

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Act 1994

TRANSPORT OPERATIONS (PASSENGER TRANSPORT) REGULATION 1994

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This page is specific to this reprint. See previous reprints for information about earlier changes made under the Reprints Act 1992. A table of earlier reprints is included in the endnotes.

Also see endnotes for information about—

- when provisions commenced
- editorial changes made in earlier reprints.

Queensland



TRANSPORT OPERATIONS (PASSENGER TRANSPORT) REGULATION 1994

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TRANSPORT OPERATIONS (PASSENGER TRANSPORT) REGULATION 1994

[as amended by all amendments that commenced on or before 4 July 1997]

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

Short title

1. This regulation may be cited as the *Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Regulation 1994*.

Definitions

- **3.** In this regulation—
- **"commercial scheduled service"**, for schedule 1, means a public passenger service (other than a community transport service, a courtesy transport service, a school service and a tourist service) conducted on a established route on a road in accordance with a regular timetable for which the operator is remunerated—
 - (a) from revenue generated by passengers' fares; or
 - (b) by payments from anyone else for, or to provide, the service.
- "de facto relationship" means the relationship between 2 persons who, although not married to each other, live in a relationship like the relationship between a married couple.
- "exempted taxi" means a taxi not required to have a taximeter installed.
- "local conveyance committee" means a committee elected by, consisting of and representing parents and guardians of eligible school children who use school services.

"taximeter" means an instrument that—

- (a) is able to record fares for individual and multiple hiring of a taxi; and
- (b) is designed to show the fare for each hiring.

PART 2—APPROACH

Approach

- **4.** This regulation reflects an approach consistent with the objectives of the Act and based on—
 - (a) allowing operators scope to meet emerging identified needs; and
 - (b) holding operators accountable for their performance; and
 - (c) placing the onus for compliance on industry rather than specifying in detail how industry is intended to act in all situations; and
 - (d) a desire to ensure high levels of safety and the efficient meeting of user needs.

PART 3—OPERATOR ACCREDITATION AND DRIVER AUTHORISATION

Definition

5. In this part—

"authority" means operator accreditation or driver authorisation.

Granting operator accreditation or driver authorisation—Act, ss 17 and 29

6. The chief executive may grant an authority to a person if the person complies with the Act and this regulation and also the standards applying to the authority.

Term of operator accreditation or driver authorisation—Act, ss 17 and 29

- **7.(1)** An authority is for a term, stated in the authority, of not longer than 5 years.
- (2) However, an authority may be renewed for successive terms of not longer than 5 years.

Renewing driver authorisation—medical certificates

- **7A.(1)** This section applies if—
 - (a) a driver has been granted a driver authorisation; and
 - (b) the driver provided a certificate of the driver's medical fitness under section 8(2)(a) of the *Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Standard 1995* ("section 8(2)(a)") for the authorisation; and
 - (c) the driver applies to renew the authorisation for a term ending less than 5 years and 1 month from the making of the certificate; and
 - (d) the chief executive has no reason to believe that the driver's medical condition has changed under the approved standard for section 8(2)(a) since the making of the certificate.
- (2) For section 8(2)(a), the driver is taken to have provided a certificate for the driver's medical fitness if the driver gives a copy of the certificate to the chief executive.
 - (3) This section expires 1 year after it commences.

Provisional operator accreditation or driver authorisation—Act, ss 18 and 30

- **8.(1)** The chief executive may grant an authority to a person on a provisional basis—
 - (a) for any authority—if the person meets some but not all the standards applying to the authority; or
 - (b) for operator accreditation—while the person's criminal history is being checked.
- (2) A grant under subsection (1)(a) may be subject to a condition about the person meeting all the standards applying to the authority within a specified time.
- (3) Despite subsection (1), the chief executive may grant driver authorisation to a person on a provisional basis without a formal application being made to ensure a public passenger service can continue to be provided in an emergency.
- (4) A grant under subsection (3) is subject to the condition that the person will make a formal application for driver authorisation as soon as practicable after the grant.
- (5) Operator accreditation granted on a provisional basis may be refused, amended, suspended or cancelled on the same basis as operator accreditation.
- (6) Driver authorisation granted on a provisional basis may be refused, amended, suspended or cancelled on the same basis as driver authorisation.

Refusal of operator accreditation—Act, s 17

- **9.(1)** The chief executive may refuse to grant operator accreditation to a person, or to renew operator accreditation for a person, if—
 - (a) for an individual—the person has been convicted of a disqualifying offence or has been charged with a disqualifying offence and the charge has not been finally disposed of; or
 - (b) for a member of a partnership—the person, or another member of the partnership, has been convicted of a disqualifying offence or has been charged with a disqualifying offence and the charge

has not been finally disposed of; or

- (c) for a corporation—the person, or an executive officer of the person, has been convicted of a disqualifying offence or has been charged with a disqualifying offence and the charge has not been finally disposed of.
- (2) The chief executive may also refuse to grant operator accreditation to a person, or to renew operator accreditation for a person, if—
 - (a) the person does not comply with a standard applying to the operator accreditation; or
 - (b) an operator accreditation granted to the person has been cancelled or suspended; or
 - (c) the person has repeatedly engaged in conduct that, in the chief executive's opinion, is damaging to the reputation of public passenger transport.
- (3) Action under this section to refuse to grant or renew operator accreditation must be in accordance with section 59.1

Refusal of driver authorisation—Act, s 29

- **10.(1)** The chief executive may refuse to grant driver authorisation to a person, or to renew driver authorisation for a person, if the person has been convicted of a disqualifying offence or has been charged with a disqualifying offence and the charge has not been finally disposed of.
- (2) The chief executive may also refuse to grant driver authorisation to a person, or to renew driver authorisation for a person, if—
 - (a) the person does not comply with a standard applying to the driver authorisation; or
 - (b) a driver authorisation granted to the person has been cancelled or suspended; or
 - (c) the chief executive considers the person's driving history renders the person unsuitable to hold driver authorisation; or

Section 59 (Procedure to be followed—refusal to grant or renew)

- (d) the person has repeatedly engaged in conduct that, in the chief executive's opinion, is damaging to the reputation of public passenger transport.
- (3) Action under this section to refuse to grant or renew driver authorisation must be in accordance with section 59.2

Amendment, suspension and cancellation of authorities—Act, s 20

- **11.(1)** The chief executive may amend, suspend or cancel operator accreditation granted to a person if—
 - (a) for an individual—the person has been convicted of a disqualifying offence; or
 - (b) for a member of a partnership—the person or another member of the partnership has been convicted of a disqualifying offence; or
 - (c) for a corporation—the person, or an executive officer of the person, has been convicted of a disqualifying offence.
- (2) The chief executive may amend, suspend or cancel driver authorisation granted to a person if the person has been convicted of a disqualifying offence, or the chief executive considers it necessary because of the person's driving history.
- (3) The chief executive may amend, suspend or cancel an authority granted to a person, or refuse to renew an authority granted to a person, if—
 - (a) for an individual—the person does not comply with a standard applying to the authority or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest; or
 - (b) for a partnership—the person or another member of the partnership does not comply with a standard applying to the authority or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest; or

² Section 59 (Procedure to be followed—refusal to grant or renew)

- (c) for a corporation—the person, or an executive officer of the person, does not comply with a standard applying to the authority or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest; or
- (d) in any case—fees payable for the issue or renewal of the authority remain unpaid after the day payment is required to be made.
- (4) The chief executive may immediately suspend an authority granted to a person if—
 - (a) for an individual—the person is charged with a disqualifying offence or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest; or
 - (b) for a partnership—the person or another member of the partnership is charged with a disqualifying offence or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest; or
 - (c) for a corporation—the person, or an executive officer of the person, is charged with a disqualifying offence or the chief executive otherwise considers it necessary in the public interest.

