonly known as Kelly's Landing, about 2.6 km from the creek's banks.

Broadsound to Dunk Island

83.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 22° south, longitude 150°42.30' east to latitude 20°15' south, longitude 149°10' east
- to latitude 20° south, longitude 149° east
- to latitude 19°59' south, longitude 148°27' east
- to latitude 19°51' south, longitude 148°05' east
- to latitude 19°15' south, longitude 147°30' east
- to latitude 18°45.83' south, longitude 146°43' east
- to latitude 17°51.83' south, longitude 146°12.66' east
- to latitude 17°51.83' south, longitude 147°35.55' east
- to latitude 19°39.64' south, longitude 150°35' east
- to latitude 20°10' south, longitude 150°20' east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 151°30' east

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to latitude 22° south, longitude 152° east
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 150°42.50' east.

(2) The waters are closed from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. every day.

St. Lawrence Creek to Endeavour River

84.(1) Waterways between the northern bank of St. Lawrence Creek and the northern bank of the Endeavour River.

(2) The waters are closed from 6 p.m. on Friday to 6 p.m. on Sunday.

Rocky Dam Creek

85. Waters of Rocky Dam Creek flowing into Llewellyn Bay, and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek about 100 m upstream of the creek's junction with Cherry Tree Creek.

Louisa Creek

86. Waters of Louisa Creek, flowing into Dalrymple Bay, and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Pioneer River

87. Waters of the Pioneer River and waterways joining it, upstream of the Pioneer Bridge at Mackay.

Pioneer River

88. Waters of the Pioneer River and waterways joining it, between F↑B signs near its banks and the western edge of the Pioneer Bridge at Mackay.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Reliance Creek, west of Eimeo

89. Waters of Reliance Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Constant Creek

90. Waters of Constant Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Seaforth Creek

91. Waters of Seaforth Creek (which is north of Mackay).

Victor Creek

92. Waters of Victor Creek.

O'Connell River

93. Waters of the O'Connell River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Proserpine River

94. Waters of the Proserpine River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Pioneer Bay

95. Waters of Pioneer Bay south of the following line—

- from an F↑B sign at Mandalay Point to an F↑B sign near the intersection of Broadwater Avenue and Ocean View Avenue, Airlie Beach
- to an F↑B sign at the eastern tip of Pigeon Island

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to an F↑B sign on the mainland shore about 2 km south from Bluff Point.

Merinda Creek

96. Waters of Merinda Creek (also known as Meatworks Creek) and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Hayman Island to Cape Abbot

97.(1) Waters within the following boundary—

- from the western tip of Hayman Island to the northern tip of Pioneer Point
- to the south-western tip of Gumbrell Island
- along Gumbrell Island's western shore to its northern tip
- to the northern tip of Gloucester Head, Gloucester Island
- to the northern tip of Middle Island
- to Cape Edgecumbe
- to the seaward end of the jetty at Abbot Point
- to the northern tip of Camp Island
- to latitude 19°44' south, longitude 147°50.13' east
- to the light on Holbourne Island
- to western tip of Hayman Island.

(2) The waters are closed from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. from 1 April to 31 October.

Bowen Harbour and Magazine Island

98. Foreshore waters of Bowen Harbour, between the southern bank of Doughty Creek and the eastern tip of the harbour's entrance.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Hook Island

99. Waters within a 100 m radius of the Hook Island Observatory.

Groper Creek, Yellow Gin Creek and the Burdekin River

100. The following waters—

- (a) Groper Creek and Yellow Gin Creek upstream of a line between an F↑B sign on the shore north-easterly of Beach Hill and an F↑B sign at the southern tip of Peters Island;
- (b) the Burdekin River upstream of a line between an F↑B sign near the southern tip of Rita Island and an F↑B sign at the eastern tip of Peter's Island;
- (c) waterways joining the waters described in this section.

Burdekin River

101. Waters of the Burdekin River Anabranche and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between an F↑B sign near the anabranche's northern bank and an F↑B sign at its opposite bank near the north-eastern tip of Rita Island.

Plantation Creek and Seaforth Creek

102. Waters of Plantation Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek at the downstream side of its junction with Seaforth Creek.

Haughton River and the Short Cut

103. The following waters—

- (a) the Haughton River and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between an F↑B sign near the river's eastern bank, near Big Beach, and an F↑B sign on the opposite side of the river near the north-western tip of Connors Island;

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- (b) the channel commonly known as the Short Cut, between the Houghton River and Barramundi Creek.

Barramundi Creek

104. Waters of Barramundi Creek and waterways joining it, upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the creek near its junction with the channel commonly known as the Short Cut.

Townsville Harbour and Cleveland Bay

105.(1) Townsville Harbour between the following lines—

- (a) a line between an F↑B sign near the landward end of the oil tanker berth and an F↑B sign at the landward end of the harbour's western breakwater;
- (b) a line between the seaward tip of the harbour's eastern breakwater and the northern tip of the rocks at the north-eastern end of the western breakwater.

(2) Cleveland Bay, outside Townsville Harbour, within 400 m of the mainland shore at low water and between the following lines—

- (a) a line running north-east from the point on the shore, near the landward end of the oil tanker berth, where the eastern breakwater of Townsville Harbour meets the rock seawall at the breakwater's landward end;
- (b) a line running north-east from Kissing Point.

(3) For subsection (2), the mainland shore—

- (a) at the harbour entrance, is taken to be a line from the seaward tip of the eastern breakwater to the northern tip of the rocks at the north-eastern end of the western breakwater; and
- (b) is taken to extend to the seaward tip of any artificial structure on the shore.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Etty Bay area

106. Foreshore waters and waters within 600 m out to sea from the shore at low water, between F↑B signs near the southern and northern ends of the town of Etty Bay.

Rollingstone Creek

107. Waters within an 800 m radius of the F↑B sign near the southern bank of Rollingstone Creek, flowing into Halifax Bay.

Herbert River

108. Waters of the Herbert River and waterways joining it, upstream of the bridge across the river on the Ingham to Halifax-Bemerside Road.

Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island

109. Waters under or within 100 m of Yanks Jetty at Orpheus Island.

Hinchinbrook Channel

110. Waters of Hinchinbrook Channel and waterways joining it between the following lines—

- a line from Lucinda Point to George Point
- a line from Hecate Point to the northern bank of Meunga Creek.

Meunga Creek

111. Waters of Meunga Creek and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Murray River

112. Waters of the Murray River and waterways joining it upstream of a

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

line running west across the river through the northern tip of the island at the banks of Bedford Creek.

Johnstone River

113. Waters of the Johnstone River and waterways joining it upstream of a line across the river, passing through the western tip of Banana Island and the western tip of the island commonly known as Bergin Island.

Russell River, Mulgrave River and Mutchero Inlet

114.(1) Waters of the Russell River, the Mulgrave River and the Mutchero Inlet.

(2) Waterways joining the rivers and inlet, upstream of a line between F[↑]B signs at Flirt Point and Constantine Point.

Fitzroy Island and High Island, near Cairns

115. Foreshore waters of Fitzroy Island and High Island and waters within 400 m out to sea from the shore of each island at low water.

Trinity Bay

116. Waters of Trinity Bay and waterways joining it west of a line from False Cape to Taylor Point.

Centenary Lakes, Cairns

117. Waters of Saltwater Creek, Lily Creek and lakes joining the creeks, between Greenslopes Street and Collins Avenue, Cairns.

Barron River

118. Waters of the Barron River, at the place commonly known as

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Barron Waters, between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river near its junction with Stony Creek and near its junction with Camp Oven Creek.

Mission Bay

119. Waters of Mission Bay south of a line between Cape Grafton and False Cape, and waters flowing into that part of the bay.

Yorkeys Knob to Simpson Point

120. Waters within the following boundary—

- from Yorkeys Knob along the shore to Simpson Point
- to the western tip of Double Island
- along a line towards Taylor Point to a line between Yorkeys Knob and Buchan Point
- along the line between Yorkeys Knob and Buchan Point to a line between Taylor Point and 2 n miles magnetic north of Cape Grafton
- along the line between Taylor Point and 2 n miles magnetic north of Cape Grafton to a line between Yorkeys Knob and the western tip of Double Island
- to Yorkeys Knob.

Cook Bay

121.(1) Waters of Cook Bay within the following boundary—

- from the western tip of Double Island along a line towards Taylor Point to a line between Buchan Point and Yorkeys Knob
- along the line between Buchan Point and Yorkeys Knob to a line between 2 n miles magnetic north of Cape Grafton and Taylor Point
- along the line between 2 n miles magnetic north of Cape Grafton

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

and Taylor Point to a line between Yorkeys Knob and the western tip of Double Island

- to the western tip of Double Island.

(2) The waters are closed from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. each day.

Island Point to the Daintree River

122. Waters within the following boundary—

- from the light beacon at Island Point, near Port Douglas, along the shore to longitude 145°27.50' east on the shore, near the northern bank of the Daintree River
- to the light beacon at Island Point.

Daintree River

123. Waters of the Daintree River and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Bloomfield River

124. Waters of the Bloomfield River and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs near its banks.

Annan River

125. Waters of the Annan River and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs on opposite sides of the river about 800 m downstream from the bridge across the river on the Cooktown Developmental Road.

Endeavour River

126. Waters of the Endeavour River and waterways joining it upstream of a line between F↑B signs—

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- (a) about 400 m downstream of the No. 1 Public Wharf at Cooktown; and
- (b) on Sachs Spit about 400 m north of Point Saunders, commonly known as St. Patrick's Point.

North of latitude 15°30' south

127.(1) Waters north of latitude 15°30' south.³⁴

(2) The waters are closed from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. each day.

Grave Point to Indian Head

128. Waters within the following boundary—

- from Grave Point, near Cooktown, along the shore to Indian Head
- to Monkhouse Point
- to Grave Point.

Cape Bedford to Murray Reefs

129. Waters within the following boundary—

- from Cape Bedford along the shore to a line running west from the northern tip of the Murray Reefs
- to the northern tip of the Murray Reefs
- to Cape Bedford.

Cape Flattery to near Barrow Point

130. Waters within the following boundary—

³⁴ Latitude 15°30' south is approximately the latitude of Cooktown.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- from the sand stockpile jetty west of Cape Flattery, near latitude 14°57.50' south, longitude 145°18.50' east, along the shore to latitude 14°26.25' south, longitude 144°37.08' east
- to the northern tip of Baron Reef
- to the northern tip of Noble Island
- to the northern tip of Morris Island
- to the navigation light on Pethebridge Islets
- to the northern tip of the northernmost island of the Turtle Island Group
- to Lookout Point
- along the shore to latitude 14°51' south
- to the sand stockpile jetty west of Cape Flattery.

Barrow Point to Bizant River**131.** Waters within the following boundary—

- from Barrow Point along the shore to the western bank of the Bizant River, flowing into Princess Charlotte Bay
- to the western tip of Bathurst Head
- to the western tip of Denham Island
- along the island's southern shore to its southern tip
- to the northern tip of the Channel Rocks
- to latitude 14°09.50' south, longitude 144°30' east
- to latitude 14°09.50' south, longitude 144°31.50' east
- to latitude 14°15' south, longitude 144°36' east
- to the navigation light on Barrow Island
- to Barrow Point.

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

Bizant River, Princess Charlotte Bay

132. Waters of German Bar Lagoon, and the Bizant River from the road crossing commonly known as German Bar downstream for 2 km.

Marrett River to Rocky River

133. Waters within the following boundary—

- from the northern bank of the Marrett River along the shore to the northern bank of the Rocky River
- to the western tip of Wilkie Island
- to the easternmost point of the easternmost island of the Cliff Islands
- to the northern bank of the Marrett River.

Rocky River to latitude 13°09' south

134. Waters within the following boundary—

- from the northern bank of the Rocky River along the shore to latitude 13°09' south
- east to a line, parallel to, and 2.7 n miles from, the shore at low water, near latitude 13°09' south, longitude 143°33.50' east
- along the line to a line between the northern bank of the Rocky River and the western tip of Wilkie Island
- to the northern bank of the Rocky River.