(5) Action under this section—

- (a) to amend, suspend or cancel an authority must be in accordance with section 58:3 or
- (b) to refuse to renew an authority must be in accordance with section 59.4

Notifying disqualifying offences

12.(1) A notification under any of the following provisions of the Act must be made in writing and must state details of the charge (including the day when the charge will be heard)—

³ Section 58 (Procedure to be followed—amending, suspending or cancelling)

⁴ Section 59 (Procedure to be followed—refusal to grant or renew)

- section 19(1) (Applicant to notify charge for disqualifying offence etc.)
- section 21(1) (Accredited operator to notify charge for disqualifying offence etc.)
- section 22(1) and (3) (Member of partnership must inform another partner of charge for disqualifying offence etc.)
- section 31(1) (Applicant to notify charge for disqualifying offence etc.)
- section 33(1) (Authorised driver must notify charge for disqualifying offence etc.).
- (2) A notification under section 19(2), 21(2), 22(2) or (4), 31(2) or 33(2) of the Act must be in writing.

Notifying suspension or cancellation

13. A notification under section 345 or 356 of the Act must be in writing.

Return of evidence of operator accreditation or driver authorisation

14. If a person's operator accreditation or driver authorisation is cancelled, or suspended for longer than 1 week, the person must, as soon as practicable (but within 14 days), return the certificate evidencing the operator accreditation or driver authorisation to the chief executive, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not returning it.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Exemption from scope of operator accreditation and driver authorisation—Act, ss 13(2)(c) and 25(2)(c)

15. The following public passenger services are exempted from the

⁵ Section 34 of the Act (Authorised driver must notify suspension or cancellation of licence etc.)

⁶ Section 35 of the Act (Obligation to notify accredited operator of suspension or cancellation of licence etc.)

requirements for operator accreditation and driver authorisation—

- (a) ferry services;
- (b) community transport services provided for community support or home care using a vehicle with a gross vehicle mass limit of not more than 5 t.

Delegation of powers relating to operator accreditation and driver authorisation

16.(1) Section 16(2)⁷ of the Act applies to the delegation of powers under the Act, sections 17⁸ and 18⁹ to—

- (a) the Taxi Council of Queensland Inc.; or
- (b) the Bus and Coach Association of Queensland Inc.; or
- (c) the Bus Operators Association (Queensland) Inc.; or
- (d) the Limousine Association Queensland Inc.
- (2) Section $28(2)^{10}$ of the Act applies to the delegation of powers under sections 29^{11} and 30^{12} of the Act to—
 - (a) the Taxi Council of Queensland Inc.; or
 - (b) the Bus and Coach Association of Queensland Inc.; or
 - (c) the Bus Operators Association (Queensland) Inc.; or
 - (d) the Limousine Association Queensland Inc.; or
 - (e) the Brisbane City Council.
- (3) A person who is, or has been, involved in the administration of driver authorisation or operator accreditation under a delegation mentioned in this

Section 16 of the Act (Responsibility for system of operator accreditation)

⁸ Section 17 of the Act (Granting, renewing or refusing operator accreditation)

⁹ Section 18 of the Act (Provisional operator accreditation)

Section 28 of the Act (Responsibility for system of driver authorisation)

Section 29 of the Act (Granting, renewing or refusing driver authorisation)

Section 30 of the Act (Provisional driver authorisation)

section must not make a record of, or directly or indirectly disclose, information about an applicant including, for example, information about the applicant's criminal history and medical history.

(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to disclosing information to the chief executive, in a court or doing anything under the delegation.

PART 4—MARKET ENTRY RESTRICTIONS

Market entry restrictions—Act, s 36

17. For chapter 5¹³ of the Act, a public passenger service mentioned in schedule 1, column 1 is to be provided with market entry restrictions in the area or over the route listed opposite the service in column 2 if the chief executive declares as required under section 42 or 71 of the Act¹⁴ in relation to the service.

PART 5—SERVICE CONTRACTS

Scope of service contracts—Act, s 39

17A. A long distance scheduled passenger service is prescribed for section 39(e) of the Act.¹⁵

Matters to be considered—Act, s 59(2)(e)

18. In deciding between 2 or more offers for a service contract, the chief

¹³ Chapter 5 (Market entry restrictions)

Section 42 (Declaration that service contracts are required)
Section 71 (Taxi service areas)

¹⁵ Section 39 (Scope of service contracts)

executive must have regard to the extent to which the offers provide—

- (a) evidence that proposed minimum service levels will be achieved; and
- (b) evidence of financial viability; and
- (c) overall suitability of vehicles, having regard to vehicle age and accessibility; and
- (d) plans to increase patronage through marketing of services and public passenger transport.

Matters to be considered—Act, s 61(4)

18A.(1) This section applies if an arbitrator is deciding an amount of compensation under section 61(3) of the Act.¹⁶

- (2) The arbitrator must consider the following—
 - (a) the present value of the future maintainable profits or future cash flows of the services (the "services") of the kind provided for in the new service contract that were previously provided by an existing operator or operators who are a party or parties to the arbitration:
 - (b) the capitalisation of future maintainable profits or the discounting of future cash flows as the principal valuation methodology;
 - (c) the definition "future maintainable profits" in subsection (4) when selecting the appropriate capitalisation rate to apply to the future maintainable profits;
 - (d) the definition **"future cash flows"** in subsection (4) when selecting the appropriate discount rate to apply to the future cash flows;
 - (e) relevant risk factors including the life of the contract;
 - (f) the value of the services derived using implied revenue multiples or other customary industry benchmarks.