Latitude 13°09' south to Thorpe Point

135. Waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 13°09' south on the mainland shore, along the shore to the eastern tip of Thorpe Point
- to 500 m north-west of the northern tip of Harvey Island

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to 500 m north of the northern tip of Nob Island
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Clerke Island
- to 500 m south of the southern tip of Clerke Island
- to 500 m south of the southern tip of Hicks Island
- to 500 m south of the southern tip of Orton Island
- to latitude 12° south, longitude 143°13' east
- to latitude 12°05' south, longitude 143°10' east
- to latitude 12°09' south, longitude 143°07.50' east
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Tyrrel Reefs
- along a line parallel to, and 500 m from, Tyrrel Reefs
- along that line to the point at latitude 12°12' south that is 500 m from the mainland shore
- to the intersection between a line running east from the eastern tip of Bolt Head and a line running parallel to, and 500 m from, the mainland shore
- to 500 m north of the northern tip of Ada Reef
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Lion Reef
- to 500 m north of the northern tip of Daniell Reef
- to the eastern tip of Andrew Reef
- to latitude 12°25' south, longitude 143°18' east
- to latitude 12°30' south, longitude 143°18' east
- to latitude 12°33.50' south, longitude 143°21.20' east
- to the northern tip of Rocky Island
- to the northern tip of Restoration Island
- to latitude 12°38' south, longitude 143°26.80' east
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Lloyd Island

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- to latitude 12°47.33' south, longitude 143°25.33' east
- to 500 m north of the northern tip of Waight Bank
- to 500 m north-east of the north-eastern tip of Landsdown Reef
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Rocky Islet
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Ashton Rock Reef
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Hammond Reef
- to latitude 13°09' south, longitude 143°33.50' east
- to latitude 13°09' south on the mainland shore.

Round Point to Fly Point near Cape York**136.** Waters within the following boundary—

- from the northern tip of Round Point to the eastern tip of Nigger Head Reef, about latitude 11°48.30' south, longitude 142°58.70' east
- to the eastern tip of Pirie Islet
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Bushy Island Reef
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Tern Island Reef
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Turtle Island Reef, about latitude 10°53' south, longitude 142°42' east
- to 500 m east of the eastern tip of Ariel Bank
- to the eastern tip of Fly Point
- along the shore to the northern tip of Round Point.

Tip of Cape York

137. Waters south of latitude 10°41.28' south, within the following boundary—

SCHEDULE 3, part 3—Other specific closures (continued)

- from the northern tip of Cape York to the eastern tip of Eborac Island
- to the northern tip of Osnaburg Point
- along the shore to the northern tip of Cape York.

SCHEDULE 4

REGULATED FISH

sections 24 to 28

PART 1—FISH REGULATED BY NUMBER

1. Blue swimmer crabs taken—
 - (a) in Moreton Bay and waterways joining it 100
 - (b) the Fisherman Islands area and waterways joining it 100
 - (c) elsewhere 600.

PART 2—FISH REGULATED BY GENDER

2. Egg bearing females of the following fish—
 - (a) Balmain bugs;
 - (b) bugs.
3. Female blue swimmer crabs.

PART 3—FISH REGULATED BY SIZE

4. Blue swimmer crabs with—

SCHEDULE 4—Regulated fish (continued)

- (a) a carapace less than 15 cm; or
- (b) a body less than 3.7 cm.

PART 4—FISH REGULATED BY SIZE AND TIME

5. Bugs—

- (a) until 31 December 1999—less than 6.2 cm; and
- (b) from 1 January 2000—less than 7.5 cm.

SCHEDULE 5**WATERS WHERE SCALLOPS MAY BE PROCESSED
ON A BOAT**

section 170(a)

Tin Can Bay public wharf area

1. Tin Can Inlet within a 1 n mile radius of the public wharf at Tin Can Bay township.

Parts of Hervey Bay

2.(1) Waters of Hervey Bay within the following boundary—

- from the red beacon at the Urangan Boat Harbour entrance to the northern tip of Big Woody Island
- along the western shore of Big Woody Island to latitude 25°18.58' south
- to the southern bank of Pulgul Creek
- along the shore and harbour wall to the red beacon at the Urangan Boat Harbour entrance.

(2) Waters of Hervey Bay within the following boundary—

- from the special mark known as EU1 to the south cardinal mark known as S6
- to the special mark known as S4
- to the special mark known as EU1.

Burnett River from near Bundaberg to near Millaquin Sugar Mill

3. The Burnett River, Bundaberg between the railway bridge and the

SCHEDULE 5—Waters where scallops may be processed
on a boat (continued)

shortest straight line across the river from the pump station at the Millaquin Sugar Mill.

Area near Gladstone

4. The area near Gladstone within the following boundary—

- from the green beacon near the northern shore at the mouth of Auckland Inlet to the rear lead at Targinie Channel, Middle Bank
- to Permain Point on the southern tip of Picnic Island
- along the western shore of Picnic Island to its northern tip
- to the northern tip of Clinton Coal Wharf
- to the shore on the northern side of the wharf
- to the green beacon near the northern shore at the mouth of Auckland Inlet.

Area near Yeppoon

5. Waters near Double Head, near Yeppoon, within the following boundary—

- from latitude 23°10.50' south, on the mainland near Bluff Point, along the latitude to longitude 150°48.50' east
- along longitude 150°48.50' east, to latitude 23°09.75' south
- to Double Head
- to Wreck Point
- along the shore to latitude 23°10.50' south.

Area near Bowen

6. Waters west of Stone Island, near Bowen, within the following boundary—

SCHEDULE 5—Waters where scallops may be processed
on a boat (continued)

- from Dalrymple Point to the western side of South Head, Stone Island
- along the western shore of Stone Island to the tip of the sand spit at the island's south-western tip
- to the lead known as M5
- to Dalrymple Point.

Area west of Cape Cleveland

7. Waters west of Cape Cleveland within the following boundary—

- from Cape Cleveland along the shore to longitude 147° east
- along longitude 147° east, to latitude 19°12' south
- along latitude 19°12' south, to the shore
- along the shore to Cape Cleveland.