¹⁶ Section 61 (Compensation)

- (3) The arbitrator must not consider the following—
 - (a) capital gains tax;
 - (b) additional costs incurred by the existing operator or operators which are not related to the services acquired by the new operator, including for example costs of, or in relation to—
 - (i) advisers;
 - (ii) emotional distress;
 - (iii) loss of employment, life style or public standing;
 - (iv) mortgage or loan foreclosures;
 - (v) relocation;
 - (c) income and expenses from activities outside the scope of the new service contract such as tourist and charter bus services;
 - (d) economies of scale and operating efficiencies available to a new operator but not able to be achieved or accrued by the existing operator or operators.
- (4) In this section—
- **"future maintainable profits"** means earnings before financial leases, interest and tax determined on the basis of past profits adjusted for the following—
 - (a) abnormal or exceptional revenue or expense items;
 - (b) owners remuneration;
 - (c) variations in accounting standards application;
 - (d) future changes to revenues and costs resulting from announced changes to government policy including, for example, changes in policy about—
 - (i) school payment rates; and
 - (ii) subsidy arrangements; and
 - (iii) average vehicle age.
- **"future cash flows"** means future maintainable profits adjusted for depreciation and capital expenditure.

Service contracts required for administration of taxi services—Act, s 66

19. On and from a day to be fixed by the chief executive by gazette notice, the administration of taxi services in a taxi service area declared under chapter 5¹⁷ must be performed under a service contract.

PART 6—TAXI SERVICES AND LIMOUSINE SERVICES

Division 1—General

Safety requirements

20. The operator of a taxi or a limousine must ensure that the vehicle adequately provides for the safety and comfort of passengers.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Amendment of service licence conditions—Act, ss 75(1) and 88(1)

21. The chief executive may amend the conditions of a taxi service licence or a limousine service licence if the chief executive is satisfied the amendment will result in a higher quality of service or will better meet the needs of users.

Transfer, lease or surrender of taxi or limousine service licences—Act, ss 76 and 89

22.(1) The holder of a taxi service licence or limousine service licence may—

¹⁷ Chapter 5 of the Act (Market entry restrictions)

- (a) transfer or lease the licence to another person who is accredited to provide the service; or
- (b) enter into other operating arrangements about the licence with another person who is accredited to provide the service.
- (2) A person who transfers or leases a licence to someone else must notify the chief executive in writing of the transfer or lease as soon as practicable (but within 14 days) after the transfer or lease takes effect.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

- (3) The holder of a taxi service licence or limousine service licence may surrender the licence by written notice given to the chief executive.
- (4) A surrender takes effect from the day the notice is received or a later day stated in the notice.

Suspension and cancellation of taxi service licences and limousine service licences—Act, ss 79 and 91

- **23.(1)** The chief executive may suspend or cancel a person's taxi service licence or limousine service licence if—
 - (a) the person is convicted of a disqualifying offence; or
 - (b) the person contravenes a condition of the licence; or
 - (c) fees payable for the licence remain unpaid after the day payment is required to be made.
 - (2) Action under this section must be in accordance with section 58.18

Limitation on number of taxi service licences—Act, s 78

- **24.(1)** If there are more than 10 but not more than 20 taxi service licences for a taxi service area, a person must not hold more than 10 of the licences.
- (2) If there are more than 20 taxi service licences for a taxi service area, a person must not hold more than 50% of the licences.

Section 58 (Procedure to be followed—amending, suspending or cancelling)

- (3) For this section, a taxi service licence held by an associate of a person is taken to be held by the person.
 - (4) In this section—

"hold" includes lease.

Associates—Act, s 78

- **25.** For licences, a person is an associate of another if 1 or more of the following relationships exists between them—
 - (a) marriage or de facto relationship;
 - (b) the relationship of ascendant or descendant, or the relationship of persons who have a parent or grandparent in common;
 - (c) partnership;
 - (d) the relationship of employer and employee;
 - (e) a fiduciary relationship;
 - (f) the relationship of persons 1 of whom is accustomed or under an obligation (whether formal or informal) to act in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of the other;
 - (g) the relationship of corporation and director or executive officer of the corporation;
 - (h) the relationship of corporation and a person who is in a position of control or has substantial influence over the corporation's conduct.

Division 2—Taxis

Operations of taxis

- **26.(1)** The driver of a taxi available for hire must not refuse a hiring for a destination—
 - (a) in the taxi service area for which the taxi is licensed; or
 - (b) within 40 km of the pick up point.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

(2) Subsection (1) is subject to section 45.19

Fares and charges for taxis

- **27.(1)** The driver of a taxi to which the maximum fares under section 74A of the Act apply must not charge more than the maximum fare.
- (3) The driver of a taxi mentioned in a gazette notice under section 74A(2) of the Act must not demand more than the agreed amount.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

(4) The driver of a taxi must not drive the vehicle to the destination specified by the hirer in a way that involves excessive charging.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (5) The driver of a taxi may charge a person who soils the taxi an additional amount (not more than 1 penalty unit) for cleaning the taxi.
- (6) If the driver of a taxi is of the opinion that he or she will not be able to obtain the fare at the destination, the driver may, before starting the hiring, require the payment of the estimated fare or agreed amount for the hiring as a deposit.

Requirements for taximeters

28.(1) The operator of a taxi must have a taximeter fitted to the taxi unless the taxi service licence for the taxi exempts the operator from the requirement.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

(2) The operator of a taxi to which a taximeter is fitted must ensure that the taximeter records fares in a way that ensures the maximum fares specified in 'a gazette notice under section 74A(1) of the Act are not exceeded.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

¹⁹ Section 45 (Passengers causing nuisance etc.)

Operation of taximeter by taxi driver

- **29.(1)** The driver of a taxi that has a taximeter must only activate it—
 - (a) for a hail or rank hiring—when the hirer enters the taxi; or
 - (b) for a booking—when the hirer is notified of the taxi's arrival; or
 - (c) for a booking for a specific time—at that time or the time when the hirer enters the taxi, whichever is earlier.
- (2) The driver of a taxi must, during a hiring, stop the taximeter from registering a charge for any period during which the vehicle is unable to continue the hiring.
- (3) Before receiving payment or a voucher for a hiring, the driver of a taxi that has a taximeter must deactivate the taximeter on arrival at the destination.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

(4) This section does not apply to a hiring of a taxi stated in a gazette notice under section 74A(2) of the Act unless the agreed fare for the hiring is to be worked out by referring to the appropriate metered fare for the journey that would otherwise be payable by the hirer for the journey had the taxi not been booked and the fare agreed.

Examples—

A taxi operator and a hirer agree that the fare for a hiring is to be—

- the metered fare plus \$10; or
- the metered fare plus 50% of the metered fare.

Multiple hiring

- **30.(1)** The driver of a taxi may carry out at the same time 2 or more individual hirings if—
 - (a) all of the hirers agree to the driver of the taxi accepting the other hirings; and
 - (b) the hirers are travelling to—
 - (i) destinations in the same locality; or
 - (ii) destinations the furthest of which is in the general direction

of the nearest; and

- (c) the fare payable by each hirer is less than the maximum metered fare that would be payable by that hirer for a journey direct to that hirer's destination; and
- (d) each hirer is advised of the rate of discount applying or the applicable fare before the journey commences; and
- (e) the hirings are not provided to a timetable.
- (2) A driver of a taxi must not carry out at the same time 2 or more individual hirings otherwise than under subsection (1).