Area west of Magnetic Island

8. Waters west of Magnetic Island within the following boundary—

- from latitude 19°08' south, on the western shore of Magnetic Island, along the latitude to longitude 146°46' east
- along longitude 146°46' east, to latitude 19°09' south
- along latitude 19°09' south, to the shore of Magnetic Island
- along the shore to latitude 19°08' south.

Part of North East Bay (Great Palm Island)

9. North East Bay (Great Palm Island) within the following boundary—

- from longitude 146°41' east, on the northern shore of Great Palm Island, along the longitude to latitude 18°43' south

SCHEDULE 5—Waters where scallops may be processed
on a boat (continued)

- along latitude 18°43' south, to longitude 146°40' east
- along longitude 146°40' east, to the shore of Great Palm Island
- along the shore to longitude 146°41' east.

Lucinda Services Jetty area

10. Waters within a 1 km radius of the seaward end of the Lucinda Services Jetty, Lucinda.

SCHEDULE 6

AIDS TO INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

section 6

PART 1—AIDS TO INTERPRETATION

Division 1—Working out boundaries

References to boundaries, lines, shores and other points

1. Unless otherwise stated in this plan, the following apply—
 - (a) a boundary or line along a shore follows high water mark;
 - (b) a boundary or line along a shore intersected by a waterway crosses the waterway by the shortest line between its banks;
 - (c) other boundaries and lines run from point to point in a straight line;
 - (d) a reference to a shore is a reference to the shore at high water mark;
 - (e) a reference to a point, the tip of an island or other geographical feature, is a reference to the feature on the shore at high water mark.

References to waterways

2. Unless otherwise stated in this plan, a reference to a waterway is a reference to—

SCHEDULE 6, part 1—Aids to interpretation (continued)

- (a) the waterway upstream of the shortest line between its banks at their junction, at low water, with the body of water into which the waterway finally flows; and
- (b) the foreshores of the waterway.

References to banks of waterway

3. Unless otherwise stated in this plan, a reference to a bank of a waterway is a reference to the bank at its junction, at high water, with the body of water into which it finally flows.

Division 2—Time periods

Start and end of time periods

4. Periods of time fixed by a provision of this plan start at the first time, day or month stated in the provision and end at the end of the second time, day or month, whether in the same, or a different, day, week, month or year.

Examples—

1. The period from midday on 20 September to midday on 1 November is a period of 2 months starting at midday on 20 September and ending at midday on 1 November.
2. The period from 6 p.m. to 6 a.m. is a period of 12 hours starting at 6 p.m. and ending at 6 a.m..

Division 3—Names and measurement of fish

Scientific names of fish

5. The scientific names of fish mentioned in this plan are as follows—

SCHEDULE 6, part 1—Aids to interpretation (continued)

Common name	Scientific name
Balmain bug	<i>Ibacus peroni</i>
barking crayfish	<i>Linuparus trigonus</i>
bay prawn (greasy prawn)	<i>Metapenaeus bennettiae</i>
blue swimmer crab	<i>Portunus pelagicus</i>
bug	<i>Thenus orientalis</i> , <i>Thenus indicus</i>
cuttlefish	<i>Metasepia</i> sp., <i>Sepia</i> spp.
eastern king prawn	<i>Penaeus plebejus</i>
goatfish	Family Mullidae
mantis shrimp	<i>Oratosquilla</i> sp., <i>Squilla</i> sp.
octopus	<i>Octopus</i> spp.
pinky	Family Nemipteridae
prawn	Family Penaeidae
red spot crab (three spot crab)	<i>Portunus sanguinolentus</i>
red spot king prawn	<i>Penaeus longistylus</i>
saucer scallop	<i>Amusium japonicum balloti</i>
scallop	Family Pectinidae
shark	<i>Carcharhinus</i> spp.
squid	<i>Loliolus</i> sp., <i>Nototodarus</i> , <i>Photololigo</i> , <i>Sepioteuthis</i> spp.
syngnathid	Family Syngnathidae
tiger prawn	<i>Penaeus esculentus</i> , <i>Penaeus semisulcatus</i>
whiptail	<i>Pentapodus</i> spp.
winter whiting	<i>Sillago maculata</i> .

SCHEDULE 6, part 1—Aids to interpretation (continued)

Scientific classification

6.(1) This section gives references for the scientific names for fish mentioned in this plan.³⁵

(2) Holthuis, L.B. 1991, *F.A.O. Species Catalogue V. 13. Marine Lobsters of the World*, F.A.O., Rome is the reference for the following—

- Balmain bugs
- barking crayfish
- bugs.

(3) Grey, L.G., Dall, W. and Baker, A. 1983, *A guide to the Australian Penaeid prawns*, A. B. Caudell, Government Printer of the Northern Territory, Darwin, Northern Territory is the reference for the following—

- prawns
- bay prawn (greasy prawn)
- tiger prawns
- eastern king prawns
- red spot king prawns.

(4) Allen, Gerald R. 1997, *Marine Fishes of Tropical Australia and South-East Asia*, 3rd revised edition, Western Australian Museum, Perth, Western Australia is the reference for the following—

- goat fish
- pinkies
- sharks
- syngnathids
- whiptails.

³⁵ The references mentioned in this section can be inspected at the Authority's library at level 6, 40 Tank Street, Brisbane.

SCHEDULE 6, part 1—Aids to interpretation (continued)

(5) Grant, E.M. 1985, *Guide to Fishes*, (5th edition reprint), E.M. Grant Pty Ltd, 19 Australia Court, Scarborough, Queensland is the reference for the following—

- red spot crabs (three spot crabs)
- winter whiting.

(6) For, cuttlefish, octopus and squid, the reference is Carpenter, K.E. and Volker, H.N. 1998, *The Living Marine Resources of the Western Central Pacific*. Vol 2. *Cephalopods, Crustaceans, Holothurians and Sharks*. F.A.O., Rome.

(7) For mantis shrimp, the reference is Mather, P. and Bennett, I. 1978, *A Coral Reef Handbook*, The Great barrier Reef Committee, GBRC Handbook Series No. 1, Brisbane.

(8) For scallops, the reference is Waller, T. R. 1991, *Evolutionary Relationships among Commercial Scallops (Mollusca: Bivalvia: Pectinidae)*, in Shumway, S.E. 1991, *Scallops: Biology, Ecology and Aquaculture*, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, Holland.

(9) For saucer scallops, the reference is Habe, T. 1964, *Notes on the Species of the Genus *Amusium* (Mollusca)*, Bulletin of the National Scientific Museum of Tokyo 7, 1–5.

Measurement of size of fish

7.(1) The size of a blue swimmer crab is decided by measuring—

- (a) the widest part of its carapace; or
- (b) if its carapace is damaged or missing—the underside of its body on 1 side, from the notch at the junction of the claw with the body to the notch at the junction of the last leg with the body.

(2) The size of a bug is decided by measuring the widest part of its carapace.

(3) The size of a saucer scallop is decided by measuring the widest part of its shell, whether or not the shell is broken or chipped.

SCHEDULE 6, part 1—Aids to interpretation (continued)

(4) The size of other fish is decided by measuring the distance between the front and end tips of the fish.

Division 4—Miscellaneous

Fishing under certain licences for fishery includes tender licence

8.(1) This section applies to a reference in this plan to a person fishing under a ‘T5’, ‘T6’, ‘T7’, ‘T8’ or ‘T9’ licence (the “**primary licence**”).

(2) The reference includes a reference to a person fishing under a tender licence for a tender boat for the primary boat identified in the primary licence.

References to possession of fish

9.(1) This section applies if a provision of this plan prohibits possession of a fish.

(2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the reference to possession in the provision is a reference to possession wherever it takes place.

PART 2—EXTENDED DEFINITIONS FOR AREAS

Meaning of “Brisbane River mouth area–north”

10. “Brisbane River mouth area–north” means waters within the following boundary—

- from the F[↑]B sign at Juno Point to the second green beacon marking the Koopa Channel
- to the West Coffee Pot beacon
- to the West Inner Bar beacon

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

- to the eastern bank of the Brisbane River
- to the F↑B sign at Juno Point.

Meaning of “Brisbane River mouth area—south”

11. “Brisbane River mouth area—south” means waters within the following boundary—

- from Eastern Inner Bar Beacon to the Eastern Coffee Pot Beacon
- to latitude 27°20.11' south, longitude 153°11.69' east
- to latitude 27°21.54' south, longitude 153°10.77' east
- to the Eastern Inner Bar Beacon.

Meaning of “Brisbane River—Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area”

12. “Brisbane River—Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area” means waters of the Brisbane River between the Victoria Bridge and a line from the F↑B sign at Juno Point to the eastern bank of the river.

Meaning of “Cleveland Bay area”

13. “Cleveland Bay area” means waters of Cleveland Bay, near Townsville, south of a line from Cape Pallarenda to Cape Cleveland.

Meaning of “Comboyuro Point to Caloundra Head area”

14. “Comboyuro Point to Caloundra Head area” means waters within the following boundary—

- from Comboyuro Point, Moreton Island, to the NW2 special mark beacon at the entrance to the North West Channel near Caloundra
- to Caloundra Head

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

- along the shore to the F[↑]B sign at southern tip of the sand spit between Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach, Caloundra
- to the F[↑]B sign at the northern tip of Bribie Island
- along the eastern shore of Bribie Island to Skirmish Point
- to Comboyuro Point.

Meaning of “deep water net area”

15. The “deep water net area” means waters within the following boundary—

- from latitude 28°03.58' south, longitude 153°47' east to latitude 27°26' south, longitude 153°39' east
- to latitude 27°02' south, longitude 153°31.20' east
- to latitude 26°41' south, longitude 153°31' east
- to latitude 26°30' south, longitude 153°34' east
- to latitude 26°20' south, longitude 153°40.70' east
- to latitude 26°10' south, longitude 153°50' east
- to latitude 25° south, longitude 153°35' east
- to latitude 24°30' south, longitude 153°20' east
- to the Breaksea Spit light, off the northern tip of Fraser Island
- to the light on Lady Elliot Island
- to the light on Lady Musgrave Island
- to the light on North Reef
- to the western tip of Herald No. 1 in the Swain Reefs
- to the western tip of Hixson Cay at the southern end of Swain Reefs
- to latitude 22° south, longitude 152°46.8' east
- to latitude 21° south, longitude 152°55' east

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

- to latitude 21° south, longitude 151°30' east
- to latitude 20°10' south, longitude 150°20' east
- to latitude 19°39.64' south, longitude 150°35' east
- to latitude 17°30' south, longitude 147° east
- to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 144° east
- to latitude 10°41.28' south, longitude 144° east
- to latitude 10°41.28' south, longitude 145° east
- to latitude 13° south, longitude 145° east
- to latitude 15° south, longitude 146° east
- to latitude 18°20' south, longitude 148°20' east
- to latitude 18°45' south, longitude 152°35' east
- to latitude 22°15' south, longitude 154°40' east
- to latitude 27°48' south, longitude 154°40' east
- to latitude 27°48' south, longitude 154°22' east
- to latitude 27°58' south, longitude 154° east
- from latitude 28°03.58' south, longitude 153°47' east.

Meaning of “Facing Island area”

16. “Facing Island area” means waters within the following boundary—

- from Tiber Point along the shore to Auckland Point
- to Tail Point, Chinaman Island
- to North Point, Facing Island

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

- along Facing Island’s western and southern shores to Gatcombe Head
- to the Fairway Buoy (Wild Cattle Cutting)
- to Tiber Point.

Meaning of “Fisherman Islands area”**17. “Fisherman Islands area” means—**

- (a) waters upstream of a line between—
 - (i) the northern tip of the northernmost wharf on Fisherman Islands; and
 - (ii) the mainland, passing through the rear (seaward) lead of the Lytton Rocks Reach about 900 m downstream from Luggage Point; and
- (b) waterways joining the waters described in paragraph (a), other than the part of the Boat Passage east of the bridge between Whyte Island and Fisherman Islands.