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—10 penalty units.

Age of taxis

- **31.(1)** The operator of a taxi to which section 68A²⁰ applies must ensure the taxi is not older than the taxi's maximum age limit specified in section 68A(2) or (4).
- (2) The operator of a taxi to which section 68A does not apply must ensure the taxi is not older than the taxi's maximum age limit specified in schedule 4.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Appearance of licensed taxi

32. A person must not place, or cause or permit to be placed, any printing or sign on a vehicle that implies the vehicle is a licensed taxi unless it is a vehicle for which a taxi service licence is in force.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

Taxi subsidy scheme—Act, s 80

33.(1) This section applies to a person who, in the chief executive's

²⁰ Section 68A extends the maximum age limit for some taxis that were specified for a licence to hire in force on 6 November 1994.

opinion (based on medical advice)—

- (a) is permanently unable to walk; or
- (b) is permanently dependent on a wheel chair; or
- (c) has severe and permanent problems in walking that require—
 - (i) the permanent use of large and complex walking aids; or
 - (ii) constant assistance from someone else for mobility; or
- (d) has a total loss of vision or severe permanent vision impairment; or
- (e) has severe and uncontrollable epilepsy; or
- (f) has an intellectual disability causing behavioural problems—
 - (i) resulting in socially unacceptable behaviour; and
 - (ii) requiring the constant assistance of someone else for travel on public transport; or
- (g) has a disability of a type mentioned in this subsection of a temporary nature, and is undergoing medical or rehabilitative treatment for the disability, requiring the person to have access to taxi travel for a period of at least 5 months.
- (2) A person who has been convicted of an offence against section 149(3)²¹ of the Act in relation to the taxi subsidy scheme may be excluded from the scheme by the chief executive.
- (3) The chief executive is to administer a scheme under which 50% of the cost of taxi travel specified in the scheme by a person to whom this section applies is funded by the State.

Division 3—Limousines

Luxury motor vehicles—Act, sch 3, def "luxury motor vehicle"

34. A luxury motor vehicle is a motor vehicle (other than a taxi)—

²¹ Section 149 of the Act (Offences of dishonesty)

- (a) of a type mentioned in schedule 3, that is not older than the vehicle's maximum age limit specified in schedule 3; or
- (b) that is a luxury vehicle under section 68(2) or (4);²² or
- (c) at least 40 years old that is registered and safe.

Issue of limousine service licences

35. The chief executive is to decide the price at which limousine service licences are to be issued.

Limousine hiring

36.(1) A person must not ply or stand a limousine for hire at a place other than the limousine owner's premises unless the place is approved in writing by the chief executive.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (2) The driver of a limousine must not hire the vehicle unless either—
 - (a) an earlier booking has been made for the vehicle and the amount that will be charged for the hiring is agreed with the prospective hirer before the vehicle is hired; or
 - (b) the vehicle is hired at a place approved in writing by the chief executive under subsection (1) as a place where the vehicle may stand for hire to set destinations for set fares.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (3) The driver of a limousine who is at a place mentioned in subsection (2)(b) must not—
 - (a) provide or offer to provide a service to a destination that is not displayed on a notice approved by the chief executive at the place; or

²² Section 68(2) and (4) apply to some vehicles specified for a licence to hire that was in force on 6 November 1994.

(b) charge a fare for a service to a destination displayed on the notice that is different to the fare for that destination displayed on the notice.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

(4) The driver of a limousine must not demand a fare that is more than the agreed amount or set fare.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

(5) If the driver of a limousine is of the opinion that he or she will not be able to obtain the fare at the destination, the driver may, before starting the hiring, require the payment of the agreed amount or set fare for the hiring as a deposit.

PART 7—OBLIGATIONS OF OPERATORS

Equipment for vehicles

37. The operator of a public passenger vehicle must ensure that the vehicle complies with schedule 5.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Advertisements etc.

- **38.** The operator of a public passenger vehicle must ensure that the vehicle is not driven on a road if an advertisement or other marking is displayed on the vehicle—
 - (a) that causes danger to a person; or
 - (b) that conceals or obliterates a sign, writing or number required by or under an Act to be placed on the vehicle or that makes the sign, writing or number difficult to read.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Display of evidence of operator accreditation etc.

39. The operator of a public passenger service for which operator accreditation is required must display on each vehicle used to provide the service, in a way approved by the chief executive, evidence of the person's accreditation.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

Obligation to present vehicles for inspection

- **40.(1)** The chief executive may direct the operator of a public passenger vehicle to take the vehicle to a specified place within a reasonable distance for inspection and testing.
- (2) A person must comply with the direction as soon as practicable (but within 7 days) after the direction is given.

Maximum penalty for subsection (2)—20 penalty units.

Requirement for authority to enter

- **41.** The operator of a public passenger service must not allow the service to be provided to any of the following places unless the operator has the authority of the person who owns or operates the place—
 - (a) a place on private property;
 - (b) an airport;
 - (c) a protected area under the Nature Conservation Act 1992;
 - (d) a State forest;
 - (e) a place controlled by Aborigines or Torres Strait Islanders.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

PART 8—RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF PASSENGERS AND DRIVERS

Smoking

42. A person must not smoke in a public passenger vehicle.

Maximum penalty—2 penalty units.

Consumption of food and beverages on public passenger vehicles

43. A person must not consume food or beverages in a public passenger vehicle without the permission of the operator or driver.

Maximum penalty—2 penalty units.

Carrying animals

- **44.**(1) The driver of a public passenger vehicle may refuse to carry an animal.
 - (2) However, subsection (1) does not apply to an animal—
 - (a) accompanying a person who has a disability; and
 - (b) that is specifically trained to give assistance to the person in relation to the disability.

Passengers causing nuisance etc.

- **45.(1)** If the driver of a public passenger vehicle or an authorised person believes, on reasonable grounds that, a person who is on, or about to enter, a public passenger vehicle is causing, or is likely to cause—
 - (a) a nuisance or annoyance to the driver or passengers on the vehicle; or
 - (b) danger to themself or others;

the driver or authorised person may direct the person to leave, or not to enter, the public passenger vehicle.

(2) A person must not contravene the direction, unless the person has a reasonable excuse.

Maximum penalty—2 penalty units.

- (3) A person who contravenes, without reasonable excuse, a direction under this section to leave a public passenger vehicle may be removed from the public passenger vehicle by a police officer.
 - (4) A direction cannot be given under this section if—
 - (a) complying with the direction could endanger the safety of a person; or
 - (b) for school children—alternative procedures approved by the chief executive of the department in which the *Education (General Provisions) Act* 1989 is administered exist for the effective disciplining of the children.

Fares and charges

46.(1) A passenger in a public passenger vehicle who has not paid the required fare must pay it on demand by the driver of the vehicle.

Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.

(2) In this section—

"fare" for a public passenger vehicle that is a taxi, includes a cleaning charge under section 27(5).