Meaning of “Fitzroy River mouth area”

18. “Fitzroy River mouth area” means waters of Keppel Bay and rivers and creeks joining it south and west of the following line—

- from Cattle Point to an unnamed point on the shore of Curtis Island about 1.25 n miles north of Maria Inlet
- along the western shore of Curtis Island to the southern bank of Barker Creek
- across The Narrows to the southern bank of Deception Creek at Division Point.

Meaning of “Great Sandy Strait area”

19. “Great Sandy Strait area” means waters in the Great Sandy Strait

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

between the following lines—

- a line from the F[↑]B sign at the mouth of Pulgul Creek to the F[↑]B sign at the southern tip of Big Woody Island, and then to the F[↑]B sign at Blackfellow Point, Fraser Island
- a line from the F[↑]B sign at North Head, Mary River to the F[↑]B sign at North White Cliffs, Fraser Island.

Meaning of “Hervey Bay area”

20. “Hervey Bay area” means waters of Hervey Bay between latitude 25°05' south and a line from the eastern tip of Point Vernon to Sandy Point, Fraser Island.

Meaning of “Keppel Bay area”

21. “Keppel Bay area” means waters in Keppel Bay within the following boundary—

- from Cattle Point to an unnamed point on the shore of Curtis Island about 1.25 n miles north of Maria Inlet
- along the western shore of Curtis Island to Warner Point
- to Quartz Rock
- to the intersection with the mainland shore of a line from Quartz Rock to Red Hill
- along the shore to Cattle Point.

Meaning of “Laguna Bay area”

22. “Laguna Bay” means waters within the following boundary—

- a line from latitude 26°16' south on the shore, near Teewah, to the eastern tip of Noosa Head
- a line from the F[↑]B sign on northern bank of the Noosa River to the F[↑]B sign at the Boiling Pot, near Noosa Head.

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

Meaning of “Llewellyn Bay area”

23. “Llewellyn Bay area” means waters of Llewellyn Bay, near Sarina, west of a line from Freshwater Point to Allom Point.

Meaning of “Moreton Bay”

24. “Moreton Bay” means waters within the following boundary, other than waters in the Fisherman Islands area—

- from the F[↑]B sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point to the F[↑]B sign at the southern end of South Esplanade, Bongaree, Bribie Island
- along Bribie Island’s western and southern shores to Skirmish Point
- to Comboyuro Point, Moreton Island
- along Moreton Island’s western shore to Reeders Point
- to Amity Point, North Stradbroke Island
- along North Stradbroke Island’s western and southern shores to its south-eastern tip
- to the north-eastern tip of South Stradbroke Island
- along South Stradbroke Island’s northern, western and southern shores to the seaward tip of the northern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway
- to the seaward tip of the southern breakwater wall of the Gold Coast Seaway at Nerang Head on The Spit
- along the shore of The Spit to the Gold Coast Highway bridge over the Nerang River near Waterways Drive, Main Beach
- along the eastern side of the Gold Coast Highway bridge to the mainland shore
- along the shore to the F[↑]B sign at the south-eastern tip of Toorbul Point.

SCHEDULE 6, part 2—Extended definitions for areas (continued)

Meaning of “Repulse Bay area”

25. “Repulse Bay area” means waters of Repulse Bay, near Proserpine, within the following boundary—

- from Rocky Point along the shore to the northern bank of the O’Connell River
- east for 2 n miles
- to Rocky Point.

Meaning of “Sinclair Bay area”

26. “Sinclair Bay area” means waters of Sinclair Bay, near Bowen, within the following boundary—

- from longitude 148°25.3' east on the shore to longitude 148°26.75' east on the shore
- along the shore to longitude 148°25.3' east.

Meaning of “waters north of Cape Gloucester”

27. “Waters north of Cape Gloucester” means waters north of Cape Gloucester, near Bowen, other than waters in an area mentioned in this part.

Meaning of “waters south of Cape Gloucester”

28. “Waters south of Cape Gloucester” means waters south of Cape Gloucester, near Bowen, other than waters in an area mentioned in this part.

SCHEDULE 6—Aids to interpretation and definitions (continued)

PART 3—OTHER EXTENDED DEFINITIONS

Working out “hull units” for a boat

29.(1) The “**hull units**”, for a boat, must be worked out by applying the following formula—

$$\text{HU} = \frac{\text{L} \times \text{B} \times \text{D} \times 0.6}{2.83}$$

where—

HU means the number of hull units for the boat;

L means the length of the boat;

B means the beam of the boat;

D means the depth of the boat.³⁶

(2) For subsection (1), the depth of the boat means the vertical distance, in metres, measured from the keel datum to the underside of the uppermost continuous deck at the side amidships.

(3) However, for a boat with a stepped uppermost continuous deck, the raised part of which extends over amidships, the depth is measured to a line of reference extending from the lower part of the deck along a parallel line to the raised part.

(4) Also, for a boat with rounded gunwales, the underside of the uppermost continuous deck at the side is taken as the point of intersection of the moulded lines of the deck and the side as though the gunwale was of angular design.

(5) In this section—

“**amidships**”, of a boat, means the vertical plane at the middle of its length at a right angle to its centre-line plane.

³⁶ The figure of 0.6 represents a block coefficient to standardise variations in boat design and the figure of 2.83 represents a constant which converts cubic metres to units of 100 cubic feet.

SCHEDULE 6—Aids to interpretation and definitions (continued)

“beam”, of a boat, means the maximum breadth, in metres, amidships between—

- (a) if the boat has a metal shell—the moulded lines of its frame; or
- (b) if the boat does not have a metal shell—the outer surfaces of its hull, excluding sponsons, fenders and rubbing strips.

“keel datum” means—

- (a) for a wooden boat or a composite boat—the lower edge of the boat’s keel rabbet; or
- (b) for a boat in which the form at the lower part of midship section is of a hollow character or if thick or horizontal garboards are fitted, the point where the line of the hull bottom shell continued inwards cuts the boat’s centre-line; or
- (c) if, because of the boat’s shape, the keel datum can not be worked out under paragraph (a) or (b)—the tangent providing the greatest depth measurement.

Meaning of “length” of a boat

30.(1) The **“length”**, of a boat, means the distance between the front and end tips of the boat.

(2) However, the length does not include anything that does not increase the boat’s effective length.

Examples of things that do not increase a boat’s ‘effective length’—

- an anchor rail.
- a bowsprit.

Example of things that do increase a boat’s ‘effective length’—

Additions to the boat’s hull, whether fixed temporarily or permanently, that increase the boat’s deck area.

SCHEDULE 6—Aids to interpretation and definitions (continued)

Meaning of “length” of a net

31.(1) The “**length**”, of a beam trawl net, means the distance the net is capable of extending across the beam or pole used to open it.

(2) The “**length**”, of an otter trawl net, means the combined length, in metres, of the head rope and bottom rope when taut between the outermost points of the meshes attached to the head rope and bottom rope.

Working out an engine’s “maximum continuous brake kW”

32.(1) An engine’s “**maximum continuous brake kW**” must be worked out from the manufacturer’s recommended maximum continuous brake kW for its engine type.

(2) The engine must be identified by the following—

- (a) make;
- (b) model;
- (c) year of manufacture;
- (d) serial number;
- (e) cylinder block;
- (f) aspiration and cooling systems.

(3) The following aspects of the recommendation must be considered—

- (a) ambient water temperature in the range 25°C to 27°C or the temperature mentioned in the recommendation closest to the range;
- (b) fuel injectors consistent with the recommended maximum continuous brake kW of the engine type.

(4) If the manufacturer revises the recommendation for the engine type, the revised rating is taken to apply to all new engines of that type installed on boats from the day the revised rating took effect.

(5) The following must be disregarded—

SCHEDULE 6—Aids to interpretation and definitions (continued)

- (a) variation from the standard power output, including, for example, engine deratings;
- (b) different gear boxes or transmission trains associated with individual engines.

(6) In this section—

“**engine type**” means the type of main propulsion engine or engines installed on the boat.

Meaning of “mesh size” of a net

33.(1) The “**mesh size**”, of a knotted trawl net, is the average distance, when the net is taut, between the inner edges of 2 diagonally opposite knots of each of 10 meshes at least 30 cm from each other.

(2) The “**mesh size**”, of a knotless trawl net, is the average distance, when the net is taut, between the inner edges of 2 diagonally opposite corners of each of 10 meshes at least 30 cm from each other.

Meaning of “sweep” of a net

34.(1) The “**sweep**”, of a net, includes a chain, rope, shackle, wire or other fitting used to attach otter boards or sleds to the point on the head rope or bottom rope of a net where the outermost meshes are attached.

(2) If fittings mentioned in subsection (1) are joined to make a single fitting, the single fitting is 1 sweep.

PART 4—DICTIONARY

“**assistant fisher**” means a person who holds an assistant fisher licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.

SCHEDULE 6, part 4—Dictionary (continued)

- “**beam trawl net**” means a trawl net with its mouth attached to a beam or pole to keep the net open.
- “**BRD**” means bycatch reduction device.
- “**BRD guidelines**” see section 47.
- “**BRD use condition**” see section 40(1).
- “**Brisbane River mouth area–north**” see section 10 of this schedule.
- “**Brisbane River mouth area–south**” see section 11 of this schedule.
- “**Brisbane River–Victoria Bridge to Juno Point area**” see section 12 of this schedule.
- “**buyer**” means a person who holds a buyer licence.
- “**buyer licence**” means a buyer licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.
- “**Cleveland Bay area**” see section 13 of this schedule.
- “**Comboyuro Point to Caloundra Head area**” see section 14 of this schedule.
- “**commercial fisher**” means a person who holds a commercial fisher licence.
- “**commercial fisher licence**” means a commercial fisher licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.
- “**commercial fishing apparatus**” means fishing apparatus other than fishing apparatus that may be used or possessed by a recreational fisher under the regulation or another management plan.
- “**commercial fishing boat**” means a primary or tender boat.
- “**commercial fishing boat licence**” means a commercial fishing boat licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.
- “**conviction**”, for chapter 5, part 3, division 3, see section 173(2)(a).
- “**CPUE**” means a ratio that expresses the amount of permitted fish caught by a person compared with the amount of effort applied by the person to catch the fish.

SCHEDULE 6, part 4—Dictionary (continued)

“**crew licence**” means a crew licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.

“**deep water net area**” see section 15 of this schedule.

“**F↑B sign**” means a sign with the marking F↑B on it, erected or displayed by a fisheries agency.

“**Facing Island area**” see section 16 of this schedule.

“**fisher**” means a person who holds a fisher licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.

“**Fisherman Islands area**” see section 17 of this schedule.

“**fishery**”, when used as a noun, see section 3(1) of this plan.

“**fishery symbol**” means a fishery symbol mentioned in section 32(2) of this plan.

“**fitted**”, to a net, includes attached to and built into the net.

“**Fitzroy River mouth area**” see section 18 of this schedule.

“**Great Sandy Strait area**” see section 19 of this schedule.

“**Hervey Bay area**” see section 20 of this schedule.

“**hull units**”, for a boat, see section 29 of this schedule.

“**Keppel Bay area**” see section 21 of this schedule.

“**Laguna Bay area**” see section 22 of this schedule.

“**length**” of—

- (a) a commercial fishing boat—see section 30 of this schedule; or
- (b) a beam trawl net—see section 31(1) of this schedule; or
- (c) an otter trawl net—see section 31(2) of this schedule.

“**Llewellyn Bay area**” see section 23 of this schedule.

“**licence**”, for the fishery, means a licence for the fishery under section 32(1) of this plan.