Identification of drivers

- **47.(1)** A person must not drive a public passenger vehicle for which driver authorisation is required unless the person—
 - (a) carries evidence of his or her driver authorisation; and
 - (b) displays it to passengers.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a driver unless the chief executive has notified the driver that the subsection applies.

(3) Subsection (2) and this subsection expire 3 years after the commencement.

Dress of drivers

48. The driver of a public passenger vehicle must be neatly dressed.

Maximum penalty—2 penalty units.

Help to passengers

49. If a passenger or intending passenger on a public passenger vehicle asks for reasonable help to board or leave the vehicle, or with luggage, the driver of the vehicle must, if reasonable, give the help.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

Drivers of motorcycles

50. The driver of a motorcycle or motor tricycle that is used to provide a public passenger service must ensure each passenger who uses the service is in appropriate condition to ride as a passenger so that the safety of the driver or passengers is not unreasonably put at risk.

Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.

PART 9—REVIEW PANELS AND REVIEW OF DECISIONS

Procedure of review panels—Act, s 106

- **51.(1)** The departmental representative on a review panel is to preside at meetings of the panel.
- (2) However, if there is more than 1 departmental representative, the departmental representative nominated by the chief executive is to preside at meetings of the panel.

- (3) If the presiding member is not present, the member chosen by the presiding member presides.
- (4) A review panel must consider and make a recommendation on an application referred to it by the chief executive as soon as practicable after the referral.
- (5) Each member of a review panel may vote on a proposed recommendation, but the presiding member has a casting vote.
- **(6)** A recommendation of a review panel must be in writing and must state the reasons for the recommendation.
- (7) Any other procedure to be followed by a review panel is to be as decided by the panel.
- (8) Subject to section 106²³ of the Act, the chief executive may give directions about the constitution of a review panel for a particular review.

Conditions of appointment

52. A member of a review panel holds office on the terms decided by the chief executive.

Member of review panel unable to finish review

53.(1) If—

- (a) a review panel has started a review; and
- (b) 1 of the members of the panel has ceased to be a member or ceased to be available for the review;

the review may be finished by the remaining members or, if the chief executive directs, the review panel is to be reconstituted in accordance with the direction.

(2) A reconstituted panel may have regard to any record of proceedings of the panel as previously constituted.

²³ Section 106 of the Act (Review panels)

Representation before review panel

54. A person appearing before a review panel is entitled to be represented by someone else.

Review of other decisions

- **55.(1)** A person whose interests are affected by a decision specified in schedule 6 may apply, under chapter 10²⁴ of the Act, for a review of the decision as if the decision were specified in schedule 2 of the Act.
- (2) A person who may seek a review of a decision is entitled to receive a statement of reasons for the decision.
- (3) An appeal may be made against a decision on reconsideration to the court specified in schedule 6 opposite to the reference to the decision that was reviewed.
 - (4) Chapter 10 of the Act applies to a review under this section.

PART 10—GENERAL

Services excluded from passenger services—Act, sch 3, def "public passenger service"

- **56.** The following services are excluded from the Act—
 - (a) a military service;
 - (b) an ambulance service;
 - (c) a police service;
 - (d) a fire service;
 - (e) a service provided with a human or animal powered vehicle;

²⁴ Chapter 10 of the Act (Review of and appeals against decisions)

- (f) a service provided for amusement other than on a road;
- (g) car pooling arrangements.

Public passenger vehicles—Act, sch 3, def "public passenger vehicle"

57. A vehicle mentioned in schedule 7, column 2 is a public passenger vehicle if it is used to provide the service mentioned in column 1.

Procedure to be followed—amending, suspending or cancelling

- **58.(1)** This section applies if the chief executive considers that grounds exist—
 - (a) to amend, suspend or cancel operator accreditation or driver authorisation; or
 - (b) to amend the conditions of a taxi service licence or a limousine service licence; or
 - (c) to suspend or cancel a taxi service licence or limousine service licence (the "proposed action").
- (2) Before taking the proposed action, the chief executive must give the holder of the accreditation, authorisation or licence (the "authority"), a written notice—
 - (a) stating the proposed action; and
 - (b) stating the grounds for the proposed action; and
 - (c) outlining the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the grounds; and
 - (d) if the proposed action is amendment of the authority—stating the proposed amendment; and
 - (e) if the proposed action is suspension of the authority—stating the proposed suspension period; and
 - (f) inviting the holder to show, within a stated time of at least 28 days, why the proposed action should not be taken.
- (3) If, after considering all written representations made within the stated time, the chief executive still considers grounds to take the proposed action

exist, the chief executive may—

- (a) if the proposed action was to amend the authority—amend the authority in the way stated in the notice or in another way having regard to the representations; or
- (b) if the proposed action was to suspend the authority—suspend the authority for no longer than the period stated in the notice; or
- (c) if the proposed action was to cancel the authority—cancel the authority or suspend it for a period.
- (4) The chief executive must inform the holder of the decision by written notice.
- (5) If the chief executive decides to amend, suspend or cancel the authority, the notice must state—
 - (a) the reasons for the decision; and
 - (b) that the holder may apply within 28 days for review of the decision; and
 - (c) how the holder may apply for review of the decision.
- (6) Despite subsection (1), if the chief executive considers it necessary in the public interest, the chief executive may by notice under the subsection immediately suspend the authority until—
 - (a) the chief executive gives the holder notice of the chief executive's decision; or
 - (b) 56 days after the notice under subsection (1) is given to the holder.
- (7) A notice given under subsection (1) because of subsection (6) must state—
 - (a) that the holder may apply within 28 days for review of the decision to immediately suspend the authority; and
 - (b) how the holder may apply for review of the decision.
- **(8)** Subsections (1) to (7) do not apply if the chief executive proposes to amend the authority only—
 - (a) for a formal or clerical reason; or

- (b) in another way that does not adversely affect the holder's interests; or
- (c) if the holder asks.
- (9) The chief executive may make amendments of a type mentioned in subsection (8) by written notice given to the holder.

Procedure to be followed—refusal to grant or renew

- **59.(1)** The chief executive may refuse to grant or renew operator accreditation or driver authorisation for a person by written notice given to the person.
 - (2) The notice must state—
 - (a) the reasons for the decision; and
 - (b) that the holder may apply within 28 days for review of the decision; and
 - (c) how the holder may apply for review of the decision.

Notifying operators

60. If—

- (a) a person operates a vehicle for an accredited operator; and
- (b) the chief executive suspends or cancels the person's driver authorisation;

the chief executive may advise the operator of the action.

Disqualifying offences—Act, sch 3, def "disqualifying offence", para (d)

- **61.** The following offences are also disqualifying offences—
 - (a) an offence against the Act;
 - (b) an offence against this regulation for which the maximum penalty is at least 20 penalty units.

Transport arrangements for pupils

62. A child of a parent or guardian who has been convicted of an offence against section 149(3)²⁵ of the Act, in relation to transport arrangements made under section 144²⁶ of the Act, may be excluded from free travel under the arrangements.