SCHEDULE 6, part 4—Dictionary (continued)

- “**M1’ licence**” means a primary licence with an ‘M1’ fishery symbol written on it.
- “**malfunction**”, for chapter 3, part 5, division 3, see section 60.
- “**manual reporting guidelines**” see section 64.
- “**manual reporting obligation**” see section 63.
- “**maximum continuous brake kW**” see section 32 of this schedule.
- “**mesh size**”, of a net, see section 33 of this schedule.
- “**Moreton Bay**” see section 24 of this schedule.
- “**n mile**” means nautical mile.
- “**notice**” means a written notice.
- “**notification day**” means the day this plan is gazetted.
- “**otter trawl net**” means a trawl net with its mouth kept open by otter boards and the force of water.
- “**plan**” means management plan.
- “**permitted fish**” see section 8 of this plan.
- “**primary boat**” means the commercial fishing boat identified on a primary boat licence.
- “**primary licence**” means a commercial fishing boat licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.
- “**principal fish**” see section 7 of this plan.
- “**process**”, for fish, includes freeze, pack, refrigerate, sort and thaw.
- “**recognised BRD**”, for chapter 3, part 3, see section 41(1).
- “**recognised TED**”, for chapter 3, part 4, see section 52(1).
- “**recreational fisher**” means a person, including a fisher, who takes or possesses fish, other than—
- (a) for trade or commerce; or

SCHEDULE 6, part 4—Dictionary (continued)

- (b) in the exercise or enjoyment of native title rights and interests in relation to land or waters under the *Native Title Act 1993* (Cwlth).

“regulation” means the *Fisheries Regulation 1995*.

“replacement licence” means—

- (a) a replacement licence issued under section 71 of the Act to replace a licence that has been lost, damaged or destroyed; or
- (b) a licence for a boat to replace another boat licensed to operate in the fishery.

“Repulse Bay area” see section 25 of this schedule.

“Sinclair Bay area” see section 26 of this schedule.

“square mesh” means netting material orientated so the direction of the mesh twine is longitudinal and transverse to the length of the cod end.

“sweep”, of a net, see section 34 of this schedule.

“T1’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T1’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T2’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T2’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T3’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T3’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T5’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T5’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T6’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T6’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T7’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T7’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T8’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T8’ fishery symbol written on it.

“T9’ licence” means a primary licence with a ‘T9’ fishery symbol written on it.

SCHEDULE 6, part 4—Dictionary (continued)

“**TED**” means turtle excluder device.

“**TED guidelines**” see section 54.

“**TED use condition**” see section 51(1).

“**tender boat**” means a commercial fishing boat identified in a tender licence.

“**tender licence**” means a tender commercial fishing boat licence issued under section 31 of the regulation.

“**territorial sea baseline**” has the meaning given under the *Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973* (Cwlth) by proclamation in Gazette No. S 29 (Cwlth) of 9 February 1983 at pages 2 to 14.

“**trawl net**” means any beam trawl net or otter trawl net described in chapter 4.

“**try net**” means an otter or beam trawl net of the following lengths, used for no longer than 25 minutes at a time, for sampling or testing or to work out the abundance or presence of principal fish—

(a) for an otter trawl net—no longer than 10 m;

(b) for a beam trawl net—no longer than 2.5 m.

“**waters north of Cape Gloucester**” see section 27 of this schedule.

“**waters south of Cape Gloucester**” see section 28 of this schedule.

“**waterway**” does not include non-tidal waters.

ENDNOTES

1 Index to endnotes

		Page
2	Date to which amendments incorporated	171
3	Key	171
4	List of legislation	172
5	List of annotations	172

2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). However, no amendments have commenced operation on or before that day. Future amendments of the Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management Plan 1999 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	prev	=	previous
amd	=	amended	(prev)	=	previously
amdt	=	amendment	proc	=	proclamation
ch	=	chapter	prov	=	provision
def	=	definition	pt	=	part
div	=	division	pubd	=	published
exp	=	expires/expired	R[X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
gaz	=	gazette	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
hdg	=	heading	reloc	=	relocated
ins	=	inserted	renum	=	renumbered
lap	=	lapsed	rep	=	repealed
notfd	=	notified	s	=	section
o in c	=	order in council	sch	=	schedule
om	=	omitted	sdiv	=	subdivision
p	=	page	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	=	paragraph	SL	=	subordinate legislation
prec	=	preceding	sub	=	substituted
pres	=	present	unnum	=	unnumbered

4 List of legislation

Fisheries (East Coast Trawl) Management Plan 1999 SL No. 289

made by the Governor in Council on 18 November 1999

notfd gaz 19 November 1999 pp 1149–52

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

s 11 commences 1 January 2000 (see s 2(1))

s 29(2)(b) commences 2 January 2000 (see s 2(2))

s 102(2)(b)–(c) commences 1 March 2000 (see s 2(3))

ss 85, 97 and 110 commence 1 July 2000 (see s 2(4))

remaining provisions commenced on date of notification (see s 2(5))

exp 1 September 2010 (see SIA s 54)

5 List of annotations

What is a “permitted fish”

s 8 (2)–(3) exp 31 October 2000 (see s 8(3))

CHAPTER 2—CLOSED WATERS AND REGULATED FISH DECLARATIONS

PART 1—CLOSED WATERS

Subdivision 2—Closure for scallop replenishment areas

sdv 2 (ss 14–16) exp 1 February 2001 (see s 16)

Saucer scallops—regulated by size, time and amount

s 30 (5), (7) exp 1 January 2000 (see s 30(7))

Restrictions on writing fishery symbols on licences

s 35 (1), (4) exp 1 January 2001 (see s 35(4))

Requirement to use BRD

s 101 (2), (5) exp 31 December 1999 (see s 101(5))

(3), (6) exp 29 February 2000 (see s 101(6))

Requirement to use TED

s 102 (3)–(4) exp 1 March 2000 (see s 102(4))

Requirement to use BRD

s 113 (2), (5) exp 31 December 1999 (see s 113(5))

(3), (6) exp 29 February 2000 (see s 113(6))

CHAPTER 5—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PART 4—SAVINGS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

pt 4 (ss 176–178) exp 31 December 2000 (see s 178)

SCHEDULE 3—SPECIFIC CLOSED WATERS

PART 2—SCALLOP REPLENISHMENT AREAS

pt 2 (ss 4–6) exp 1 February 2001 (see s 16)