Local conveyance committees

- **63.(1)** The chief executive may refuse to award a government funded service contract for transporting eligible school children unless—
 - (a) parents and guardians of the eligible school children who will use the service to be provided under the contract have established a local conveyance committee; and
 - (b) the chief executive is satisfied that the committee is established, and is operating in accordance with, local conveyance committee guidelines approved by the chief executive.
- (2) In awarding government funded service contracts for transporting eligible school children, the chief executive must ensure that the views of any relevant local conveyance committee are taken into account.
 - (3) Local conveyance committees will have an ongoing role in—
 - (a) monitoring the performance of the holders of government funded service contracts; and
 - (b) assisting the holders of government funded service contracts in the development of timetabling and route design; and
 - (c) assisting school principals and the holders of government funded service contracts in maintaining discipline of school children.

Touting etc.

64.(1) A person must not solicit or tout for passengers for a public passenger vehicle or for a hiring of a public passenger vehicle.

²⁵ Section 149 of the Act (Offences of dishonesty)

²⁶ Section 144 of the Act (Transport arrangements for pupils)

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

(2) Attempting to arrange a multiple hiring for a taxi at a taxi rank under section $30(1)^{27}$ is not soliciting or touting for passengers or a hiring.

Records to be maintained

- **65.** If a standard requires a person to maintain records, the person must—
 - (a) maintain the records for at least 5 years; and
 - (b) produce the records if asked by the chief executive or an authorised person.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

Change of name and address

- **66.(1)** This section applies to the holder of operator accreditation, driver authorisation, a service contract, a taxi service licence or a limousine service licence.
- (2) If the holder's name or address changes, the holder must notify the chief executive in writing of the new name or address within 10 business days after the change.

Maximum penalty—2 penalty units.

Fees and charges

- **67.(1)** The fees specified in schedule 8 are payable for the issue or renewal of authorities mentioned in the schedule for each year for which the authority is in force.
 - (2) The fees may be paid—
 - (a) in a lump sum before the authorities are issued or renewed; or
 - (b) by arrangement with the chief executive—yearly or in some other

²⁷ Section 30 (Multiple hiring)

way approved by the chief executive.

(3) The chief executive may waive the payment of a fee for any person.

Transitional—certain vehicles specified for a licence to hire are luxury motor vehicles

- **68.(1)** Subsection (2) applies to a vehicle if—
 - (a) on 6 November 1994, the vehicle's registered owner held, or leased, a licence to hire-private hire car, specifying the vehicle for the licence; and
 - (b) the vehicle is of any type, other than a type mentioned in schedule 3, group A, B or D; and
 - (c) the date of the vehicle's manufacture is after 7 November 1987.
- (2) The vehicle is a luxury motor vehicle until 7 years after the date of the vehicle's manufacture.
 - (3) Subsection (4) applies to a vehicle if—
 - (a) on 6 November 1994, the vehicle's registered owner held or leased a licence to hire-private hire car specifying the vehicle for the licence; and
 - (b) the date of the vehicle's manufacture is after 7 November 1954 but before 7 November 1964.
- **(4)** The vehicle is a luxury motor vehicle until 40 years after the date of the vehicle's manufacture.
 - (5) Subsections (2) and (4) cease to apply——
 - (a) if the vehicle's registered owner held the licence to hire on 6 November 1994—if the licence to hire, or a corresponding limousine service licence, specifying the vehicle for the licence, is transferred; or
 - (b) if the vehicle's registered owner was the lessee of the licence to hire on 6 November 1994—if the lessee ceases (other than on expiry of a licence) to be the lessee of the licence to hire, or a corresponding limousine service licence, specifying the vehicle for the licence.

Transitional—maximum age limits extended for certain vehicles specified for a licence to hire

68A.(1) Subsection (2) applies to a vehicle if—

- (a) on 6 November 1994, the vehicle's registered owner held, or leased, a licence to hire-taximeter cab specifying the vehicle for the licence; and
- (b) the vehicle is of a type not mentioned in schedule 3, group C; and
- (c) the licence does not require a wheelchair accessible vehicle.
- (2) The vehicle's maximum age limit is extended to the end of the first month in which, after 6 years from the vehicle's date of manufacture, the licence to hire expires or there falls an anniversary of the expiry of the licence to hire.
 - (3) Subsection (4) applies to a vehicle if—
 - (a) on 6 November 1994, the vehicle's registered owner held, or leased, a licence to hire-taximeter cab specifying the vehicle for the licence; and
 - (b) the vehicle's type is mentioned in schedule 3, group C or the licence requires a wheelchair accessible vehicle.
- (4) The vehicle's maximum age limit is extended to the end of the first month in which, after 8 years from the vehicle's date of manufacture, the licence to hire expires or there falls an anniversary of the expiry of the licence to hire.
 - (5) Subsections (2) and (4) cease to apply—
 - (a) if the vehicle's registered owner held the licence to hire on 6 November 1994—if the licence to hire, or a corresponding taxi service licence, specifying the vehicle for the licence, is transferred: or
 - (b) if the vehicle's registered owner was the lessee of the licence to hire on 6 November 1994—the lessee ceases (other than on expiry of a licence) to be the lessee of the licence to hire, or a corresponding taxi service licence, specifying the vehicle for the licence.

SCHEDULE 1

MARKET ENTRY RESTRICTIONS

Column 1

section 17

/Charleville

Column 2

Public passenger service Area or route 1. Commercial scheduled 1. Cities and towns having a population more than 7 500. services Routes for distances not more than 40 km between cities or towns each having a population more than 7 500. 3. Routes for distances not more than 40 km between a village and a city or town if the village has a population more than 500 and the city or town has a population more than 7 500. 2. School services Routes serving schools. 3. Taxi services Queensland. 4. Air services /St. Toowoomba George /Thargomindah /Cunnamulla /Cunnamulla /St. George /Toowoomba. 2. Brisbane /Roma /Charleville /Quilpie /Windorah /Birdsville /Bedourie /Birdsville /Boulia /Bedourie

/Windorah

/Roma /Brisbane.

3. Boulia / Mount Isa / Boulia.

/Quilpie

SCHEDULE 1 (continued)

- 4. Brisbane /Roma /Charleville /Longreach /Charleville /Roma /Brisbane.
- 5. Brisbane /Roma /Longreach /Roma /Brisbane.
- 6. Brisbane /Blackall /Longreach /Blackall /Brisbane.
- 7. Brisbane /Barcaldine /Longreach /Barcaldine /Brisbane.
- 8. Townsville /Hughenden /Winton /Longreach /Winton /Hughenden /Townsville.
- 9. Townsville /Hughenden /Richmond /Julia Creek /Cloncurry / Julia Creek /Richmond /Hughenden /Townsville.
- 10. Cloncurry / Mount Isa / Cloncurry.
- 11. Cairns / Weipa / Cairns.
- 12. Cairns/ Horn Island/ Cairns.

SCHEDULE 3

LUXURY MOTOR VEHICLES AND TAXIS

sections 27(2), 34 and 68

Make of vehicle

Maximum age limit for luxury motor vehicles

Group A

Bentley

25 years

- Rolls Royce
- Other vehicles approved by the chief executive

Group B

BMW 7 Series

15 years

- Cadillac
- Daimler
- Jaguar
- Mercedes Benz
- Toyota Lexus LS 400
- Other vehicles approved by the chief executive

Group C

• Ford Fairlane/LTD

6 years

- Holden Statesman/Caprice
- Volvo 960
- Other vehicles approved by the chief executive

SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

Group D

A stretched version of any of the sedans in this schedule

3 years more than would otherwise apply (if approved by the chief executive)

SCHEDULE 4

AGE LIMITS FOR TAXIS

section 31

Type of licence	Maximum age limit
Taxi service licence (other than for an exempted taxi)	6 years from the date of manufacture
Taxi service licence (for a type of vehicle mentioned in schedule 3)	6 years from the date of manufacture
Taxi service licence (wheelchair accessible)	8 years from the date of manufacture
Taxi service licence for an exempted taxi	age limit stated in the licence

SCHEDULE 5

EQUIPMENT FOR VEHICLES

section 37

Off-road passenger vehicles

- **1.(1)** Off-road passenger vehicles operating tourist services must be fitted with—
 - (a) an approved fire extinguisher; and
 - (b) a device to prevent a damaged tailshaft from striking the ground.
- (2) If a tourist service is of more than 1 days duration, the following equipment must also be fitted to the vehicle and in working order—
 - winch
 - first aid kit
 - Royal Flying Doctor radio.

Taxis

2.(1) Taxis must—

- (a) be constructed, or have a safety partition or some other equipment fitted, to prevent luggage or other goods being carried in the luggage compartment of the vehicle from entering the passenger compartment; or
- (b) if luggage is carried in the passenger compartment—be constructed or have equipment fitted to secure the luggage.
- (2) Taxis must also be constructed so that the passengers have control over the opening and shutting of the doors of the vehicle independently of the driver.

SCHEDULE 5 (continued)

- (3) Taxis (other than exempted taxis or taxis operating as taxis mentioned in section 27(2)) must be fitted with—
 - a green distress light
 - a hail light
 - a child restraint anchorage bolt.

SCHEDULE 6

APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS

section 55

Section	Description of decision	Court
33(2)	Exclusion from taxi subsidy scheme	Magistrates
36(1)	Refusal to approve a place where a limousine may ply or stand for hire	Magistrates
36(3)(a)	Refusal to approve a notice about the hiring of a limousine	Magistrates
62	Exclusion from free travel	Magistrates
sch 3	Refusal to approve a vehicle as a luxury motor vehicle or a luxury taxi	Magistrates
	Refusal to approve an age extension for a stretched version of a sedan	Magistrates
sch 4	Maximum age limit stated in taxi service licence for an exempted taxi	Magistrates

SCHEDULE 7

VEHICLE TYPES

section 57

Column 1	Column 2		
Service category	Vehicle type		
Scheduled passenger service	forward-control passenger vehicle, off-road passenger vehicle, light bus or heavy bus		
	passenger car for which a taxi service licence or limousine service licence is in force		
Long distance scheduled passenger service	forward-control passenger vehicle, off-road passenger vehicle, light bus or a heavy bus		
Charter bus service	light bus or heavy bus		
Community transport service	motor vehicle		
Courtesy transport service	motor vehicle		
Taxi service	passenger car, forward-control passenger vehicle or an off-road passenger vehicle		
	light bus having up to 12 seating positions, including the driver's position		
Tourist service	off-road passenger vehicle, light bus, heavy bus, motor cycle, motor cycle and sidecar, motor tricycle or forward-control passenger vehicle		

SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

passenger car or forward-control passenger vehicle for which a taxi service licence or luxury limousine service licence is in force

Limousine service

passenger car.

Vehicle type definitions

In this schedule—

- "forward-control passenger vehicle" means a passenger vehicle, other than an off-road passenger vehicle, having up to 9 seating positions, including the driver's position, and in which the centre of the steering wheel is in the forward quarter of the vehicle's total length.
- "heavy bus" means a bus with a gross vehicle mass of more than 5 t.
- "light bus" means a bus with a gross vehicle mass of not more than 5 t.
- "motor cycle" means a 2 wheeled motor vehicle with either—
 - (a) an engine cylinder capacity of more than 50 ml; or
 - (b) a maximum speed of more than 50 km/h.
- **"motor cycle and sidecar"** means a motor vehicle with 3 wheels asymmetrically in relation to the longitudinal median axis and with either—
 - (a) an engine cylinder capacity of more than 50 ml; or
 - (b) a maximum speed of more than 50 km/h.
- **"motor tricycle"** means a motor vehicle with 3 wheels symmetrically arranged in relation to the longitudinal median axis with—
 - (a) a gross vehicle mass of not more than 1 t; and
 - (b) either—
 - (i) an engine cylinder capacity of more than 50 ml; or
 - (ii) a maximum speed of more than 50 km/h.

SCHEDULE 7 (continued)

- "motor vehicle" has the meaning given by the *Traffic Act 1949*, section 9.
- **"off-road passenger vehicle"** means a passenger vehicle that has up to 9 seating positions, including the driver's position, designed with special features for off-road operation as defined by the Australian Design Rules.
- **"passenger car"** means a passenger vehicle, other than an off-road passenger vehicle or a forward-control passenger vehicle, having up to 9 seating positions, including the driver's position.
- **"passenger vehicle"** means a motor vehicle constructed primarily for the carriage of persons and having at least 4 wheels.

SCHEDULE 8

ANNUAL FEES

		section 67	
		\$	
1.	Service contract—		
	(a) commercial—	102.00	
	(i) 1–10 vehicles	102.00	
	(ii) 11–20 vehicles	254.00	
	(iii) 21–50 vehicles	508.00	
	(iv) more than 50 vehicles	1 016.00	
	(b) taxi administration—	102.00	
	(i) 1–50 vehicles	102.00	
	(ii) 51–100 vehicles	254.00	
	(iii) 101–200 vehicles	508.00	
2	(iv) more than 200 vehicles	1 016.00	
2.	Service licence—	102.00	
	(a) taxi	102.00	
	(b) exempted taxi	51.00	
2	(c) limousine	102.00	
3.	Operator accreditation—	102.00	
	(a) scheduled passenger		
	(b) long distance—	202.00	
	(i) 1–10 vehicles	203.00	
	(ii) 11 or more vehicles	1 016.00	
	(c) tourist—	203.00	
	(i) 1–10 vehicles	1 016.00	
	(ii) 11 or more vehicles	1 016.00	
	(d) charter—	202.00	
	(i) 1–10 buses	203.00 1 016.00	
	(ii) 11 or more buses	1016.00	
	(e) community		
	(f) courtesy	102.00	

SCHEDULE 8 (continued)

	(g) taxi	102.00
	(h) exempted taxi	51.00
	(i) limousine	102.00
4.	Driver authorisation—	
	(a) taxi	43.00
	(b) limousine	43.00

ENDNOTES

1 Index to endnotes

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2 Date to which amendments incorporated

This is the reprint date mentioned in the Reprints Act 1992, section 5(c). Accordingly, this reprint includes all amendments that commenced operation on or before 4 July 1997. Future amendments of the Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Regulation 1994 may be made in accordance with this reprint under the Reprints Act 1992, section 49.

3 Key

Key to abbreviations in list of legislation and annotations

AIA	=	Acts Interpretation Act 1954	(prev)	=	previously
amd	=	amended	proc	=	proclamation
ch	=	chapter	prov	=	provision
def	=	definition	pt	=	part
div	=	division	pubd	=	published
exp	=	expires/expired	R[X]	=	Reprint No.[X]
gaz	=	gazette	RA	=	Reprints Act 1992
hdg	=	heading	reloc	=	relocated
ins	=	inserted	renum	=	renumbered
lap	=	lapsed	rep	=	repealed
notfd	=	notified	S	=	section
om	=	omitted	sch	=	schedule
o in c	=	order in council	sdiv	=	subdivision
p	=	page	SIA	=	Statutory Instruments Act 1992
para	=	paragraph	\mathbf{SL}	=	subordinate legislation
prec	=	preceding	sub	=	substituted
pres	=	present	unnum	=	unnumbered
prev	=	previous			

4 Table of earlier reprints

TABLE OF EARLIER REPRINTS

[If a reprint number includes an arabic letter, the reprint was released in unauthorised, electronic form only.]

Reprint No.	Amendments included	Reprint date
1	none	18 November 1994
2	to SL No. 134 of 1994	1 June 1995
3	to SL No. 400 of 1995	1 February 1996
3A	to SL No. 66 of 1996	24 June 1996
3B	to SL No. 343 of 1996	13 December 1996

5 Tables in earlier reprints

TABLES IN EARLIER REPRINTS

Name of table	Reprint No.
Corrected minor errors	1

6 List of legislation

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Regulation 1994 SL No. 379

notfd gaz 28 October 1994 pp 813-15

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 7 November 1994 (see s 2, 1994 SL No. 378)

as amended by-

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 1995 SL No. 134

notfd gaz 19 May 1995 pp 809-11

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

s 8 commenced 7 November 1994 (see s 2)

remaining provisions commenced 21 May 1995 (see s 2)

Department of Transport (Variation of Fees) Regulation 1995 SL No. 168 ss 1–2, 3(p) sch 16

notfd gaz 9 June 1995 pp 1165-71

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 1 July 1995 (see s 2)

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1995 SL No. 367

notfd gaz 15 December 1995 pp 1560–5

ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 18 December 1995 (see s 2)

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 3) 1995 SL No. 400

notfd gaz 22 December 1995 pp 1672-6

commenced on date of notification

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 1996 SL No. 66

notfd gaz 12 April 1996 pp 1595-6

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 15 April 1996 (see s 2)

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 2) 1996 SL No. 300

notfd gaz 25 October 1996 pp 764–7

commenced on date of notification

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 3) 1996 SL No. 343

notfd gaz 22 November 1996 pp 1155-7

ss 1-2 commenced on date of notification

remaining provisions commenced 24 November 1996 (see s 2)

Transport Operations (Passenger Transport) Amendment Regulation (No. 1) 1997 SL No. 98

notfd gaz 24 April 1997 pp 1696–7 commenced on date of notification

Department of Transport (Variation of Fees) Regulation (No. 1) 1997 SL No. 120 ss 1–2, 3(j) sch 10

notfd gaz 16 May 1997 pp 242–4 ss 1–2 commenced on date of notification remaining provisions commenced 1 July 1997 (see s 2)

7 List of annotations

Commencement

s 2 om R3 (see RA s 37)

Definitions

s 3 def "commercial scheduled service" ins 1997 SL No. 98 s 3 def "high occupancy taxi" ins 1995 SL No. 367 s 4 om 1996 SL No. 343 s 4

Renewing driver authorisation—medical certificates

s 7A ins 1997 SL No. 98 s 4 exp 24 April 1998 (see s 7A(3))

Market entry restrictions—Act, s 36

s 17 sub 1997 SL No. 98 s 5

Scope of service contracts—Act, s 39

s 17A ins 1997 SL No. 98 s 6

Matters to be considered—Act, s 61(4)

s 18A ins 1997 SL No. 98 s 7

Fares and charges for taxis

prov hdg sub 1996 SL No. 343 s 5(1)

s 27 amd 1995 SL No. 367 s 5; 1996 SL No. 300 s 5(2)–(4)

Requirements for taximeters

s 28 amd 1996 SL No. 343 s 6

Operation of taximeter by taxi driver

s 29 amd 1996 SL No. 343 s 7

Age of taxis

s 31 sub 1995 SL No. 134 s 4

Luxury motor vehicles—Act, sch 3, def "luxury motor vehicle"

s 34 sub 1995 SL No. 134 s 5

Fares and charges

prov hdg sub 1996 SL No. 343 s 8(1) **s 46** amd 1996 SL No. 343 s 8(2)

Identification of drivers

s 47 amd 1996 SL No. 300 s 3 (2)–(3) exp 7 November 1997 (see s 47(3))

Drivers of motorcycles

s **50** sub 1995 SL No. 134 s 6

Transitional—certain vehicles specified for a licence to hire are luxury motor vehicles

s 68 sub 1995 SL No. 134 s 7

Transitional—maximum age limits extended for certain vehicles specified for a licence to hire

s 68A ins 1995 SL No. 134 s 8

Amendment of State Transport Regulation 1987

s 69 om R1 (see RA s 40)

Amendment of Transport Infrastructure (Roads) Regulation 1991

s 70 om R1 (see RA s 40)

SCHEDULE 1—MARKET ENTRY RESTRICTIONS

amd 1996 SL No. 66 s 4; 1996 SL No. 300 s 4 sub 1997 SL No. 98 s 8

SCHEDULE 2—MAXIMUM FARES FOR TAXIS

sub 1995 SL No. 134 s 9; 1995 SL No. 400 s 3 om 1996 SL No. 343 s 9

SCHEDULE 8—ANNUAL FEES

sub 1995 SL No. 168 s 3(p) sch 16 amd 1996 SL No. 300 s 5 sub 1997 SL No. 120 s 3(j) sch 10

SCHEDULE 9—AMENDMENT OF STATE TRANSPORT REGULATION 1987

om R1 (see RA s 40)

SCHEDULE 10—AMENDMENT OF TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (ROADS) REGULATION 1991

om R1 (see RA s 40)

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